Today's Weather Colder

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

VOL. 120. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 129. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 4, 1905.—FOURTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

NEWS SUMMARY

FOREIGN.

Many persons are shot down during street riots in Russia.—Page 1.

The United States embassy at St. Petersburg will be guarded by Americans.—Page 2.

DOMESTIC.

Many eastern men have been defrauded by forged land certificates in Oregon.—Page 1.

Far eastern and Mexican contracts secured by Pittsburgh firms.—Page 7.

Congress will immediately take up a bill for the Panama canal emergency appropriation.—Page 2.

Senator Foraker will introduce his railroad rate bill in the senate this week.—Page 5.

Civil service commission in its annual report stated great defect is the lack of opportunity for ambitious young men in federal service.—Page 6.

Report of internal revenue bureau showed a big increase in home revenues.—Page 6.

PENNSYLVANIA.

State highway commissioner prepared to furnish licenses for motor vehicles under new law, which goes into effect January 1.—Page 8.

Students returned to State college and strike which resulted from differences with the faculty may be ended today.—Page 2.

Seven firemen routed by fire which badly damages the engine house.—Page 1.

Grapeville vinegar plant, owned by Pittsburghers, and two other buildings were destroyed by fire.—Page 1.

Roy C. McCurdy committed suicide in street after he had wounded Mrs. Mary Chard in the neck.—Page 2.

LOCAL.

Samuel Harden Church proposed establishment of an international police to patrol nations, at mass meeting of sympathizers with Russian sufferers.—Page 1.

Pittsburgh inundated by a 24-foot flood, causing damage to the residences in the lowlands.—Page 1.

Towboat Twilight and six coalboats went plunging over dam in Monongahela river and crew of 13 were rescued.—Page 1.

Two unsuccessful attempts to commit suicide were made in Allegheny.—Page 3.

The Rev. Thomas Clayton told why he left the Congregational church to become a Unitarian.—Page 14.

Mayor refused to indorse applications of his clerks for higher salaries.—Page 6.

Catholic divines, headed by Mgr. Falconio, aided in dedication of Imaculate Heart of Mary Roman Catholic church.—Page 10.

Thomas G. Sample of Allegheny died yesterday morning.—Page 3.

Victim of highwayman at Braddock found in the Panhandle tunnel in Pittsburgh.—Page 2.

Select Councilman Robert H. Douglas died yesterday after a month's illness.—Page 2.

Former United States Senator George L. Wellington created a scene by rebuking a lodge of sorrow audience for impatience at the length of his speech.—Page 2.

John Rodier killed himself while lying in bed and dime novels are blamed.—Page 5.

The Rev. Dr. Thoburn delivered a striking historical sermon on the Jews.—Page 10.

Obituaries and death notices.—Page 6.

The Rev. W. I. Wishart in his sermon on "The Christian at Play" said all sports and pleasures should be edifying and uplifting.—Page 8.

Bad weather made polar bears grouchy and they sulked in their dens.—Page 14.

SPORTING.

James will probably be elected football captain of W. and J.—Page 9.

Frank Hailer intends to retire from baseball.—Page 9.

Philadelphia boxers will meet Pittsburgh boys here tonight.—Page 9.

THE WEATHER

Colder today and fair and warmer tomorrow is the forecast for Pittsburgh and vicinity by the official forecaster at Washington. The maximum temperature yesterday was 33 and the minimum 26 degrees. The sun rose cloudy at 7:27 and set cloudy at 4:53 o'clock yesterday. The daily report, as furnished by the local bureau, follows:

Colder.

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.	30.00	32	95	N.W.	Snow.
8 p. m.	30.14	26	100	W.	Snow.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for December 3:

	1905	1904		1905	1904
Maximum	32	37	Mean	30	32
Minimum	26	28	Precipitation	.73	.03

Nor. temp. 31 yrs.	36	Nor. precip. 31 yrs.	.09
Dfcy. for day	6	Exc. for day	.69
Dfcy. since Dec. 1	21	Exc. since Dec. 1	1.28
Dfcy. since Jan. 1	1277	Dfcy. since Jan. 1	.28

Government Weather Forecast.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania — Colder and partly cloudy Monday; snow near Lake Erie; Tuesday, fair, slightly warmer; fresh west winds, becoming variable.

Ohio—Fair Monday, except snow in northeast portion. Tuesday, fair, slightly warmer, fresh west winds, becoming variable.

West Virginia—Fair, colder Monday. Tuesday, fair, slightly warmer.

Observations taken at 8 p. m.:

St. Louis	32	Clear	Cincinnati	32	Snow
Louisville	34	Cloudy	Columbus	29	Snow
Vicksburg	50	Clear	Grand Haven	30	Snow
Chicago	32	Snow	Davenport	36	Clear
Omaha	42	Clear	Des Moines	32	Clear
Norfolk	48	Cloudy	Parkersburg	28	Cloudy
Denver	38	Clear	Grand Rapids	20	Snow
Cheyenne	30	Clear	Indianapolis	16	Snow
Pueblo	34	Clear	Chattanooga	32	Clear
Santa Fe	28	Clear	Shreveport	44	Clear
Salt Lake	36	Cloudy	Gd. Junction	30	Clear
Modena	34	Clear	North Platte	24	Clear
Atlanta	32	Clear	Dodge City	28	Clear
Palestine	42	Clear	Rapid City	14	Clear
Oklahoma	38	Clear	Yellowstone	28	Cloudy
Helena	32	Cloudy	Jacksonville	56	Clear
*Huron	2	Clear	New Orleans	46	Clear
St. Paul	16	PtCldy	Montgomery	40	Clear
Havre	36	Cloudy	Galveston	50	Clear
*Bismarck	4	Clear	Little Rock	28	Clear
Memphis	34	Clear	Ft. Smith	36	Clear
Madison	30	Cloudy	Spfld'd, Mo.	24	Clear
Duluth	4	Clear	Spfld'd, Ill.	16	Clear
Marquette	24	Snow	Kansas City	18	Clear
El Paso	48	Clear	San Antonio	60	Clear
Wichita	28	Clear	Washington	48	Cloudy
Abilene	42	Clear	Philadelphia	50	Clear
Amarillo	26	Clear	New York	44	Cloudy
Cairo	32	Clear	Baltimore	42	Cloudy
Dubuque	28	Clear	Cleveland	24	Snow
Nashville	50	Clear	Los Angeles	54	
Buffalo	30	Cloudy			

*Below zero. †Observation taken at 8 a. m.

SUDDEN RISE IN LOCAL RIVERS SWEEPS THE VALLEYS

Water Reaches Stage of 24 Feet in Pittsburgh District.

FLOOD WON'T LAST

Lower Allegheny and Turtle Creek Valley Towns Suffer Usual Discomforts.

SHIPPING ESCAPES DAMAGE

How Treacherous Waters Steal Upon Pittsburgh

	Pgh.	Dav. Is. Dam.	Herrs Island.	Lock No. 4.
Noon	17.4	16.3	19.4	21.0
1 p. m.	17.9	17.0	19.9	21.5
2 p. m.	18.6	17.7	20.4	22.0
3 p. m.	19.3	18.2	20.9	22.7
4 p. m.	20.0	18.8	21.4	23.2
5 p. m.	20.4	19.4	21.9	23.5
6 p. m.	20.9	19.8	22.4	23.7
7 p. m.	21.4	20.3	23.8	24.0
8 p. m.	21.8	20.8	22.3	24.2
9 p. m.	22.2	21.1	23.5	24.4
10 p. m.	22.5	21.2	23.8	24.5
11 p. m.	22.8	21.6	24.0	24.5
12 p. m.	22.0	21.9	24.3	24.5

Pittsburgh and its environs are this morning in the grip of a flood. The remarkable rainfall during the last three days has turned the mountain streams to torrents, and the whole volume of water is rushing on to the gulf, inundating the lowlands of lower Allegheny and the downtown cellars of Pittsburgh. The crest of the flood reached here early this morning, registering approximately 24 feet at the Market street wharf.

The high water came suddenly, and is expected to fall quite as rapidly. The cold wave which struck Western Pennsylvania yesterday came too late to check the water in the streams, but the freezing weather prevented the sources in the mountain country from continuing their supply, and early last night both rivers were reported stationary at the headwaters.

The average precipitation in the Monongahela valley was 1.51 inches, and in the Allegheny 1.45 inches, for 24 hours. The maximum rainfall was at Greensboro, where it reached 2.48 inches. West Newton was next, with 2.36 inches, and Johnstown showed 2.2 inches. The average for Western Pennsylvania was 1.66 inches.

All Streams at Flood Stage.

The Kiskiminitas river put out eight feet of water and started the lower Allegheny on a rampage. Pine creek and Turtle creek lived up to their traditions, and Sharpsburg, Millvale, East Pittsburgh and Turtle Creek residents suffered the usual discomforts.

The mill districts suffered early. In Penn avenue, on the South Side and at McKeesport extra forces of men were called out to start the pumps and to transfer perishable stock. The plants at McKeesport, which usually are compelled to shut down, will resume this morning owing to the prompt measures which were taken to keep the water out. Debris at Turtle Creek caused a temporary dam across Thompsons run at Turtle Creek, and the back water flooded the car tracks and caused a few families to move out of their homes.

Twenty-two feet—the flood stage for Pittsburgh—was reached about 3 o'clock last night. The tracks of the Pittsburgh & Western railway, the Allegheny baseball grounds and the lower sections of the First ward in Allegheny were submerged. Water poured into cellars along Penn avenue below Sixth street and the pumps were started in all the larger buildings.

Cold Wave Was Too Late.

The cold wave which swept down from the lakes arrived too late to check the oncoming water. The weather bureau warning bulletin was sent out at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and an hour later the denizens of the flooded districts were on hand to prepare for emergencies. A number of merchants who have warehouses in the lower portion of the city left their pews in church to search for their employes, in order to remove their perishable goods above the danger line. It is a notable incident that all the big floods in Pittsburgh in the last five years have come on Saturdays or Sundays, and have caught the warehousemen at a time when it was difficult to find help to shift the stock.

Col. Frank Ridgway, the local forecaster, was at his desk in the weather bureau office all day and had two telephones before him. He answered an average of two calls a minute. Occasionally his patience was sorely tried. Here is a sample conversation:

Answering Foolish Questions.

"What's the river doing?" came an inquiry.

"Rising."

"How fast?"

"Six-tenths of a foot an hour."

"When will it reach me?"

"Where are you?"

"Penn avenue, below Sixth."

"We'll have about 24 feet tonight or tomorrow morning."

"Yes; but why don't you answer my question?"

"What question?"

"When will it reach me?"

"What stage affects you?"

"I don't know. What are you there for?"

"To answer fool questions."

"All right. Goodby!"

The property loss will be comparatively slight to the shipping along the Monongahela. The towboat Charles Brown was the last to leave for the trip south, passing over Davis Island dam at noon with a big cargo.

In the Pittsburgh harbor are about 30

Continued on Second Page.

SOME OF THE VICTIMS OF THE ODESSA ATROCITIES

Photographs Taken in the Jewish Cemetery, Odessa, After the Slaughter.

TWILIGHT AND HER CREW AT MERCY OF TORRENT

Angry Waters of Monongahela Sweep Boat and 13 Persons Over Dam at Braddock.

Tossing and plunging wildly at the mercy of the raging and swollen waters of the Monongahela river, and becoming beyond the control of its crew, the towboat Twilight, owned by the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company, was swept over the dam at new lock No. 2, near the Edgar Thomson Steel works at Braddock, yesterday morning, together with a tow of six coalboats, hurling its crew of 12 men and a woman into the waters and leaving them to fight for life in the swift current. All were saved.

About 11:30 o'clock the Twilight, in charge of Capt. William Llwellyn, which was bringing in six boats laden with thousands of bushels of coal from the Camden mines to this city, became unmanageable near Braddock. Capt. Llewellyn and First Mate Zachariah Evans were on watch at the time and made frantic efforts to guide the tow into the locks. The wild waters, however, would not be denied, and, drawing the coalboats, which were in front of the steamer, over the dam, upset the entire tow, and in an instant the Twilight and four of the coalboats sank to the bottom of the river.

The 12 men and Mrs. Mary Wilson, the cook, who comprised the crew, were seen struggling in the waters by those who were attracted to the shore. Just when it seemed that all would be engulfed one of the coalboats, which had been overturned and had dropped its freight into the bottom of the river, bobbed up, bottom side up, within reach of William Castile and Martin Duffy, both firemen on the Twilight. Although almost exhausted, they succeeded in aiding all the members of the crew on to the upturned coalboat, with the exception of Pilot G. W. Moore and Second Mate Joseph Whalen. These two men were asleep in their berths, awaiting to be called to go on watch at noon, when the tow was drawn over the dam.

Just before the accident occurred they were awakened by the cries of the crew, but did not fully realize their danger until the Twilight had been drawn over the dam. Sparsely clothed, they managed to gain the deck of the towboat just as she sunk. The crowd on the shore became panic-stricken upon seeing the two men cut off from their companions, who, by this time, had gained the upturned coalboat, but cool heads soon had a rowboat out after them and gave battle to the rushing river in an effort to reach them. Eventually the struggling men were reached and safely brought to shore, while another rowboat was sent out which brought in the balance of the crew from the top of the floating coalboat, in two loads.

The accident occurred at the same spot where the steamer John W. Alles was blown up about two years ago. The Twilight was valued at $15,000 and had just recently been remodeled and thoroughly repaired. Two hours after the boat had sunk it had become entirely submerged by the rising waters. The officers of the coal company stated yesterday afternoon that they believed the Twilight could be raised with less than $5,000 loss, and were jubilant over the fact that all members of the crew had been rescued.

BURGLARS STAB TWO MEN WHO INTERFERE WITH THEM

ALTOONA, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Masked men tonight entered the house of Anthony Vania, proprietor of an Italian boarding house, and while ransacking the room were surprised by Vania. He was stabbed in the neck. A boarder who went to Vania's assistance was also stabbed. Six men have been arrested.

Coffee Broker Kills Himself.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Leon J. Louis, a member of the firm of James W. Phyfe & Co., coffee brokers, killed himself this morning in the bathroom of his home, Brooklyn, by cutting his throat with a razor. Friends are unable to account for his act. He was wealthy.

Steamer Aground in Snowstorm.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—The steel steamer German grounded on a reef off Glencoe, north of Chicago, in a snowstorm tonight. The crew of 29 men was taken off in safety.

VINEGAR PLANT IS DESTROYED BY FLAMES

Pittsburghers Lose $25,000 in Hot Fire, Which Also Ruins Other Buildings.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

JEANNETTE, PA., Dec. 3.—Fire which started at 7 o'clock this evening destroyed the Grapeville vinegar works, owned by Charles H. and George W. West of Pittsburgh, two cattle stables owned by the firm, the dwelling of George W. Croushore and a stable of Dr. Joseph Wakefield, besides damaging the Pennsylvania railroad freight station. West Brothers' vinegar works building was a four-story frame structure, and the loss is placed at $25,000. It contained about 40 carloads of vinegar, which was destroyed. West Brothers' losses are covered by insurance. The cattle stables were worth $800. The works had a capacity of a carload of vinegar a day.

The origin of the blaze is unknown. As soon as it was discovered the fire-fighting equipment of the Pennsylvania Rubber Company was brought into use, and a call for help was sent here. The Jeannette fire department responded promptly and was soon at Grapeville, which is half a mile distant. Before the flames were under control they had destroyed the vinegar works building and stables and communicated to the residence owned by Croushore and occupied by Edward Allwine's family. The building was burned, with much of the furniture, causing a loss of $1,000, partly covered by insurance. Dr. Wakefield's loss is $500.

As soon as it was seen that the Pennsylvania railroad station was threatened, goods stored in the warehouse were hurriedly removed. The structure caught fire, and although the office was saved, the other end of the building, from which goods had been removed, was damaged to the extent of $1,000. All the buildings which suffered from the fire were in a group and close to the Pennsylvania railroad tracks.

The heat was so intense that a passenger train was scorched as it passed. The fire was under control at 10 o'clock. Charles H. West said last night that as soon as the losses had been adjusted by the insurance companies the works would be rebuilt.

WOULD APPLY TIE ROPE.

Bitter Demonstration at Chicago Against Aldermen Who Oppose Municipal Ownership.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—"Aldermen in the city council who were elected to carry out the will of the people regarding municipal ownership are now telling them to go to hell. Tell them to keep on with their work till they have been strung up good and plenty."

This declaration, which was one of several others favoring the use of the rope and tar and feathers in punishing aldermen who favor the granting of a franchise to the traction companies, was made by Anton Johansen, president of the Woodworkers' district council, at one of the most remarkable demonstrations ever made in connection with the consideration of a public question.

IN MEMORY OF MASSACRED.

Seventy-Five Thousand Jews Will Parade and Hold Services in New York City Today.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Through the principal streets of the East Side, down avenues of mourning banners and homes draped in black and purple, with the onlookers standing with bared and bowed heads, 75,000 Hebrews, members of more than 300 clubs, societies and associations, will march tomorrow in memory of their co-religionists who have fallen in Russian massacres.

Immediately after the disbanding of the procession the various clubs and societies will march to memorial meetings, which are to be held in every synagogue, temple and Hebrew theater on the East side. At all of these places there will be memorial services.

Woman Found Dead.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Lottie A. Miller, known to the Tenderloin for several years, was found, shot through the heart, on the floor of the dining room in the furnished flat at No. 130 East Forty-third street early today, and the police are seeking Guy L. Hathaway, or Roy L. Miller, a telephone superintendent at the Hotel Manhattan.

JEWS ARE URGED TO USE FORCE IN RUSSIA

New York Rabbi Indorses the Organization of a Hebrew Army.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The right of the Hebrew to defend himself was the subject discussed today by the Rev. Dr. Silverman, at the Temple Emanuel. Dr. Silverman declared himself in favor of the Hebrew meeting force with force. The rabbi also urged his co-religionists to assist in overthrowing the erroneous charges made against the Hebrew people which had, he said, for centuries incited a bitter hatred and prejudice against them.

Not the least of these, said Dr. Silverman, was the constantly repeated charge that the Hebrews killed Jesus. Jesus was killed not by the Hebrews, he declared, but because he was a Hebrew, and killed by the Romans, themselves enemies of the Hebrews.

Dr. Silverman said out of the Russian outrages came two fine evidences of the Jew's right to live. First the spontaneous and great wave of sympathy that has been universal, and which brought over $1,000,000 for relief. The second was the Jewish Defense association, which crystallized the cry of Israel for self-defense and which proposed to organize an army of men ready to respond to a call to duty.

SLEEPING FIREMEN ARE ROUTED BY HOT BLAZE

Chief and Six Men Have Narrow Escape from Flames Which Damage Engine House.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW CASTLE, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Fire Chief Frank F. Connery and six firemen sleeping at the Central fire department had narrow escapes from being burned to death about 3 o'clock this morning, when the station was discovered to be burning. Policeman Michael Dugan gave the alarm. The firemen, who were partially suffocated by the dense smoke, were aroused with difficulty. A general alarm brought the other fire companies and the building was saved, though several hundred dollars damage was sustained. The fire broke out in the basement and is supposed to have been caused by extra pressure of natural gas in the heater.

The fire had worked its way through the first floor and almost to the sleeping apartments of the firemen.

WOMAN STILL HOLDS CAR BY AID OF A REVOLVER

GIRARD, KAN., Dec. 3.—Mrs. Ina Berry of Spokane, Wash., who has held possession of a passenger car for two days, shooting at any one who tries to enter, tonight is still master of the situation. When a dummy figure of a man was pushed into the car last night, she fired a bullet into the figure's head.

MANY ARE SHOT DOWN DURING FIGHTS IN STREETS

Scores of Persons Killed or Wounded in Riots at Kieff, Russia.

CAPITAL IN A PANIC

Populace Fear Insurrection at St. Petersburg and Massacres at Odessa.

MORE SOLDIERS IN MUTINY

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

KIEFF, RUSSIA, Dec. 1, via Warsaw, Dec. 3.—There has been serious street fighting between mutinous sappers and convicts and between workmen and bands of the "Black Hundred." Scores of persons have been killed or wounded. Martial law has been proclaimed.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—The Daily Mail's Kieff correspondent, in a dispatch dated December 2 and forwarded by way of Podwoloczyska, says:

"Early yesterday morning a company of sappers, dissatisfied with their martinet commander, mutinied and persuaded a second company to join them. They left the fortress fully armed and by threats compelled the remainder of the sappers battalion to join them. Numbering a thousand, the mutineers marched to the barracks of the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Kursk infantry, which, however, remained loyal. Jewish musicians marched at the head of the mutineers. Several attempts were made to induce other troops to join them, but these likewise failed.

"A body of Cossacks allowed the rebels to pass them in the street. Finally the mutineers arrived at the barracks of the artillery division and the Azoff infantry regiment. The Azoff men answered their appeal with insults and the rebels opened fire upon them. The Azoffs answered with three volleys. A portion of the mutineers fled, but the others continued firing. The Azoffs replied with deadly volleys, and finally the rebels fled, headlong, throwing down their arms. Two hundred of them surrendered and were conveyed to their barracks by Cossacks.

Fifty Dead on Ground.

"Fifty dead and 100 wounded mutineers were left on the ground. A court-martial has been convened and a notice issued that any further attempt at mutiny will be quelled by artillery."

WARSAW, Dec. 3.—Seven hundred postal and telegraph officials are on strike here. About a hundred of the officials refused to join in the strike. The strikers pour vitriol into the letter boxes. Two hundred bags of foreign mail are lying here unopened.

Gov. Gen. Scallon has issued a proclamation prohibiting street processions or meetings and the carrying of arms or heavy sticks, and ordering shops and houses closed on demand by the police under the penalty of a fine of $250 and three months' imprisonment for disobedience. The workmen in the factories threaten to strike tomorrow in support of the eight-hour day movement. The local unions have sent delegates to St. Petersburg to attend the congress of the union of unions.

Two Regiments Mutiny.

VIENNA, Dec. 3.—The Tageblatt publishes a communication from Odessa which was mailed to Podwoloczyska, Galicia, from which point it was telegraphed. It reads as follows:

"The Ismaili and Donau regiments, stationed at Odessa, mutinied, but the authorities succeeded in disarming all the men. An order issued by the minister of education, Count John Tolstoy, prohibiting more than the legal percentage of Jews entering the university, was ignored by the faculty, which had the streets placarded with a notice to the effect that the university was open."

It is reported from Odessa that a general strike will be declared tomorrow. Advices from Sebastopol declare that the panic there is increasing. The members of the so-called social military party are holding meetings in all the barracks, and this fact greatly increases the anxiety for the future.

A dispatch from Cracow, Galicia, says

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POLICE WORLD WITH UNITED ARMIES AND NAVIES

Samuel Harden Church Suggests Patrolling by All Nations.

TO MAINTAIN ORDER

Addresses Mass Meeting in Cause of Russian Sufferers, With Other Speakers.

THE GAZETTE IS COMMENDED

If the plans of Samuel Harden Church, as suggested at a mass meeting of sympathizers with Russian sufferers, held in the Bijou theater last night, were adopted by the nations of the world, Russia would be in the hands of the police and the czar would be compelled to give bond for good behavior.

Mr. Church, before over 2,000 persons who gathered at the call of the Pittsburgh Council of Zionists, suggested the establishment of an international police department composed of the armies and navies of the earth, whose duty would be to patrol the world, and in such cases where a nation could not control its people, to step in and restore order. He said:

"The time has come when we want more than peace between the nations, and it should be made the aim of modern statesmanship to establish among the powers of the world an international police force whose duty it shall be, not only to maintain peace between the nations, but to enforce liberty and law, tranquillity and order in the remotest corners of the world.

When the International Policeman Acts.

"Whenever it becomes apparent that one nation cannot control its people in the peaceful pursuits of their lives, this international policeman should step in and establish a decent and humane government.

"What right has any king to hold a throne when violence and murder do their hideous work in every corner of his dominions? The first function of all government is to preserve the lives of its people and protect them in the enjoyment of equal political rights, and a government that cannot do this has no right to exist among the family of nations. It is timely and right that America should give birth to such an institution for the suppression of anarchy. I tell you there is one force in this world which stands above privilege, above despotism, above treaties, above revolutions, above the law itself, and that force is public opinion. The smooth, forbearing tongue of diplomacy tells us that there is no present power in Russia to which an effective appeal can be made, and that we must patiently await the rehabilitation of authority there. Let us refuse to wait.

Urges Persistence.

"Somewhere in Russia there is a semblance of power, somewhere there is a substance of government, and to that entity, whatever its potency may be, this public opinion to which you are giving voice tonight should appeal, should imperatively appeal, until it overwhelms the oppressors themselves with remorse, leading them to contrition and atonement. Let us persist until we drive this horrifying retribution deep into the sick conscience of Russia, even as Jael took her hammer and drove the nail into the head of Cicara, the ancient oppressor of Israel.

"We behold Russia in the welter of revolution, overturned by her oppressed people, with every man's hand against his neighbor, and all against the government, while the figure of anarchy stalks through the realm armed with torch and sword. Why, what a humiliating confession of impotence was that of Count Lamsdorf last Wednesday when he informed the American secretary of our embassy, who had been assaulted on the streets of St. Petersburg while on his way home from the theater, that if he went abroad at night again he could not be insured against a similar assault!

Always Attack Jews.

"In the upheaval of this great empire, class has been thrown back upon class, each grasping at special privileges for itself and seeking to destroy all the others, not perceiving in the madness of the hour that a deliverance for the nation can be achieved only by the establishment of universal political equality. And the last and lowest class upon which all the others wreak their insensate rage is the Jews. Always the Jews; and yet, the way these promises of Jehovah have come true should make an atheist tremble. 'They are my chosen people. * * Vengeance is mine, I will repay. * * And I will bless them that bless thee, and curse him that curseth thee, and in thee shall all families of the earth be blessed.' All the ancient kings who persecuted them fell one after another."

Meeting Nets $1,000.

Admission to the meeting was contingent upon payment of a small fee at the door which will net the Russian relief fund upwards of $1,000. Henry Jackson, president of the council, who presided, took occasion to thank the newspapers of this city for their sympathy in the cause of Russian sufferers, and particularly The Gazette and the Chronicle Telegraph for "their material assistance." The sentiment was heartily applauded.

Among the speakers were: The Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy, the Rev. Dr. S. Edward Young, Prof. J. A. Brashear, Prof. Richard Gotthell of New York, the Rev. H. Masalinsky of New York and Rabbi S. Ashinsky. Letters of sympathy were read from Gov. Samuel W. Pennypacker and Lieut.-Gov. William L. Brown.

Following prayer by Rabbi Ashinsky,

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MANY EASTERN MEN DEFRAUDED BY FORGED LAND CERTIFICATES

The Governor of Oregon Is Informed of a Gigantic Swindle in Which the Great Seal of the State Is Used.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

SALEM, ORE., Dec. 3.—Far more serious than any previous development of the many land frauds perpetrated in Oregon are charges made in a letter to Gov. George E. Chamberlain yesterday by State Land Agent Oswald West, who asserts that by means of forged certificates of sale of school lands eastern bankers have been swindled out of large sums of money.

Not content, the land agent asserts, with having defrauded Oregon of 600,000 acres of school land, nearly all the state possessed, by means of "dummy" entrymen, land operators prepared printed certificates of sale and assignments and inserted in them descriptions of school lands for which certificates had previously been issued, and by forgeries of signatures and the great seal of the state of Oregon, sold the lands time and again to innocent persons in the east.

Mr. West says: "I have discovered a large number of these forged certificates in the hands of eastern bankers, and the magnitude of the frauds will not be known until the subject is given publicity and the eastern holders have sent in their certificates for examination. It is possible that for every genuine certificate outstanding there may be from two to a dozen fraudulent ones."

Mr. West concluded by saying that the forged certificates are so well executed that it is difficult to distinguish them from the originals.

DEATH COMES TO R. H. DOUGLAS

Select Councilman of Twenty-First Ward Dies After a Month's Illness.

ONCE LEADER IN COUNCILS

Robert H. Douglas, member of Pittsburgh select council from the Twenty-first ward, died yesterday morning at 10:45 o'clock at his residence, 7218 Meade street, East End, after an illness of one month. Death resulted from pleuro-pneumonia.

Mr. Douglas' death was expected two weeks ago, and for several days he was close to death, being kept alive only by the constant use of oxygen. After a hard struggle for life he apparently improved, and until Saturday night was supposed to be recovering. It was the intention of the family to take him south as soon as he got strong enough to stand the trip, as the physicians had given the opinion that a change of climate was necessary to his restoration to health. On Saturday night, however, he had a sinking spell, from which he did not revive, and grew gradually weaker, dying in an unconscious state.

Mr. Douglas was prominent in Pittsburgh politics and municipal affairs for nearly 10 years. He was elected to common council from the Twenty-first ward in 1898 and served in that body for two terms, until 1902, when he was elected to select council. His term in the upper branch would have expired in April, 1906.

Floor Leader in Councils.

He was elected to common council as a Republican, but prior to the organization of the Citizens party became the floor leader of the opposition to the administration, and distinguished himself as a parliamentary fighter and debater in the stormy "ripper" days. He was one of the few members that voted against the ousting from office of Director E. M. Bigelow and led the revolt of a handful of members against the old organization in common council. At that time he and Dr. George W. McNeil were colleagues in the lower branch, and James M. Clark was the representative in the upper branch.

At its inception he identified himself with the Citizens party movement. His services in common council were immediately recognized, and he was made the Citizens party nominee for select council in 1902, defeating James M. Clark for re-election.

Mr. Douglas' influence was a power in every election in the Twenty-first ward and after the "ripper" agitation he never lost a fight there. The independence he displayed in common council frequently led to disagreements with the Citizens party leaders in select council, and he was not active in the upper branch as he had been formerly. He had an ambition to go to the state senate, but the Citizens party managers slated W. S. Woods for the nomination. This was a keen disappointment for Mr. Douglas, but he did not sever his connections with the party.

Studied Law While a Clerk.

Mr. Douglas was 47 years of age. He was a native of Pittsburgh and was the son of the Rev. John and Mary McClure Douglas. His father was a prominent Presbyterian minister in Pittsburgh and a forceful character in this city during the days of the civil war. He died about 30 years ago. Mr. Douglas gained his education in the public schools and was clerk in the office of Jones & Laughlin's plant on the South Side when about 19 years of age. He later became clerk in the office of city assessors, while his brother-in-law Andrew Fulton, now delinquent tax collector, was chief assessor. While clerking in the assessor's office he studied law under the late E. P. Johns and was admitted to the Allegheny county bar in 1887, remaining in the assessor's office until he had established a practice.

Mr. Douglas was married in 1889 to Miss Mary G. Johnston, the daughter of J. A. Johnston, the Smithfield street merchant. He is survived by his wife and two sons—Haldane, aged 13, and Donald, aged 9. He also leaves three sisters. Mr. Douglas was a member of the Dallas lodge of Masons and a trustee of the Carnegie institute. The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at the family residence. The interment will be at Allegheny cemetery.

The death of Mr. Douglas creates a vacancy in select council that, under the law, will have to be filled by a special election. The law requires that a vacancy in councils shall be filled by an election within 30 days of the date of the vacancy, unless the regular city election is held within 60 days. This not being the case a special election is required.

LEAVE DELEGATES FREE.

Mine Workers Not Instructed as to How They Shall Vote at Tri-District Convention.

MAHANOY CITY, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—The majority of the 700 delegates that will attend the Tri-District convention of the United Mine Workers at Shamokin, December 14, have been chosen without instructions as to how they shall vote on the principal question of an eight-hour day and recognition of the union. Alarm is felt lest the illness of President John Mitchell will prevent his attendance at the convention. There is a strong sentiment in favor of the continuation of the conciliation board for the peaceful adjustment of differences.

Wellsville Minister Declines Pastorate.

It was announced at the First Christian church in McKeesport yesterday that word had been received from the Rev. W. C. Prewitt of Wellsville, O., declining the pastorate of the church. He had preached a trial sermon. Another congregational meeting will soon be held to determine upon another call. The pulpit is vacant through the resignation of the Rev. Allen T. Gordon, who is now taking a post-graduate theological course at Yale.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived, December 3.

New York—St. Louis, from Southampton and Cherbourg; Minnehaha, from London; Florida, from Genoa, Palermo and Naples; Brooklyn, from Genoa, Naples and Azores; Gerty, from Trieste; Umbria, from Liverpool and Queenstown.

Plymouth—Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, from New York.

Lizard—Cassel, from Baltimore for Bremen.

Genoa—Canopic, from Boston; Ponta Delgada, from Gibraltar and Naples.

Liverpool—Caronia, from New York via Queenstown.

Southampton—St. Paul, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Sailed, December 3.

New York—Columbia, for Moville and Glasgow; Southwark, for Antwerp.

Liverpool—Victorian, for New York; Bostonian, from Manchester, for Boston.

Dover—Vaderland, from Antwerp, for New York.

Queenstown—Carmania, from Liverpool, for New York.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—Savage Grand Opera Company in "The Valkyrie," 7:30 p. m.

BELASCO—"Mrs. Temple's Telegram," 8:15 p. m.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Continuous vaudeville bill of 16 acts, headed by Richard Golden as "Old Jed Prouty," 1:30 to 10:45 p. m.

ALVIN—"In New York Town," 8:15 p. m.

GAIETY—"The High Rollers" in burlesque and vaudeville; return engagement of female wrestlers, 2 and 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—"Shadows of a Great City," 8:15 p. m.

BIJOU—The Four Mortons in "Breaking Into Society," 2 and 8 p. m.

WILLIAMS' ACADEMY—Kentucky Belles, in burlesque and vaudeville, 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Ice skating sessions with music, morning, afternoon and evening.

CARNEGIE INSTITUTE ART GALLERIES—Tenth annual international exhibition, 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

PITTSBURGH CARNEGIE MUSIC HALL—35th reception of the Art Society, with Alfred Reisenauer as solo pianist, 8:15 p. m.

Christmas Diamonds

direct from Amsterdam—One profit from cutter to consumer.

SAM E. SIPE,

Schmidt Bldg., 2d floor, 329 Fifth ave.

Open Evenings during December.

FORMER SENATOR CREATES A SCENE

G. L. Wellington Rebukes Lodge of Sorrow Audience, Wearied by Length of Speech.

ELKS' MEMORIAL CEREMONIES

Memorial exercises for those members of the order of Elks who died during the past twelve months were held yesterday by the Elks all over the country, and all the lodges in Allegheny county held services, the halls in every case being packed with people. At all but one of the lodges the proceedings went on without an untoward incident, but at one a former United States senator, George L. Wellington of Maryland, caused a sensation.

Senator Wellington was the speaker of the evening at the memorial exercises held in the Nixon theater last night by Pittsburgh Lodge No. 11. Mr. Wellington is the past exalted ruler of Cumberland Lodge No. 62 of Maryland. It is supposed the committee of arrangements had not limited his time, with the result that he spoke for one hour and the exercises were prolonged until late in the night. Addresses on such occasions are usually devoted to explaining the object of the order to the public, but Senator Wellington talked long on the late rebellion, eulogized the national flag and, all in all, made a fine patriotic speech. He had talked in this strain for 45 minutes, the audience listening patiently, when suddenly the speaker, after an apostophe to the flag, exclaimed:

"But I must hurry on."

Orator Annoyed by Laughter.

There was a ripple of laughter throughout the audience at this remark, and the merriment visibly annoyed the speaker. He continued for 10 minutes longer, this time telling of the objects of the order, but restraint having been broken by the preliminary ripple, the audience in many parts of the house had begun to indulge in conversation, so that it was difficult to distinguish what Mr. Wellington was saying. Mr. Wellington suddenly stopped short in his speech, and in rebuking tones, said:

"I must ask those in the audience who are creating this disturbance to stop it. If you will bear with me a few minutes longer I will finish my speech. If you have not politeness enough to regard my feelings, you might at least be mannerly enough not to insult the place in which you are, or the occasion."

There was, of course, no response to this. The audience relapsed into silence, but the members of the lodge, seated in tiers behind the speaker on the stage, looked uncomfortable.

Mr. Wellington made the remarks quoted, and paused nearly a minute to let the full effect sink in. Then he concluded his speech, talking five minutes longer, but before retiring to his seat said:

"I am sorry this incident occurred. Toward the end of my remarks there was a disturbance in the audience and much conversation going on; why, I am utterly at a loss to comprehend."

Then the former United States senator sat down among the lodge members, but he soon got up and left the stage.

Joseph Howley delivered the eulogy, mentioning each of the departed brethren and giving a short biographical sketch of each. The members who died during the year were August Bodenhagen, H. B. Hunt, Harry W. Hanna, Elliott McCall, C. B. Clover, Robert A. Black, John H. Bracken, Harry M. Elsler, A. B. Davis, E. J. Frauenheim, Harry L. Trees, G. H. Gallaher, Robert Moore, Andrew Schohn and George H. Hawksworth.

The prayer was by the chaplain, A. S. Littell, and the benediction by the Rev. J. Leonard Levy. The music was furnished by the Gernert orchestra. Miss Lulu A. Butler recited "The Second Review."

Grand Opera Artists Appeared.

The following members of Savage's English grand opera company supplied vocal and instrumental music: Joseph F. Sheehan, tenor; Miss Claude Albright, mezzo soprano; Miss Myrtle Holmes, soprano; Carl A. Schuman, Frederic Schuman, Oscar A. Babbe and Carl A. Schinner, quartet of French horns, and Leroy Schwab, violoncellist. Charles H. Slevin, secretary of the lodge, read the roll call of deceased brothers.

Memorial day was observed by the Allegheny lodge No. 339 in the Gayety theater. The Rev. John A. Jayne said the prayer, U. H. Stauffer spoke the eulogy on the deceased members, Henry George Bolster, Frank Porter Carson and Charles F. Hoover, Jr., and the Rev. August F. Bender of Steubenville (O.) lodge gave the eulogy on William W. Whitesell, Richard Beilstein and Samuel George Shoop. W. E. Wells of East Liverpool, O., delivered the address, "Good of the Order." The opening and closing ceremonies were conducted by the officers of the lodge. The Allegheny Elks' symphony orchestra played several selections; Edward Vaughan, John R. Roberts and Miss Anna Gertrude Clark sang, Jean de Backer and Calvin S. Jordan having a violin and harp obligato to Miss Clark's selection, "Ave Maria."

Braddock Lodge of Sorrow.

More than 1,000 persons attended the memorial services conducted by Braddock lodge No. 882, B. P. O. Elks, in the afternoon in Carnegie hall, Braddock. Edmund D. Nugent, exalted ruler of the lodge, conducted the ritualistic exercises and the memorial address was delivered by William M. Benham of Pittsburgh lodge No. 11. Music was furnished by a quartet consisting of Harry Gripp, Thomas E. O'Connor, George S. Speidel and Thomas W. Shane.

The Duquesne lodge B. P. O. Elks held its services in Carnegie hall, Duquesne, in the afternoon. Exalted Ruler Leo F. O'Brien of the McKeesport lodge was the principal speaker. The Rev. J. Walker Miller eulogized the dead members of the lodge. No member died during the year. Music was furnished by an octette of mixed voices and an orchestra.

White's Opera house in McKeesport was filled to its capacity in the afternoon when the McKeesport lodge No. 138 held memorial services. The orator of the day was Attorney A. F. Decker of Baltimore. The eulogist was Thomas W. White. Out of 500 members three died the last year, John L. Truxall, W. H. Foster and William Welgle.

Services in Carnegie.

Carnegie Lodge, No. 831, had annual memorial services in Carnegie hall, Carnegie, in the afternoon. The meeting was presided over by Exalted Ruler Thomas C. Roscoe. The invocation was by the Rev. L. R. Jones of Carnegie and the eulogy was delivered by W. A. Love. Music was furnished by a quartet and orchestra and William McD. Dorrington, late of the Bostonians, sang several solos. But one member, Alvin A. Scott, died in the past year.

Wilkinsburg lodge held exercises in the Trinity Reformed church, Wilkinsburg. The orator was F. I. Gosser. J. H. Greenwald delivered the eulogy. Vocalists from local churches sang.

Ochse hall, Etna, was crowded last night with friends and members of the Etna lodge No. 932, at the second annual memorial service of the lodge. The orators were the Rev. G. A. Klenle of the St. John Lutheran church of Sharpsburg, who delivered the general eulogy, and Prof. J. Q. A. Irvine, who delivered the special eulogy on William Edwin Kidd, who died on February 10, 1905. Secretary H. J. Phillips also read a biography of Mr. Kidd. Addresses were made by Burgess W. E. Johnston, M. D., Exalted Ruler Thomas J. Ford and A. H. S. Black. Mrs. J. G. Holzheimer, G. H. Calvert and a quartet composed of Mrs. A. C. Nicklas, Mrs. G. N. Pfaub, Clarence Kurt and G. N. Pfaub, sang several selections.

Former Mayor Black Is Dead.

MANSFIELD, O., Dec. 3.—Thomas Frederick Black, a prominent Democratic politician and mayor of Mansfield from 1892 to 1895, died here this morning of heart trouble.

VICTIM OF HIGHWAYMEN IS FOUND IN A TUNNEL

Attacked in Braddock, He Is Next Discovered on Panhandle Tracks in Pittsburgh—His Injuries Are Probably Fatal.

John Feddelum, aged 28, a Slav, was found unconscious in the Fourth street tunnel of the Panhandle railroad at 5 o'clock yesterday morning and was taken to the Mercy hospital, where it was found that his spine was injured and his left ear almost severed from his head. At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon he regained consciousness and gave the hospital attendants his name and said he lived at Leighton and his closest friend was Michael Dradarek of 1250 Willow alley, Braddock.

Feddelum was heard groaning in the tunnel by an engineer who had been shifting some cars nearby. William Pigeon, a detective for the Pennsylvania railroad, was summoned. He secured a stretcher from the morgue and had the man carried to the Fourth avenue station and then sent him to the hospital.

The case was reported to the detective bureau last night and Detectives Cole, Siefert and Aymer were detailed to make an investigation. Feddelum told the detectives he was held up and robbed by three white men in Braddock and he took a B. & O. train to this city for the purpose of going to hospital. He said he remembered leaving the B. & O. depot and wandering about the street, and he thought he fell from Diamond street onto the Panhandle railroad tracks. He said the holdup men took $20 from him and beat him about the head.

The detectives do not believe Feddelum fell from Diamond street as he was found about 50 feet inside of the tunnel. The officers think he left the B. & O. station and walked onto the Panhandle tracks at Second avenue and Try street and thence to the tunnel, where he was struck by a train. He still had $2 50 in cash and his clothing was torn and covered with grease from the tracks. The victim was unable to give the detectives much of a description of the men who assailed him at Braddock. It is thought he will die from his injuries.

SUDDEN RISE IN RIVERS

Continued from First Page.

coal boats and 40 barges. These are securely moored and the officials of the River Coal Company said that no serious trouble was anticipated.

The gross shipments for the present rise are computed at between 8,000,000 and 9,000,000 bushels.

A loaded barge broke away from the Seventh street wharf in the Allegheny yesterday afternoon and drifted down stream, striking one of the piers of the Union bridge. It swung around and floated out into the Ohio partly submerged. Several towboats attempted to catch the runaway, but it was so badly wrecked and the current was so strong that the precarious task was given up and the barge floated away in the darkness which lowered upon the river early in the evening.

Pittsburgh's last flood was on March 20 of the present year, when the water reached a stage of 28 feet.

MUCH DAMAGE IS DONE AROUND TURTLE CREEK

Street Cars Are Obstructed and Families Compelled to Flee for Safety.

The borough of Turtle Creek was partly inundated yesterday morning as a result of back water in Thompsons run, and later in the day when the flood crest reached the Monongahela river East Pittsburgh shared with its neighbor in the distress from the high water. From 5 o'clock in the morning until 1:30 in the afternoon traffic on the line of the Pittsburgh Railways Company was obstructed in Turtle Creek by water, which covered the tracks for four blocks in consequence of Thompsons run rising to an unprecedented mark. The railway company has been building a trestle across the stream at Penn avenue in Turtle Creek. Swollen by the rain of Saturday, great quantities of driftwood and other debris were carried by the stream as far as the trestle, where it lodged and caused the water to back.

The residents of Penn avenue awoke to find that Thompsons run had become a river. The water had poured over the banks on each side, covering the ground for four blocks between Grant street and Huntly's crossing. The street car track in some places was under three feet of water. Cellars were flooded, chicken coops and other outhouses had been swept away. The rising water compelled several families to leave their homes until the stream had subsided.

The railroad track of the New York & Cleveland Gas Coal Company, which runs along the stream for four miles between Turtle Creek and the company's mines at Newton, was almost entirely under water. Coal cars were hurriedly drawn through the water and left standing at intervals along the track to keep the rails and ties from being swept away. A force of men was put to work by the Pittsburgh Railways Company clearing away the debris which had lodged against the trestle and caused the trouble. As soon as this had been accomplished the water began to subside.

TUBE CITY LITTLE DAMAGED.

Big Mills of McKeesport Escape High Water and Will Resume Operations Today.

Men were kept busy all day yesterday in the various mills along the river front in McKeesport, preparing for trouble from high water. Throughout most of the day the water rose at the rate of six to eight inches an hour.

Especial concern was felt at the W. Dewees Wood mill, where the first damage is usually done by high water. A force of men under the direction of the general manager spent the day making all possible preparations to keep the mill operating. At the National Tube mill the water reached the floor late last night, but did no material damage. The Youghiogheny river backed up as a result of the rise in the Monongahela, but no losses resulted.

FOR SALVATION ARMY.

Commander Miss Eva Booth Raises $30,000 at Mass Meeting in Scranton Theater.

SCRANTON, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Miss Eva Booth, commander of the Salvation Army, addressed a mass meeting in the Lyceum theater this afternoon in connection with the project of the Salvation Army to purchase the Penn Avenue Baptist church property and to convert it into an industrial home.

The Army has an option on the property for $40,000, and as a result of Miss Booth's wonderful eloquence $30,000 was pledged at the meeting. Judge Edwards presided at the meeting.

W. J. Lewis Slightly Improved.

A slight improvement was noted yesterday in the condition of William J. Lewis, who has been lying seriously ill at his residence in Chatsworth avenue, Hazelwood, for a number of days. Mr. Lewis is the former owner of the Lewis block at Sixth avenue and Smithfield street and was the founder of the iron company on the South Side which bore the name of Lewis, Oliver & Phillips.

Kills Himself After Brother Dies.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Despondent because his brother, William Marshall, was killed by a train last Sunday, Joseph Marshall, a younger brother, found death in the river last night. The brothers were bachelors and inseparable. Their only relatives are in Wheeling. Joseph Marshall had been threatening suicide for several days. The body has not been recovered.

Miners Are Given Advance.

CUMBERLAND, MD., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—The George's Creek Coal Company has notified its employes that an increase of five cents will be given for mining coal, the increase to date from the first of December. The company has been paying 60 cents a ton.

Charles Burkenbush Is Appointed.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Charles Burkenbush has been appointed superintendent of the new steel plant of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company now under construction at East Youngstown.

YANKEES WILL GUARD THE AMERICAN EMBASSY

Body of Men Pass Through Berlin En Route to St. Petersburg.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—A guard for the United States embassy at St. Petersburg passed through here today. The men, who were dressed in civilians' clothes, are believed to be from the cruiser Minneapolis, which is at Gravesend, England.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The men referred to as passing through Berlin en route to the American embassy, according to state department officials here, are probably household attendants which Mr. Meyer, American ambassador to Russia, has engaged for his personal service in St. Petersburg. While in Washington recently Mr. Meyer spoke of his intention of securing and taking with him such attendants for the embassy. It is said here that this has probably given rise to the impression that they were members of a special guard for the embassy at St. Petersburg.

Ambassador Meyer is now on his way to St. Petersburg, and his arrival there is expected daily. While neither he nor any other member of the embassy at St. Petersburg has made any request for anything in the nature of a guard for the embassy, state department officials say, yet it is suggested here that the presence of additional trusty household attendants will give a greater degree of security to the members of the staff in the event of any demonstration that might occur.

STATE COLLEGE STRIKE MAY BE ENDED TODAY

Students Attend Service in School Chapel and Listen to Appeal for Peace.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

STATE COLLEGE, PA., Dec. 3.—Practically all the striking students attended chapel services this morning and the Rev. Benjamin Gill preached a strong sermon on "Let Us Agree Among Ourselves." While only a brief reference was made to the strike, the sermon was an indirect appeal to the faculty and students to get together. It is now alleged that the strike would not have been carried so long but for a disagreement between members of the faculty.

Dr. George F. Atherton, president of the college, it was stated last week, was seriously ill with pneumonia. It is now alleged that he did not have pneumonia at all. He has not appeared at the college since the strike. It is believed the strike will end tomorrow. Students who had not returned from their homes since Thanksgiving were notified by classmates to return at once, as the strike would be settled Monday and most of the students returned today.

The students have given no other indication of surrender and the faculty is still as determined as ever that the rule regarding "excess" and vacations established at the beginning of the year shall be enforced. To penalize the strikers, according to the faculty's own rule, would mean the suspension of the whole senior class.

MR. BATES IS ACTIVE.

Meadville Congressman Will Introduce Three Bills of Interest to His Constituents.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Representative A. L. Bates of Meadville has a number of bills which he will introduce in the house this week. One of them provides for an allowance of $150 a year to each rural mail carrier for subsistance.

He will also ask for an appropriation of $150,000 to complete the improvements in the Erie harbor. Another bill will provide for an appropriation of $150,000 for a postoffice building at Erie.

AROUSES AUTHORITIES.

Assault on President's Train Results in a Determination to Break Up Practice.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.—A result of the casting of a plumbob into President Roosevelt's special train as it was passing through the northern part of this city Saturday night, the Pennsylvania railroad officials and the Philadelphia police authorities have united in a determined effort to break up the practice of throwing missiles at trains.

A thorough investigation of last night's incident is in progress.

PLANS GRAND OPERA AT POPULAR PRICES

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—If the plans formulated by Oscar Hammerstein materialize, New York, which spends $1,000,000 each winter for grand opera, will have an opportunity to hear grand opera next season at popular prices. Mr. Hammerstein returned from Europe today. He visited London, Paris, Berlin, Milan and Naples to gain information to aid him in his new project.

Elects Officers and Directors.

WASHINGTON, PA., Dec. 3.—The Union Agricultural association of Burgettstown which annually holds the Burgettstown fair, at a meeting last night elected these officers: President, John Murchland; vice-presidents, J. E. Perrin, L. E. Foster, John C. McGough, Alexander Hayes and S. B. Rankin. A board of 25 directors, composed of business men of Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, was chosen.

Lord Curzon in London.

DOVER, ENGLAND, Dec. 3.—Lord Curzon of Kedleston, former viceroy of India, and Lady Curzon arrived here today.

New Cases of Yellow Fever.

HAVANA, Dec. 3.—Two new cases of yellow fever were reported today. The victims are Spaniards.

CANAL MEASURE TO COME FIRST

Congress Will Immediately Take Up an Emergency Appropriation Bill.

PROGRAM FOR OPENING WEEK

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Very little besides the organization of the house will be accomplished the first week of the session, although it is possible that an emergency appropriation for the Panama canal may be passed the last of this week. Until the committees are appointed such a bill would have to be considered by unanimous consent, or under a special order. It will depend upon the needs of the canal finances whether the emergency appropriation bill will be rushed through this week or go over until the week following. The leaders of the house have been informed that the emergency appropriation will not be needed until December 15, and consequently the bill may not be passed until next week.

Tomorrow will be taken up with the selection of a speaker and other house officers. They will be those nominated by the Republican caucus last night. It is already understood that the rules of the last house will be adopted after the members have been sworn in. The biennial lottery for seats will be an interesting occasion on the first day, and at its conclusion the adjournment will follow. Tuesday will be devoted to the President's message and that will probably close the real business of the house for the week.

Some Important Propositions.

Speaker Cannon has not yet completed his committees, but it is expected he will be ready to announce them early in the session. Bills will be introduced every day that the house is in session from the beginning and will be printed and referred to the committees when appointed. It is expected that many important propositions will be presented during the early days of the session.

Nothing but preliminary work will engross the attention of the senate the first week of the session. The senate is already organized, as it is a continuous body, and besides, there was a special session last spring, when the new senators were sworn in. Senators Brandagee of Connecticut, Warner of Missouri, Frazier of Tennessee and La Follette of Wisconsin have not yet taken their oaths. The two former had not been elected when the special session adjourned.

Tomorrow will be a very short session, and the senate will adjourn out of respect for the late Senator Platt of Connecticut, as soon as the necessary formalities for the beginning of a new engress have been concluded. Tuesday the President's message will be received and read, and Wednesday is likely to be devoted to the introduction of bills. A short session will be held Thursday and the senate will then adjourn until the following Monday.

No Hurry About Committees.

It is quite likely that a Republican caucus will be held Tuesday or Wednesday, for the purpose of authorizing the appointment of a committee to fill committee vacancies in the senate and for the selection of a steering committee for the session. It is not expected the committee vacancies will be filled very early in the session.

If the house of representatives should pass an emergency appropriation bill for the Panama canal, the senate will at once take it up and pass it, but this measure is not unprecedented in the senate until the second week of the session.

MOOTKIE COOK'S ARRIVAL AROUSES MUCH INTEREST

Little Eurasian Deaf Mute Reaches Pittsburgh Safely After Long Journey.

With their modest home at 97 Natchez street, Mt. Washington, thronged with visitors, curious to see the little Eurasian girl who had been adopted by Charles Myles, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles Myles, Sr., last night waited for the arrival of 10-year-old Mooktie Wood, the deaf mute, who comes from India to gain an education.

She left Boston Saturday night and arrived in Pittsburgh shortly after midnight Sunday, and upon her arrival was cordially greeted by those friends under whose protection and care she has placed herself. Had she been the daughter of some Indian rajah, the coming of the little girl could scarcely have aroused more attention, not only in the quiet neighborhood of the Myles home, but throughout the country, for her case is unique.

The story of her coming and her detention at Boston by the immigration bureau until her case could be looked into has attracted widespread interest. United States Senator Knox, Congressman Dalzell and other men of national prominence became interested in her case, and upon Mr. Myles furnishing bond for $5,000, and giving sufficient assurance for the proper care of the little girl, she was finally allowed to enter the country on Saturday. Accompanying her in her journey from the east was the Rev. H. F. Reynolds of New York, secretary of the Pentecostal missions, under whose auspices she was brought to this country to be educated. The child's dearest wish, and the object of her guardian, is that she shall return to her native country after receiving her education at the Edgewood school for deaf mutes, to teach persons afflicted like herself.

Mr. Myles, who is a member of the Bible class of the Fourth Avenue Baptist church, and is himself deaf, learned of the little girl through an article in a missionary magazine and decided on his plan for having her brought to this country. Not knowing of the stringent immigration laws, he anticipated no difficulty in having her admitted. She was compelled to remain at Boston for 10 days, however, before her release was secured. She is an unusually bright child, in spite of her affliction, and during her detention won the hearts of all with whom she came in contact.

She will remain at the Myles home until arrangements are made for her admission to the institution at Edgewood.

BEAR MANY WOUNDS AS RESULT OF RAZOR DUEL

Henry Mason and Henry Terry appeared at the Central station hearings yesterday morning with their clothing cut to ribbons, the result of a razor duel in which they had indulged at a house in Moore street. Both were cut about the face and arms and has been sent to the Passavant hospital by the police. They were held over until today, as each promised to make information against the other.

Lose Price of 30 Turkeys.

James Doudle and wife of Independence township, Washington county, are out the price of a season's hard work raising turkeys. Some Pittsburgh thief has the money, amounting to $72. The couple visited Pittsburgh with 30 large birds, and after selling them strolled along Smithfield street. The thief seized Mrs. Doudle's handbag containing the money and escaped. They did not notify the police.

Alleges Husband Has Three Wives.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Cyrus L. Hollister, aged 25, member of the "Merrion" team from Salt Lake City, in the six-day bicycle race, was released on bail in Harlem court today to await further examination upon a young woman's charge that she is his wife. She alleges he has another wife with him at the Putnam house, where he is stopping and she has reason to believe a third one in Salt Lake City.

ALLEGHENY READY FOR A BIG FLOOD

Railroads, Manufacturers and Shippers Hastily Prepare for High Stage of Water.

POLICE FLEET IN COMMISSION

Along the Allegheny levee the preparations were made early yesterday for the flood. Before noon the waters had stopped traffic over the Pittsburgh & Western and the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh railways. Before 6 p. m. the river had submerged the tracks near the passenger station and trains were being run out from and into the Pittsburgh Union depot. In the freight yards west of Federal street a large number of shifting engines and crews worked all day, removing rolling stock from the tracks close to the river and shunting cars back into the old Exposition rounds. Below the Point, where at some places the track has been built up right on the river bank, loaded freight cars were stationed that their weight might aid in protecting the ballast and tracks from the inroads of the swift stream.

Shipping interests had gangs at work all day drawing in coal fleets and making them more secure to their wharf moorings. Extra lines were thrown about barges and boats to guard against the danger of snapping hawsers.

The Allehany wharf is populated from Woods Run to Millvale with persons who live in boathouses all the year round. These people were active all day in keeping their homes within the danger line, and neighbors helped each other in the work. The boathouse clubs had a lively Sunday. Between the Union bridge and Herrs Island dam there are more than a score of such resorts, where large memberships sit around on Sunday and enjoy hot and cold drinks and cards. There was an element of danger in such recreation, and many of the more timid remained on the wharf and watched the masses of debris floating down on the flood. Many a drink was earned by tramps during the day at the pumps with which each boat is equipped.

Factories, mills and storage houses within the high water line had men yesterday removing goods and making necessary preparations for the inundation. The work has been done so often that there was little of novelty in it. Some of the factories operating close to the river will have to shut down today and tomorrow.

At the big Riverside sales stables where there are hundreds of horses and mules the stock was crowded into the second floor until there was room for no more, and the others were taken to livery stables in the city.

Acting Superintendent John Glenn of the police bureau got his patrol boats in readiness for a skiff stage in the streets of the lower wards. Capt. Adam Neumer appeared in a new uniform and made such a good appearance that he was immediately made admiral of the fleet. He selected his crew and arranged to carry coal and provisions around to poor families.

There was lacking a lot of the excitement that usually marks the advent of a flood in the First and Fourth wards. District Attorney Stewart and Attorneys Marron and Haymaker have so demoralized the Allegheny tenderloin that scores of the old restorts are closed up and their inhabitants scattered. Consequently there were fewer pianos to move and not nearly so many carpets lifted as in past years.

The Pittsburgh baseball grounds were under water late last night. Storekeepers, saloonkeepers and residents along Robinson street, Isabella street, River avenue and Federal street below Lacock had everything of value removed from their cellars early in the evening.

YOUTH SHOOTS WOMAN, THEN KILLS HIMSELF

Roy C. McCurdy Commits Suicide in Street After Wounding Mrs. Mary Chard in Neck.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, Dec. 3.—After shooting Mrs. Mary Chard, aged 42, in the neck with a revolver while on her way to a butcher shop near her home at noon, Roy C. McCurdy, aged 19, fatally shot himself.

Mrs. Chard is the wife of a freight conductor on the Pennsylvania railroad by which corporation McCurdy was employed as a caller. McCurdy was unconscious when taken to the Harrisburg hospital and died without making a statement.

The woman was shot in the neck and was able to leave the hospital after she was given attention. Neither she nor McCurdy's friends can account for the shooting.

NEGLEY IS ACCOMMODATING.

Holds Night Court to Let Italians Leave for Italy.

In order that two Italians caught in a raid could leave for Italy this morning Magistrate Negley held a special hearing at No. 6 police station last night. The house of Rocca Labriola, in Larimer avenue, was raided and seven men caught.

Two of the men arrested desired to leave for Italy at 3 o'clock this morning and the magistrate was notified. He fined Labriola $10 and costs and the visitors $1 and costs each.

BIKE RACE STARTED.

Riders' Thirteenth Annual International Affair Began Last Midnight.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The thirteenth annual international six-day bicycle race was started in Madison Square Garden tonight, with sixteen teams of two riders each competing. Five of the teams are composed of foreigners and many of the riders both from this country and abroad are making their first appearance in a six-day contest. The prizes this year amount in the aggregate to $4,850.

A large crowd was gathered in the Garden when, shortly before midnight, the riders were called to the start. Exactly at 12 o'clock the starter's gun was fired and the contestants sent away.

Kill and Mutilate Horses.

ALTOONA, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—When a stableman employed by Kuhn & Glenn, ice manufacturers, went to the firm's stable this morning he discovered that during the night two valuable horses had been killed and their bodies mutilated. No motive can be assigned for the deed. There were 20 horses in the stable and the two killed had been recently added.

Mellor's

Special Bargains in Mandolins, Guitars, Etc., for Christmas.

MANDOLIN—9 ribs, dark mahogany finish, with broad, fancy colored wood inlay around edges and sound hole, celluloid bound, high finish, rosewood fingerboard, tortoise guard plate, pearl position dots; a bargain at $6.00; this week..... $3

GUITAR—dark mahogany finish, hand-polished, fancy colored wood inlay around edges and sound hole, celluloid bound, pearl position dots; a bargain at $6.50; this week..... $3.25

VIOLIN—Cremona, dark brown, including bow and rosin, $6.00; this week..... $2.25

BANJO—Nickel plated rim, wood lined, calf head, nickel hoop, 8 nickel plated brackets, $5.00; this week..... $3

CORNET—Brass, German silver, light action piston valves with water key; Bb and A shanks, superior quality, $12; this week..... $7.20

VIOLIN CASE—Wood, black varnished, swell top, hooks and lock; half lined with flannel..... $1

MANDOLIN CASE—Canvas covered, leather binding; full lined..... $1

BANJO CASE—For 11-inch banjo, canvas covered, leather bound, lined; open end..... $1

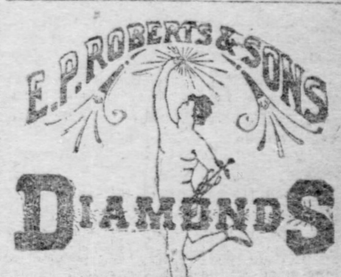
GUITAR CASE—Canvas covered, leather binding, full flannel lined; standard size..... $1.10

This house is headquarters for the best musical instruments for ALL purposes. Send for special catalogues—see how much money we can save you on your Christmas purchases.

Mellor's C. C. Mellor Co. 319 5th Ave.

Sole depot for Steinway, Weber, Krakauer, Krell-French and Chauncey pianos, the Pianola Piano Player and the Regina Music Boxes.

E. P. ROBERTS & SONS



DIAMONDS

EMERALDS
RUBIES
SAPPHIRES
PEARLS

A stock resplendent with beauty, and mounted in incomparable style and taste. Just such a stock as is seen nowhere else in Pittsburgh, and though the highest in its class, yet priced moderately, as are all things at this house, quality considered.

E. P. ROBERTS & SONS
225 FIFTH AVE.

ALL KINDS OF
Water-Proof Footwear
for Men, Women and Children.
SHOES, RUBBERS AND OVER-SHOES.
W. M. LAIRD CO.
404 to 408 MARKET ST.

BUY UNITED STATES STEEL COMMON
R. M. WEAVER
223 Diamond St., PITTSBURGH.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

THOMAS G. SAMPLE DIES AT HIS HOME

Former State Printer and Prominent Grand Army Man Succumbs After Brief Illness.

RECORD IN WAR OF REBELLION

Thomas G. Sample, one of the foremost citizens of Allegheny, died at 8:45 a. m. yesterday at the family residence, 1532 Fremont street. Mr. Sample was afflicted with cancer of the stomach and had been ill since last January. The disease, however, did not confine him to his room until about a week ago, and his collapse was a shock to his family and friends.

Thomas Gleason Sample was born in Tuscaloosa, Ala., September 27, 1844, and removed with his parents to Philadelphia

Thomas G. Sample.

when a child. In 1852 the family removed to Harrisburg, where the boy was educated in the public schools. At the age of 14 he engaged as a printer's apprentice in the state printery at Harrisburg and served until the outbreak of the Civil war.

The day President Lincoln issued his call for 75,000 volunteers to put down the rebellion, Mr. Sample, although but a boy, dropped his "stick" and stepped into the ranks, enlisting as a private in Company F, Twenty-fifth Pennsylvania volunteer infantry. In July, 1861, he was mustered out, his term of enlistment having expired.

Served a Second Enlistment.

In August, 1862, Mr. Sample re-enlisted as a private in Company F, One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Pennsylvania volunteers. He was immediately made a first sergeant, because of his previous acquaintance with army life, and later was made a second lieutenant. His command was attached to the Army of the Potomac and he took part in all the engagements his regiment was concerned in while with that command, and was mustered out on May 29, 1865, when the term of enlistment of his regiment expired.

On April 3, 1864, Mr. Sample re-enlisted in the quartermaster's department of the Army of the Cumberland, with headquarters at Chattanooga, Tenn. He was finally discharged February 10, 1865, after an honorable career covering all of the stirring years of the war.

Immediately after the war Mr. Sample removed to Allegheny and engaged at his trade, that of a typesetter. He worked for a while on the old Allegheny Mail, Commodore Kountz' paper of a generation ago. He afterwards engaged on the Leader. With his ability it was natural he should rise from the composing room to the reportorial ranks, and it was not long until he became recognized as one of the ablest writers on the Leader staff. He was Allegheny reporter, and this connection gave him an insight into politics and made him acquainted with men of affairs in the political world.

First Entrance Into Politics.

In 1891 he was made a clerk in the Allegheny bureau of fire and retained that office until he was appointed state superintendent of printing and binding in 1899 by Gov. Stone. He held this office during the Stone administration.

In 1877 Mr. Sample was mustered into the Grand Army of the Republic, Lysle Post, 128, Allegheny. He was soon made post commander. Higher honors were in store for him, and he was moved up and up until finally he became department commander of the state of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Sample was one of the first promoters of the order of the Knights of Pythias in this section, and was rewarded with the highest office in the gift of that organization. He became grand prelate in 1877, grand vice chancellor in 1878, and grand chancellor in 1879. In 1881 he was made supreme representative, which office he held until 1883, when he became supreme master of the exchequer. In 1896 he became supreme vice chancellor of the order and in 1898 supreme chancellor. All of these offices he filled with dignity and ability.

Became State Printer.

In February, 1899, he was appointed to the state printing office and the duties of this position he discharged with fidelity and scrupulous exactness. At the time of his death he held a position in the state department of insurance.

Mr. Sample was secretary of the Allegheny County Republican War Veterans' club. He always took a lively interest in the affairs of the Grand Army and was one of the most popular state commanders this state ever had. He married a daughter of former Chief of Police Samuel H. Long of Allegheny. Three children were born—Samuel H., who conducts a tobacco store at 124 Ohio street, West; Irene, formerly a noted local singer, now Mrs. W. W. Blackwell of Henderson, Ky., and Thomas, Jr., who died many years ago.

Mr. Sample was one of the best-known men in G. A. R. and Knights of Pythias circles in the country, and one of the most popular. His kindly disposition made him a favorite wherever he was and no political meeting or public gathering was thought to be a success unless he was there.

The funeral services will be held at Col. Sample's late residence at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. The services will be in charge of the Grand Army, and members of all organizations attending them are requested to appear in uniform.

Gospel Meetings in Braddock.

The Rev. John J. Leberman, D. D., pastor of St. Luke's Reformed church, Braddock, will commence a series of gospel meetings tomorrow, which will continue for two weeks. The speakers will be: December 4, the Rev. Aaron Noll; December 5, the Rev. Dr. D. B. Lady; December 6, the Rev. A. K. Kline; December 7, the Rev. Lewis Robb; December 8, the Rev. A. K. Collison; December 11, the Rev. Dr. John H. Prugh; December 12, the Rev. S. B. Mase; December 13, the Rev. J. C. Walters; December 14, the Rev. T. R. Deitz; December 15, the Rev. Lewis Robb.

Grace Van Studdiford in "Lady Teazle."

The Belasco theater announces for the week beginning December 11, Grace Van Studdiford in the comic opera, "Lady Teazle." This is a musical version of Sheridan's "School for Scandal." The company is under the direction of S. S. and Lee Shubert and promises a magnificent production, with an unusually strong supporting company and a big chorus.

The Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Pittsburgh is thoroughly equipped to care for the property, real and personal of individuals and corporations. Under the state law it may act as executor, administrator, guardian or trustee, either by itself or jointly with individuals, in all matters concerning the management and distribution of estates.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

TWO ATTEMPT SUICIDE, BUT BOTH WILL RECOVER

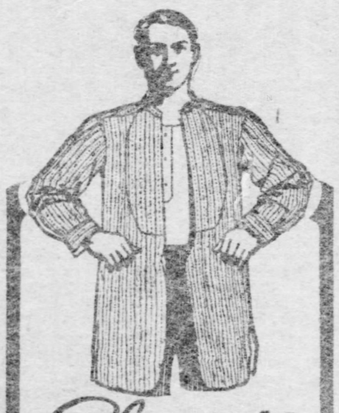
Allegheny Man Uses Razor, and Girl Swallows Carbolic Acid After Quarrel.

The gloomy weather of the past few days produced the usual result in Allegheny. Two persons tried to end their lives and both failed. Rose Miller, aged 22, an inmate of a house at 225 Lacock street, quarreled with a man late Saturday night and the trouble got on to her nerves so that she swallowed a concoction, the principal ingredient of which was carbolic acid. Some of her companions discovered her writhing on the floor of her room and telephoned to the Allegheny General hospital. Quick methods were used by the physicians, and last night Rose was preparing to leave the hospital.

Thomas Whitehouse, aged 29, living at 185 Brighton road, employed by the Pittsburgh Forge and Iron Company, drew a razor across his throat at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The blade was dull and the wound caused was not deep enough to prove fatal. Whitehouse is recovering from an attack of typhoid fever and, it was said, had been very despondent. He became delirious after arriving at the Allegheny General hospital, but the doctors are of the opinion that he will recover.

Just Married, Troubles Begun.
No trouble to make appetizing desserts if you use
Jell-O
(Six fruit flavors)
1 package enough for six people, 10c.
Try this recipe the next time you want something nice:
Cottage Dessert.
Place three or four sweet apples in a granite or porcelain kettle, add one cup sugar and one pint water. Cover and let simmer gently until done, but not broken. Lay apples in mould or large bowl. Have one package of any flavor Jell-O dissolved, and when cool pour over apples, and set away until firm.
All grocers sell Jell-O.
Beautifully illustrated recipe book, free. Address, The Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

For Christmas
The store is full of appropriate things for gift purposes—
Just such practical, useful things as intelligent people like to have—
Gift Books—Beautifully bound.
Standard Sets—History, Poetry, Fiction, etc.—Specially made for holiday giving.
Juvenile Books—The biggest assortment we ever offered.
Leather Goods—Pocketbooks, Purses, Wallets—New ideas, plain and elaborately mounted.
Fancy Stationery—in handsome boxes and cases.
Fountain Pens—Are always welcome gifts.
Then there are the *Christmas Cards and Calendars*, always in great demand.
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
429-431 Wood St.



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COAT SHIRT
"on and off like a coat." No stretching and twisting—just comfort. Fast colors and white—$1.50 and more at best stores.
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., Troy, N. Y.
Largest Makers of Shirts and Collars in the World

WE GIVE VEG-O-ZON
Safe as sleep for the
Painless Extraction of Teeth
Best Teeth $8 a Set
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work. $5.00
NEW YORK DENTISTS.
Over 12 years in same place.
Corner Sixth and Liberty Streets.
Open nights till 9. Sundays 10 to 3.

Windows Cleaned
BY CONTRACT
NATIONAL WINDOW CLEANING CO.
Both 'Phones. 245 Third Ave.

STIEFF Direct branch of Factory
PIANOS. 618 Penn Ave.
EASY TERMS. LOW PRICES.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.
Monday, Dec. 4, 1905. Weather—Colder. Penn Ave. and Fifth St.

A Rare Opportunity for Women.
The Coats Will Not Be on Sale Until To-Morrow

The following statement will illustrate what a rare opportunity is now offered you to secure a wonderful coat value! Early in the season we purchased what we supposed would be our season's requirements of Wooltex MARCHIONESS coats. They were all sold in a few days, and to secure more we were compelled to make a contract with the WOOLTEX factory for 5,000 garments. The first shipment of 1,000 coats has just come in and we can now give you your choice of the complete assortment for
$25.00
THINK OF IT.
This superb WOOLTEX MARCHIONESS coat in nearly 50 different styles and colors, *a garment you can't duplicate in actual value and quality anywhere else on earth for less than $35.00 to $50.00*, is offered you for $25.00 while this special sale lasts.
The name Wooltex on a garment stands for quality always. The makers have advertised them in the magazines until every woman knows them and knows there is no other garment quite so good.
The Wooltex Marchioness
is calculated to please and satisfy the most fastidious buyers. It is equally appropriate for street or evening wear, and wherever worn it gives an air of distinction and refined elegance unapproached by any garment we ever saw.
These garments are made in the best possible manner from the choicest fabrics. The linings, interlinings and trimmings are of superb quality and they are positively matchless in style.
Don't Fail to See Them Now.
The assortment includes the following colors: Tan, Champagne, Alice Blue, Red, Navy Blue, Plum, Green and Black, with Satin Linings in White, Gray and Black. Wooltex quality throughout.
THE TRADE "Wooltex" "Marchioness" MARK
FASHION FAULTLESS
COATS FOR WELL DRESSED WOMEN

A Tempting Offer in New Challis.
We told of these new Challis on Saturday afternoon, and the news was so good that we must repeat it again this morning. This repetition is given more to let women know that Challis in the future are going to be quite high owing to the fact that the Challis printers over in Europe have formed a trust, and a trust means a rise in prices whenever the directors see fit to call for it. Here are the salient features of this Challis news:
New 1906 Patterns in Challis.
WE are in receipt of a shipment of 1906 Challis, in remarkably pretty printings; in fact, the handsomest we have ever had the pleasure of showing, and we think those who investigate this shipment will look upon them with the same enthusiasm that we do.
White and colored grounds, over which are large and small floral designs. A dress pattern or a waist pattern of this Challis will make a pleasing holiday gift.
Prices 50c and 60c a Yard.
Imported Challis of a Grade Usually Sold for 60c a Yard, To-Day..... 45c Yard
WE'VE just 5,000 yards of this 60c Challis to sell for 45c a yard. There are white grounds and there are colored grounds, and the designs are varied enough to meet most any idea. If we had to import these Challis now you would have to pay more than 60c a yard.
Until the 5,000 yards are measured off we are going to let you have them at 45c a yard.
The 6,400 Shirtwaists That Go on Sale To-Day.
This is another piece of news that you had before you Saturday evening, and we dare say you will be after these waists bright and early this morning. There never was such another huge transaction in the matter of shirtwaists in this town before. The 6,400 filled two freight cars. A big lot of waists? Oh, no, not for this store. We will run them out in short order, or, rather, the reduced prices will make them change ownership quickly.
$1.00 to $1.75 Shirtwaists at 65c each
$1.50 to $2.50 Shirtwaists at $1.00 each
$2.50 to $3.75 Shirtwaists at $1.50 each
The materials include mohair, brilliantine, batiste, American flannel, botany flannel, French madras, vestings, albatross, challis, wool delaine.
The colors include white, reseda, garnet, black, gray, green, navy, cadet, brown, tan.
There are all sizes. The waists will be conveniently arranged on special tables, second floor, West, and women can practically help themselves.

BUY UNITED STATES STEEL COMMON
R. M. WEAVER
223 Diamond St.,
PITTSBURGH.

GAZETTE ADS BRING BUSINESS

ARE YOU FAGGED?
USE
BEECHAM'S PILLS
Sold everywhere in boxes, 10c and 25c.

Typewriters Inspected
Write us for Typewriter Inspection Circular or Contract. We can save you money. Also Dealers in second-hand Typewriters. Rentals at from $2.50 to $4 per month. F. S. Webster Carbons and Ribbons.
Pittsburgh Typewriter Inspection Co.,
F. S. WEBSTER COMPANY, Props.
482 DIAMOND STREET.

Lois Shoe For Women
Formerly Sold by W. B. Loveless Co.
Lois Shoe Co., 526 Penn Ave.

You can make no mistake by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney trouble.
Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

What is the value of your household goods? A Western policy will protect you against fire losses.
WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
501-5 Arrott Building

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure bad, foul stomach and constipation and so help to cure nearly every disease of mankind. They regulate, tone up and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

$1.95 SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN.
6,000 pairs to choose from.
FAMILY SHOE STORE,
307—Smithfield Street—307

AMUSEMENTS.
GAYETY MATINEES DAILY.
HIGH ROLLERS.
WOMEN WRESTLERS.
Next Week—IRWIN'S BIG SHOW.

AMUSEMENTS.
BELASCO THEATER
Tonight at 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat. Wed. Mat. 25c to $1.00.
MRS. TEMPLE'S TELEGRAM
Bright, Clean, Witty. Cast includes William Morris, Harry Conor, Geo. Probert.
NEXT WEEK GRACE VAN STUDDIFORD
In the Big Comic Opera Success, LADY TEAZLE.
NIXON— THIS WEEK. Henry W. Savage offers
GRAND OPERA IN ENGLISH.
Tonight at 7:30 sharp and Wednesday Mat. at 1:30 sharp, THE VALKYRIE; Tuesday at 8:15, AIDA; Wednesday at 8:15 RIGOLETTO; Thursday at 8:15 and Saturday evening, TOSCA; Friday at 8:15, FAUST; Saturday aft. at 2, TANNHAEUSER.
Next Week—JOSEPH CAWTHORN.
CARNEGIE HALL, PITTSBURGH.
BURTON HOLMES TRAVELOGUES
SWITZERLAND TUESDAY AT 8.
Prices $1 to 25c at Meller's.

AMUSEMENTS.
EMPIRE THEATER. Up Town, Collins Ave. Reached By All Car Lines.
THIS WEEK SHADOWS OF A GREAT CITY
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Next Attraction—SHERLOCK HOLMES.
Grand CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE 1:30 TO 10:45 P. M.
THIS WEEK RICHARD GOLDEN & CO.
In "Old Jed Prouty in Boston."
15—SUPERB ACTS—15
Alvin Special Price Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. Best Res'd Seats 25c & 50c.
THIS WEEK
IN NEW YORK TOWN
By the author of "Me, Him and I." Next week: DAVID HARUM.
HARRY W. WILLIAMS Academy "THE HOME OF BURLESQUE"
"KENTUCKY BELLES" INTRODUCING REED AND GILBERT.
DUQUESNE GARDEN
"Where the Nice People Go."
ICE SKATING AFT. & EVE.
Hockey Season Opens Tuesday, Dec. 12.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Monday, December 4, 1905.

While the cold wave will have the effect of restraining the flood, it came too late to prevent damage by the waters. Its advent adds materially to the discomfort of those who had already suffered from the flood. These manifestations of the elements are not new in this region and are the toll exacted for the compensation of unusually favorable conditions.

There is no diminution in the strain of the Turkish situation. The sultan shifts from one proposal to another without making concessions deemed adequate. The powers are seizing island custom houses of small importance, hoping to end the matter without open hostilities. They are probably right in their expectations, for Turkey certainly cannot afford war.

Many new members will sit in the Fifty-ninth congress. The constituencies have changed their representatives without changing the political complexion of the house. In some cases this has been the result merely of a senseless system of rotation, in others of a careful selection. This is the beauty of the American system; the good representative can be retained, the indifferent servant retired.

Thomas G. Sample, one of the most widely known citizens of this community, died yesterday. Mr. Sample had a splendid record of service to his country during the civil war. Since then he had been active in the Grand Army of the Republic and was honored several times by being given offices in that organization, in recognition of his keen interest in the welfare of his comrades. Mr. Sample held various political offices, also.

Controller Brown of Allegheny is in a position to understand the administration of public affairs in that city. His open declaration that he is weary of its foibles and misdoings is the voice of authority. Citizens of the North Side will hardly be surprised by Controller Brown's estimate of the Wyman regime, and even the people of Pittsburgh have been prepared for it by proceedings in the courts and publications in the newspapers. Allegheny probably never suffered under a worse administration.

Maj. Alexander McDowell has again been chosen by the majority caucus for chief clerk of the house. This position is nearly as important as that of speaker and it is high testimony to the character and efficiency of the Pennsylvanian that he has so often been selected for this post. Maj. McDowell, it may be said, graduated from representative-at-large in congress to the position of chief clerk on personal merit, and has given so much satisfaction since that congress could not do without him.

All records for Allegheny county were broken by the term of court ended on Saturday. This was due to assistance rendered by Judge Umbel of Fayette and Judge Patton of Armstrong, on the bench, and the hard work done by the district attorney's office in preparing the cases. Maj. Stewart has been the subject of more unjust complaint than any prosecuting attorney in this county for years. Yet his record as a hard-working, conscientious prosecutor has never been surpassed in the history of the Fifth judicial district.

A strike has been declared in the Texas oil fields, resisting a reduction in wages of 50 cents a day. This is the first movement of the kind in the oil fields of America. There has been something rather worse than a strike in the Russian oil fields this year, with most disastrous consequences. It has been one of the wonders of industrialism that oil fields were developed in Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio and West Virginia during a period of 45 years without a single strike of consequence in any branch of the business. Texas has set a bad example.

Berlin police are reported worried over the issuing of a manifesto by socialists urging German workmen to follow the example of their Russian brethren and "strike for freedom." Public demonstrations in opposition to the proposed increase of taxes are planned. The German authorities undoubtedly appreciate the importance of such demonstrations. The revolutionary spirit seems to be abroad in Europe, spreading from one country to another, and it will not be surprising if Germany comes in for a protest against the survival of imperialism.

Mayor and Councils.

There is no uncertain tone in the resolutions and oratory of the ward meetings of the "independents." They appear to know what they want and they describe the sort of mayor who should be satisfactory to a vast majority of the people. Whether there is to be a "three-cornered fight" or not, the independents must be reckoned with.

Pittsburgh, indeed, needs to have a man of high character and marked ability for mayor. It needs to choose for councils men who cannot be swayed from the duty of exacting a square deal for the public. During nearly three years the city has suffered from an administration the very antithesis of that described as desirable and councils ready at all times to give away the public property at the command of the bosses. The independent movement can hardly fail to exercise a beneficent influence.

Speaker Cannon's Views.

With the unanimous nomination of the Republican caucus the Hon. Joseph G. Cannon of Illinois is virtually speaker of the house of the Fifty-ninth congress of the United States. What he has to say of legislation is of some consequence, for under the Reed rules the speaker wields a vast power. In his address to the caucus Mr. Cannon named no measures, but by indirection he made it apparent he is opposed to any revision of the tariff during the session opening today and that he will support President Roosevelt's policy of rate regulation. This is his interpretation of the elections of 1904.

It is not the purpose of The Gazette to quarrel with Speaker Cannon's earnest convictions, though it does not fully agree with him as to the significance of the elections last year. The voters indorsed President Roosevelt by the most emphatic majority ever given, which implies their acceptance of his expressed views on the tariff quite as much as his views on railroad rates and official honesty. The tariff can wait until rates are disposed of. Other questions will be pressing more urgently, not the least of them the restriction of immigration.

Speaker Cannon was particularly happy in touching the subject of appropriations. His policy is to steer clear of extravagance on the one side and parsimony on the other. An excellent policy. True economy is as far removed from parsimony as from extravagance. Necessary expenditures should be provided for; the future should be considered equally with the present. Nothing is saved by stinting expense to prepare for future needs and emergencies. Altogether the first session of the Fifty-ninth congress promises well.

A Bad Feature of Football.

In the announcement that an agent of the University of Michigan has been sent forth to scour the country in search of material for next year's football team, and is expected shortly in Pittsburgh, is illustrated one of the worst features of the game as commonly conducted by colleges. Michigan has been popularly regarded of late as the black sheep among colleges for the manner in which athletics are conducted at that institution, but this is probably only because she has been found out in wrongdoing and publicity has been given to the discovery. The same professionalism taints the athletics of many other American colleges. The most flagrant case at Michigan recently was the playing of a member of the team who was ineligible because this is his sixth season on a college football team.

The popular outcry for reform in the methods of playing the game seems likely to result in definite action before another season. But reform should not stop here. A better sentiment should be aroused among the students at all the colleges, a sentiment which will frown upon the present generally-pursued policy of "drumming up" members of the teams from other colleges and preparatory institutions by the offer of substantial inducements which render the recipients practical professionals. Thus has the spirit of sport at the colleges been degraded. The agents sent out by the colleges to procure star players for their teams do not urge the educational advantages offered by their institutions as inducements to desirable acquisitions. Commercial propositions are made and accepted. Yet the great public which supports the games, and makes the expensive training of the players possible, is supposed to be paying for "pure amateur sport." The remedy lies with the students themselves. It is within their power to put football on a straight amateur basis, depriving the game of its present semi-professional characteristics.

Trade With Our Territories.

The bureau of statistics of the department of commerce gives some interesting facts concerning the traffic between the United States and its island territories, that greatly exceeds previous records. The bureau officials place the monetary value of this trade, including that of Alaska, at $125,000,000 for 1905, basing their estimates on the returns for the first nine months, an increase of $25,000,000 over the previous year. These figures show more than anything else the continuous development of the outlying territories.

Comparison of the trade with these territories before annexation with that of the present year is interesting. According to the statistics of 1897, Porto Rico sent to the United States produce valued at $1,767,000, while during the first nine months of this year she sold to this country $16,176,000. From the Philippines during the same period the imports increased from $3,362,000 to $11,792,000. Our exports to Porto Rico during the first three quarters of 1897 amounted to $1,504,000; for the same period of 1905 they had increased to $11,486,000. The Philippines in 1897 bought from us only $54,000 worth of goods, while for the present year up to October their purchases from the United States footed up $4,482,000.

The department of commerce and labor in its circular giving publicity to these figures suggests that our trade during 1905 with the Pacific islands that are dependencies is a much more important item in the aggregate than "the much discussed traffic with China during any one year has thus far proved to be." This is accented when it is shown the traffic with the Hawaiian islands alone, including exports and imports, exceeded $44,000,000 during the first nine months of the present year.

Immigrant Conference.

An important conference will open in New York on Wednesday to discuss immigration reform. It will meet under the auspices of the National Civic federation, an organization that has attained high distinction for its treatment of social and economic questions. Each state will be represented by official delegates and many commercial bodies will send commissioners. Secretary Taft is expected to be a conspicuous figure. The congress will first inspect the immigrant station on Ellis island, undergoing the examination applied to aliens who enter the country. The leading questions for discussion are scheduled below, but the program may vary as the delegates may deem necessary:

What is the character of the net increase in the population of the United States from immigration?

Should existing legislation looking to the elevation of its character through the exclusion of undesirable elements be extended and made more effective, and, if so, how?

Should there be any change in the system of inspection, such as having it made at ports of departure, or at the home sources of emigration, or at both?

Are there any external influences tending to stimulate the volume of immigration?

What are the nature, extent and localities of the demands in the United States for more labor?

What domestic industries and what labor crafts are most affected by the influx of alien labor, and in what ways?

What percentage of European immigration remains in the ports of arrival, such as New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore?

What practical method can be devised of distributing immigration, especially for agriculture, to points where it may be needed?

What will be the effect of the distribution of a large number of immigrants in the south upon the problem of industrial education and social betterment of the negro race?

Should the exclusion of Chinese coolie labor be made more rigid, and should it be extended to Japanese and Korean labor?

How shall the admission of exempted classes of Asiatics, such as scholars, merchants and tourists be regulated?

This list of questions covers nearly the whole ground. It is rather too comprehensive to be thoroughly gone over in the time allotted. There can hardly be a question on the necessity for legislation for the restriction of immigration, though there may be diversity of opinion concerning its form. Restriction there must be if direst consequences are to be avoided. Distribution of immigrants is, at best, a mere palliative. It can be regarded an effective remedy for certain evils only in connection with severe restriction; in fact the exclusion of large classes now pouring in.

This conference may not take up the related subject of naturalization, though reform is as much needed in our naturalization laws as in the restriction of immigration. The abnormal increase in slum inhabitants has no more demoralizing effect on the moral or ethical character of our great cities than has the unfiltered stream of naturalized citizens on our politics. No one more fully recognizes the great gain of this country from admission of many worthy aliens than The Gazette and no one more clearly appreciates the degradation brought by the unworthy. The time has come when it is better to exclude the good by indiscriminate legislation than to admit the vicious also. The stream should be filtered if possible; if not, it should be stopped.

A correspondent whose communication appears in another column calls attention to the burden of aliens in our courts, prisons, hospitals and public institutions. Any one can verify this complaint for himself. There is constant demand for more judges, larger jails, new asylums for the insane, more almshouses. The infliction is becoming intolerable. It outweighs the "cash" brought in by immigrants, not to mention that aliens send out more money in a year than new arrivals bring.

No more football games here this year, but over in England the season will be in full swing all this month and most of the winter. Anxious parents would get no sleep if our season were that long.

Abdul Hamid's proposals have been rejected and the powers are about to seize another island or two. At this rate there may be no Turkey left by Christmas.

This combination of cold wave and flood cannot be described as a warm welcome to pneumonia, but is none the less an invitation.

Nicholas might find safety in a fireproof vault, and he governs so little his suspension of power would make no great difference.

The Rev. S. Edward Young wants to have United States senators elected by the people. Mr. Young is not alone in this desire.

Public ownership would have few adherents in this country if proper public control were exercised over utilities.

Neuralgic influenza is the common thing in England, but is too painful a subject to dwell on.

An Oregon woman has cut a new tooth at the age of 119. Wisdom tooth, of course.

Today begins the second reign of "Uncle Joe."

Congress is at it again.

QUIET OBSERVATIONS ON WAYS OF WORLD

Troubles, More or Less, Are Helpful Rather Than Hurtful.

By ERASMUS WILSON.

You may not want to think it, although you knew it, that troubles, more or less, are more helpful than hurtful.

If troubles were sent upon us, or arbitrarily ordered to come our way, we might be justified in kicking, but since we invite them, and they come without being sent, or just drop in of their own accord, we have no right to complain.

You have trouble, more or less, the same as other folks, but if you will take the time to look them over, run them back to the place of beginning, thence down to date, you will be almost certain to discover where, when and how you happened to invite them.

Thinking over things is a profitable way in which to pass odd moments, or even hours.

* * *

If you had only known that the market would have gone down instead of going up, you wouldn't have invested all your money in stocks. Of course you wouldn't, but if it had gone up instead of down your neighbor, who had taken the other end, would have been pinched as badly as you were.

But if you had gone to an experienced business man for advice, he would have told you to keep out of the shifting sands of Wall street, for they will bury you sooner or later. And if you had taken his advice you would still have your money and peace of mind to boot.

Was this trouble of which you complain, and that has crippled you in a financial way, sent upon you, or didn't you invite it?

Barring accidents, our troubles may all be likened to chickens coming home to roost.

Accidents are not sent, they simply happen, and that without respect to age, name or condition.

Look your troubles over carefully and see if they are not mostly of your making, or, at least, you could have shunted them off had you acted wisely.

* * *

"I have a great deal of pity for the man or woman who gets the worst of a matrimonial deal, but no sympathy," writes a Punxsutawney scribe, or, maybe, Pharisee.

"It has been my luck to know a lot about several divorce cases, not that I have ever figured in any as a party in interest, but simply to have been so situated that I could gather facts from both sides.

"In each and every case, save one, neither party had toted fair, but each had tried to do the other up. Either the woman was not all she appeared to be, so that the man felt that he hadn't got what was coming to him, or the man had promised to be an ideal husband, but was unable to make good on account of bad habits, bad training or a bad heart.

"In every case, save one, the one was about as bad as the other, each having tried to draw the other into a match by pretending to be what they were not.

"How a tailor-made man or woman can expect to be satisfactory in undress uniform is more than I can figure out. And, don't you know, these tailor-made women are keeping lots of men from marrying? It's a fact, for you can't half the time tell what is under the tailor-made gown.

"Gee! Think of marrying a tailor-made figure and then being awakened to the real thing! Excuse me; and so say all bachelors."

There's something in that as sure as you are born; and yet a man who is more interested in the woman herself than in the tailor-made figure ought to be able to discover the facts, particularly if he is of an investigating turn of mind.

Marital troubles, like most others, are invited either before or after marriage. Some begin as very trifles, and could be effectually snuffed out by the exercise of a little common sense. The failure to do this is entirely inexcusable, so that the troubles which follow are fairly and justly due.

Look 'em over and see if your own troubles are not fairly and justly due.

Never mind your neighbor's troubles; you will have enough to do to look after your own.

* * *

Mr. Quiet Observer—I have been an interested reader of your columns for a long time and at present am greatly interested, as the present subject is bound to interest us young batchelors of my age—30 years—if you would call me such.

How would such a young man do for Lena, Laura, Lily or the Greene county girls?

In our city we have a model young man, who is prosperous in business, has the greatest respect of the community at large, is earnest in church work, does not drink, and has no bad habits. Do you think he is too good for a husband?

Well, this young man comes in contact with many young ladies, and some of them would be glad to have his company. But others who he thinks are more to his liking are desirous of having a smart young man who takes an occasional drink or talks silly and the like in preference to such as he.

Now, the girl who is near the ideal mark which I would like to reach, perhaps, would suit a great many.

But the question is, I believe, at the present, how are you going to bring these sides to an issue?

If matches are made in heaven, is it the place of the minister to bring them together as a part of his pastoral duties, since he knows the sheep in his flock, or does it come back again to the father and mother to do the match-making, so may our nation flourish with good citizens and happy homes?

THREE SCORE.

Rochester, Pa.

* * *

Dear Quiet Observer—Do you think God made two codes of morals, one for the men, the other for the women?

It has been forced upon me very much of late that men think so.

A certain gentleman said to me the other day: "Well, this evening I intend going to a certain place just for fun." And when I asked him if he intended taking his sister, that she, too, might enjoy the fun, he was horrified and said he would not think of taking any woman he really honored to such a place. When asked why he went he said, "Oh, that's different."

Is it different? Ought not a man have too much respect for himself and his mother to go any place he considers questionable?

Ought not his life be as pure and above reproach as the woman he some day hopes to marry?

Ought a truly womanly woman to lower her standard for a single moment and admit into her home as an honored friend the man who is not morally her equal?

Don't you think that is the cause of more unhappy marriages than anything else?

I WANT TO KNOW.

Sebring, O.

Works Overtime.

The Russian leaven of discontent does not adhere to the eight-hour schedule. It works all the time.—New York Tribune.

THE UNFAILING FRIEND.

The man who really likes himself
Is sure of one good friend,
Who'll be patient with his follies
And be faithful to the end.
He can always count on sympathy
Wherever he is blue,
And comforting condolence, and
Appreciation, too.

The man who really likes himself
Is sure to be content,
Whate'er he does, he has a friend
Who never will dissent,
Who's always ready with applause,
His spirits to revive,
With such approval, is it strange
He's glad that he's alive?

—Somerville Journal.

NATION'S BATTLE AGAINST DISEASE

Exhibit at Tuberculosis Congress in New York Proves Great Object Lesson.

By FRANK A. PARKER.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Sometimes the most important affairs of life are given the least space in the newspapers. Perhaps that is the only reason so little has been said during the past week about the tuberculosis congress that was held in this city during the past week. At any rate, it did not seem to attract the attention its importance deserved. When one thinks of the great number of victims of consumption in a city like New York and the millions of dollars spent annually in an effort to control or eradicate the ravages of the disease, one can see the importance of the question. But to such matters we are not inclined to give much thought until the question is brought home to us by the illness of a member of our immediate family or a very close friend. However, the physicians recognize the necessity for a crusade against tuberculosis, and they are bending every possible energy in that direction.

The chief feature of the tuberculosis congress of the past week, from the point of view of a layman, was the exhibit of paraphernalia for the use of victims of consumption. Every state in the union seemed to be represented in the battle against death, and many cities and private sanitariums sent exhibits. The chief idea is naturally to furnish fresh air and the proper conditions of living. That, with proper attention to diet, will work wonders in a few weeks in most cases, and these are the facts that are being impressed upon persons in the early stages of consumption. The exhibits paid particular attention to the need for out-of-door life, and there were even plans shown whereby the patient could sleep indoors, but with the head outside.

Plan for Greater Congress.

Plans are already being made for the international tuberculosis congress to be held in this country—probably in Washington—in 1908. A fund of $100,000 is to be raised to defray the expenses of the congress, and prizes will be given students of tuberculosis and others interested in the crusade against the white plague. In the opinion of Dr. Lawrence F. Flick, head of the Tuberculosis institution founded by Henry Phipps in Philadelphia, these prizes should include one for the greatest reduction in the death rate from tuberculosis in cities of 500,000 during the three years from now till the congress meets. Other prizes would be given for the best exhibits of objects entering into the crusade against consumption. To raise the fund for the congress, 20 wealthy men will be asked to give $5,000 each. That such a congress is of especial value to any city in which it may be held is shown by the number of people who have visited the exhibition here during the past week. Not only physicians, but people in every walk in life and of every trade and profession have taken an interest in the exhibits.

All a Matter of Air and Care.

The battle against consumption is going on harder in this city probably than in any other part of the country. This is because of the congested manner of living of the great majority of the people of New York. The tenement house commission has developed laws which make for better conditions in the crowded districts of the city, still many illy-ventilated tenements remain. The law requires that there shall be no dark rooms for sleeping, that a certain amount of air must be provided for each room in the building, and the commission is doing its best to see that this law is obeyed. In the exhibition of the past week, the commission showed rooms built with only the idea of getting the greatest possible revenue for the least possible outlay, and then the same sort of rooms after the commission had forced changes that the law required. It was easy to see that the result could not be otherwise than beneficial.

Roof-Dwellers of New York.

Since the chief demand in the cure of tuberculosis is fresh air, it is a difficult proposition to effect a cure in crowded New York. But there are probably hundreds of people unable to go away who are curing themselves right here in the city. There are a score of men and women living in tents, or sleeping in hammocks with only the sky above them, on the roofs of New York, because their doctors told them they must have fresh air or die. There is one chap in Fifty-ninth street, who has improved on the roof plan by building for himself a sleeping room outside his window. It is high above the street, and there is no one to object. This out-of-doors bedroom is built of Venetian blinds which can be opened on nights when the weather is fair, and closed when storms come. In any event, this victim of tuberculosis is snug as the proverbial bug, and he is winning back his health without the expense of chasing a thousand miles in search of a health resort.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels:

Waldorf-Astoria.
Mrs. M. B. Hardie,
J. G. Splane,
Mrs. Splane,
J. H. Walsh,
G. E. Edwards,
T. M. Andrews.

Holland.
H. Darlington,
Mrs. Darlington,
H. T. Irwin,
R. D. Haworth,
A. N. Perkins,
S. L. Fleishman,
Mrs. J. P. Cappeau,
Mrs. F. T. F. Lovejoy,
J. Park, Jr.,
S. H. Taylor.

Imperial.
H. C. Muner,
H. S. Paul,
H. S. Smith,
E. R. Vaill,
S. L. Lang,
L. H. Bowman,
M. Baer,
G. W. McCandless,
Miss Brown,
W. F. Melhuist, Jr.,
P. Zoller,
H. G. Hetzel.

Fifth Avenue.
Miss M. Curry,
S. Bergman,
W. C. Wells,
T. K. Miller,
H. M. Hurd,
S. S. Bole.

Herald Square.
W. H. Pfahl,
J. C. Morrow,
Mrs. Morrow,
E. R. Morrow,
O. C. Greenwald,
H. H. Seiferth.

Albemarle.
Miss Sproule,
Mrs. W. R. Sewell.

Hoffman.
W. Sihemp,
A. F. Bettinger.

Victoria.
F. R. Orcutt.

Breslin.
W. A. Donkin,
D. S. Kohler,
S. Van Dusen,
E. A. Richter,
J. Gill,
Mrs. Gill.

Vendome.
J. M. Norton,
Mrs. Norton,
B. G. Buchanan.

Normandie.
L. S. Carrier.

Navarre.
A. M. Vance.

Marlborough.
P. Lewis.

Gregorian.
M. Miller,
Mrs. Miller,
Miss Miller.

Seville.
R. P. Kelly.

Wolcott.
G. A. Howe,
J. E. Barnes,
C. P. Trimble,
Mrs. Trimble.

Cumberland.
H. L. May.

Cadillac.
A. L. Barbour.

Broadway Central.
A. Morgan.

St. Denis.
Misses Gregg,
A. M. Milligan.

Westminster.
Miss M. R. Parsons.

Manhattan.
T. B. Given,
W. J. Strassburger,
E. M. Sheppard,
H. F. Naylor,
P. E. Aiden.

Grand.
L. M. Stahl.

Hotel Astor.
Miss R. S. Wallace.

Astor House.
C. P. Naser,
Mrs. Naser,
A. Pen,
Mrs. Pen.

St. Andrews.
W. P. Field.

Park Avenue.
G. W. Morse.

Prince George.
Mrs. D. W. Kuhn.

New Field for Usefulness.

Why not get the weather bureau to help in diplomatic affairs with China? High water at Shanghai has scared the Chinese there into lifting the boycott on American goods.—Cleveland Leader.

Anticipated by Public Opinion.

King Edward has decided to confer the Order of Merit on both Field Marshal Oyama and Admiral Togo. Public opinion did that long ago.—Baltimore American.

AMERICAN EFFORTS IN FAR SOUTH AFRICA

Establishment of an Iron and Steel Mill There—Pittsburgh Worker Leader of Enterprise.

Consul Snodgrass of Pretoria, Transvaal, furnishes figures and facts about the efforts of enterprising Americans to get a firm footing in South Africa. He reports the establishment of an iron and steel mill at Zuurfontein and predicts large profits in its product, provided the company is able to make steel rails equal to those imported from England. The consul says the building of the mill is believed to be only the beginning of a movement such as characterized the establishment of the iron and steel trade in the United States. He writes:

"The Transvaal Iron and Steel Company, with a capital of $250,000, is the first project of the kind to find birth on the dark continent, the first essay of the company being to devote its attention to the manufacture of bar iron of almost every description, including angles, shoes and dies, tees, girders, small mine rails, bolts and nuts, spikes and such other lines as may be in demand from scrap iron and steel now cast aside as useless. This is not a new idea but is being carried out in every country which manufactures its own iron, some of the best and most popular brands being made in this manner. The new plant will be built at Zuurfontein nearly midway between Pretoria and Johannesburg, on the South African railroad, where a large ore bed has been purchased, which will be utilized providing it will be possible to secure the proper coking coal, the only kind now being produced coming from Natal and said to be not of a superior quality. Johannesburg is so situated that the freight from and to the coast precludes scrap from being exported, and the result is that it is mostly dumped as useless and has been accumulating for years."

Leader a Pittsburgher.

"The leader in the new venture is a Pittsburgh iron and steel worker of long experience who has optimistic notions as to the future of that business in South Africa. He has secured options over a large quantity of iron and steel scrap, his contract with the mines covering a period of years and controlling a sufficient quantity to last the new company five or more years. In the prospectus of the company it is estimated that the yearly accumulation of scrap in the Transvaal is almost sufficient to supply the requirements of the works on the estimated output, so that, with the quantity held under option and what is otherwise available, a regular output should be maintained. In addition to this it is the intention of the company to develop iron ore areas as indicated above. The key of the whole position lies in the cheapness of scrap iron on the Rand, none of the contract prices exceeding $5 per ton, and averaging much less, whereas scrap iron and steel in England, where 90 per cent of all the iron and steel used in South Africa comes from, commands about $7 50, and in the protection afforded by freight and railage. Taking these two factors into account, it is estimated that a preference of over $40 a ton exists, subject, of course, to the difference in the labor cost per ton on the manufactured article. When it is remembered that the railway rate from Durban is about $28 per ton and from Delagoa bay about $25 per ton, and the steam freight from $6 to $7 50, it will at once be seen how this preference is made up."

Estimates of Cost.

"It is proposed to lay down an American plant at a cost not to exceed $160,000, and to produce 20 tons per day of ten hours with one shift of men. The plant will comprise four mills—namely, one 9-inch, one 14-inch, one plate mill and one sheet mill with arrangements for galvanizing and corrugating. A Siemens-Martin furnace will be erected and the installation will be completed by a forging department (steam hammers.) The following estimates will be interesting to American iron and steel manufacturers: Working costs for one ton scrap iron, water, sand, coal, etc., $22 48; skilled and unskilled labor and all office and administrative charges, $17; total cost per ton, $39 48. Estimated profits: By selling finished iron at $58 44 per ton, the market is secured against the imported article, and a profit of $18 96 a ton is the estimate.

"The company already claims to have secured some large contracts from the South African railroad, controlled by the government, providing it is able to make steel rails of equal grade to those manufactured in England. As a development of colonial industry, the scheme is an interesting one and will likely be given close attention by Americans in the same line, our trade in that widely growing field being practically valueless so far."

CASH THEY BRING.

Money Brought by Immigrants No Gain to Country.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

Your editorials on the immigration question have the right ring. The ballot will never be really purified until it is kept from the hands of unprepared citizens. Naturalization must be denied men who cannot understand the duties of citizenship. Manifold evils flow from this source.

There may be some short-sighted people who point to the money immigrants brought into the country in 1904. The commissioner general's report shows that of the 812,870 aliens who arrived in the United States, 549,100 were male and 263,770 females, an increase in females over the preceding year of 19,870, and a decrease in males of 64,046. There were 109,150 under 14 years, 257,155 between 14 and 45, 49,565 over 40, 3,953 could read but not write, and 188,503 could neither read nor write. And this total of 812,870 aliens brought $20,894,383, a sum so large that I remember it was commented upon at the time.

I have already indicated the value of the "spot-cash" immigrants. All their brawn; all their intelligence; all their love and intelligent appreciation of liberty (and there are many whose training and reading, like the great mass of the Germans, is a positive gain), does not offset the enormous expenditures in our cities for the support of indigent aliens, enforcing the laws, extensions and maintenance of penal institutions.

I will go further, the amount named will not offset the increase in expenditures in 40 large cities I can name, leaving out the lesser cities, towns and the entire agricultural population. Glance over the police reports in this city. Note the proportion of foreigners in the criminal courts. The truth is that in Pittsburgh a very large proportion of our police and court machinery is grinding out business brought to the machinery by aliens. And the proportion is so great compared with the proportion of business necessitated by violation of our laws in the past that it is the subject of comment.

Then there are the hideous crimes committed which our police authorities, with apparent good reason, ascribe to societies which all must recognize as the natural result of ages of oppression and cruelty in the old world; such as the Mafia, the Vendetta and Black Hand; crimes such as the American people never heard of 20 years ago.

Sum this part of the question up and making ample allowance for sentiment, let me ask the intelligent citizen if the republic ought to continue to occupy the position of a reformatory institution; a hospital; a graveyard and executioner for all the remainder of the world?

Of all the transparent arguments in favor of immigration, the idea of welcoming nearly a million immigrants because they fetch $20,000,000 spot-cash in their pockets is the thinnest.

VIGILANT.

Cause of Albany's Gloom.

Deep gloom hangs over Albany, of that there is no doubt; the "House of Mirth" has ceased to be—and Andrew Fields is out!—New York Herald.

STORIES FOUND IN THE LOBBIES

Interesting Happenings Concerning the People Who Are Traveling.

Jose L. Rivero Quijano, J. Rimera Quijano, A. Kuyanokuedo and Filiberta Quiros of Puebla, Mex., are at the Henry. The young men are making a tour of the United States and will remain in Pittsburgh several days. From here they will go east.

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Preparing for Holiday Rush.

About 25 agents of the Adams Express Company, stationed at points on the Pennsylvania system, are at the Fort Pitt. Today they will meet with officials of the Pennsylvania system and decide on ways and means for handling the holiday traffic. The outlook is that this year will exceed all others, and the railroad is preparing to place a number of extra express trains in service to handle the business.

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Italians Going Home.

The annual exodus of Italians to their native land began last night. About 20 went east to sail for home during the week. They are mostly of the better class, who work in this country during the summer and fall and spend the winter, especially the holidays, at home.

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Alleghenians Go East.

Ex-Senator Charles A. Muehlbronner and John W. Robinson, select councilman from the Fourth ward, Allegheny, went to Philadelphia last night on business.

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Arrivals at the Hotels.

Fort Pitt—W. C. Arnold, Dubois; W. L. Burton, Brookville; John M. Given, Alliance; L. S. Page, John Mevin, Youngstown; W. E. Wells, East Liverpool; T. B. Patton, H. J. Wade, Clarksburg, W. Va.

Duquesne—C. H. Briggs, Altoona; B. E. Hughes, Wheeling; W. J. Woolley, Anderson, Ind.

Henry—John O. Clark, Parkersburg; Henry J. Riordan, Philadelphia; Dr. P. E. Hepler, Bridgeport, O.; J. B. Phillips, Warren.

Seventh Avenue—J. Hammond, Columbus; George J. Blackburn, Elm Grove; E. J. McCulloch, Clinton; J. W. Burchinal, Moundsville, W. Va.; C. F. Fithian, Grove City; E. M. Queen, Queenstown.

Monongahela—George W. Kelly, Washington, Pa.; J. C. McSpadden, Rockwood; William H. Koontz, Jr., D. J. Horner, Somerset; W. G. Wilson, Altoona.

Griswold—F. W. Davis, Ursina; L. S. Hubler, Waynesburg; H. C. Randolph, W. H. Lamson, C. O. Williams, Punxsutawney.

Lincoln—T. H. Middleton, Berlin; Francis B. Blackford, Cleveland; A. Crawford Hoyt, New Castle; A. C. White, J. A. Norman, Washington, Pa.; Chester A. Mastress, Charleroi.

Colonial—S. M. Cole, Dubois; C. L. Beaver, Kittanning; E. G. Weaver, Erie; L. Means, Altoona; J. J. Liedick, Butler.

Anderson—E. M. Kerr, Warren, Pa.; E. D. Marchand, Dubois; E. B. Focy, Clearfield; A. C. Townsend, New Brighton.

St. Charles—F. E. Williams, Erie; T. H. Harriman, Butler; S. M. Thomas, Markleysburg; V. W. Hite, Ellwood City.

Boyer—O. M. Emery, New Castle; W. R. Bowman, Somerset; Fred Zapf, Johnstown; F. W. Boyer, Harrisburg; P. A. Newton, Erie; R. W. Seaton, Butler.

Referred to the Governor.

What would Philadelphia not give today to secure a proper setting for its $25,000,000 city hall, which is hemmed in and dwarfed by skyscrapers, some of them 20 stories high? When the building was begun, such a setting could have been got for a comparatively small sum of money, but through false economy and want of foresight, the opportunity was irretrievably lost. Shall the state of Pennsylvania commit a similar folly, by neglecting to extend Capitol park eastward to the railroad, until it is forever too late? It is, first of all, up to Gov. Pennypacker to answer this question.—Harrisburg Patriot.

Washington's Bad Street Manners.

Here is a town populated by enlightened, civilized, well-meaning people. Take the individuals as they come, at random, and you will find them well above the average in everything that goes to constitute good citizens, useful members of society, and kindly, sympathetic, helpful neighbors. Appraise them en masse, in the light of their street manners, in their concentrated public manifestations, and you will agree that a herd of long-horned cattle can give them points on courteous consideration and agreeable behavior.—Washington Post.

Liberty and License.

The Anglo-Saxon race, so nearly homogenous and crowded in a limited area, has required centuries to come to a full appreciation of its liberties vouchsafed by the magna charta, as generally regarded, and there is no estimating how long the Russians will require to comprehend and practically exercise the new functions with which they have in the words of the czar been clothed.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Evidence of China's Progress.

China wants a national anthem all her own, now that she has discovered that Japan has one, and the prefect of Pekin, who is a little bit musical himself, has been requested to see what could be done about it. Those people over across the Pacific do not only want to get on the band wagon, but they want the band to play a tune that they can whistle themselves.—Baltimore American.

Small Results, but Something.

After nearly nine years of street railway reform agitation we have succeeded in introducing the thermometer, which, by the way, does not indicate how hot the passengers are after they have been clinging for five miles to an unelastic strap. But it is something.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

If Honest, It's Useless.

The insane department of the New York state government is to be investigated next. If it shall be found honest and efficient, after all that has been learned about the insurance companies, that will be good ground for its abolition as useless.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

TO CRACK A SMILE.

First Lawyer—Don't you think we are giving our client unnecessary trouble?

Second Lawyer—Yes; but we'll charge him for it.—Smith's Magazine.

"Pop!"

"Yes, my son."

"What is an excavation?"

"Why, an excavation, my boy, is a place from which dirt has been taken."

"Well, I suppose my face is an excavation, then."—Yonkers Statesman.

"What are you so sore about, Dobbin? The committee has accepted your picture, hasn't it?"

"Yes, but have you seen the catalogue? I called the painting 'Ready for the Bath,' and they have printed it 'Ready for the Ball.'"

"Well, cheer up. Who'll know the difference?"—Cleveland Leader.

Everybody works but father,
From ma to Brother Rob,
And the reason dad's not working—
He holds a government job.

—Chicago News.

"I'm afraid our horse won't run," said he, when they reached the race track.

"Why not?" she asked.

"He has been scratched."

"Good gracious! Don't the people here know anything about courtplaster?"—Philadelphia Ledger.

Robbie's father had a friend call. After they had chatted a few minutes the only cigar on the table was offered to the guest, so Robbie went upstairs for a fresh box. As the boy reached the top stair his father was startled to hear:

"Which kind, papa? Do you want those you smoke yourself or the kind you give away?"—Lippincott's Magazine.

FORAKER HAS NOT RECEDED ON BILL

Senator Will Introduce His Rate Measure at Opening of Session.

INVESTIGATION FOR CANAL

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 3.

Senator Foraker will introduce his railroad rate regulation bill, which he has already submitted to the interstate commerce committee and given to the public, on Wednesday of this week, and have it referred to the committee of which Senator Elkins is chairman and he is himself a member. This statement is an answer to the report that the senator had receded from his position on the rate question and would tacitly at least support the program advocated by President Roosevelt.

"I shall introduce my bill at the earliest opportunity," said the senator this evening when asked if his measure would be presented. "That will not be until Wednesday. The senate will meet tomorrow and adjourn out of respect to the late Senator Platt, and on Tuesday the session will be occupied with hearing the President's message."

Senator Foraker, it can be stated, will do all in his power to the end that the rate legislation enacted will be along the line of the measure he has prepared, but he will not in any way attempt to obstruct the passage of a bill embodying the President's ideas if it shall appear that there is a majority in favor of such a bill.

Those who are expecting rate legislation within a few weeks are likely to be disappointed, however. The senate will wait for the house to pass a bill, and it is not to be expected that the house will do anything in the way of legislation until after the holidays.

In the meanwhile it is understood that the senate's attention will be largely occupied with other matters. A resolution for an investigation of the Panama canal situation will be offered by the Democrats, it is promised, and there will be little opposition on the Republican side to its adoption. Such an investigation, it need not be explained, would interest and engross the attention of the executive as well as of the legislative branch of the government.

Harvey C. Garber tonight denied the report that he had said that he would decline the chairmanship of the Democratic congressional campaign committee if it should be tendered him. On the contrary, he indicated an altogether receptive disposition.

L. W. STRAYER.

WOULD POLICE THE WORLD

Continued from First Page.

the Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy made a plea for the unification of all Israel, whether reformed or orthodox, English or Russian, German or English, and urged that the condition of the Jews of Russia be alleviated at once by whatever means, whether by his suggestion of a buffer state in Manchuria or by Zionism's scheme of rehabitation in Palestine.

Pleads for Self-Defense.

Professor Gottheil made an eloquent plea on behalf of the Jewish Defense association, urging that charity be placed first and self-defense second, and pleaded for the necessity of arming the Jews of Russia to meet further attacks. In this connection he said:

"Forsooth it is said that our faith is not a militant one, and that the idea of war and bloodshed is repugnant to our sight. We are to wait for redress until the whole world presents the placidity of a lake. Where, then, is the valor of old which taught us to stand up against wrong, not bare our backs, but to uncover our chests and march on to the noble triumph of right and the virtuous duty of self-defense? Where are the virtues of the Maccabees, who not only defended their homes, but guarded their temple as well? Here in this twentieth century, as in the first and tenth, we are bidden to gird our loins, to defend our homes and to save our women and children from violence.

Urges Return of Valor.

"At such a supreme moment, then, I ask you, Jews of Pittsburgh, which of the two shall we sacrifice, life or honor? Shall we simply crouch away before the dogs and wolves as they are set free from their leashes, only to be tracked out and killed and maimed in unbeseeming shame and abject humiliation? Are we, indeed, children of the Hasmoneans, the valor of whose handful kept at bay whole Syrian armies? Are we of the breed who gathered at York in 1190 and made its Clifford tower so famous? Far more strenuous times are abroad today, and stress must be met by stress.

"First charity, then self-defense; but after that what is to come? Is the dreary round to commence once more at its starting point? We have imagined that every one can help us except ourselves, and from these vain imaginings we refuse to budge with a pathetically heroic courage. How often have we solicited protection and with what result? How often have we appealed to the world's sense of justice and right, and what has been the issue? Russia can tell the tale, Roumania can confirm it, Austria can give witness, Germany can testify and France can bear it out. The answer must ever be the same, for no one can do for us what we do not wish to do for ourselves."

Says Russia Is Doomed.

The Rev. Dr. S. Edward Young in a short address declared that the Russian government is doomed and must be wiped out as it now exists, and pleaded for the elimination of religious partitions between the human family of the world.

The Rev. H. Malanisky delivered a strong address in Yiddish which brought tears and sobs from all portions of the vast audience as he depicted the outrages suffered by his co-religionists in Russia. Following him, Rabbi A. J. Manevitz chanted the Hebrew death hymn, and tears and sobs prevailed to such a degree as to effect even those who could not understand the cantor. Prof. Brashear followed with a broad-minded plea for the unity of mankind, regardless of religious belief, and urged that theological differences be settled "when we all get to heaven."

Italian Is Held for Court.

James Alcona, an Italian of Everett street, was held for court in $500 bail yesterday by Magistrate Negley, at No. 6 police station, on a charge of assault and battery preferred by Albert Tally. Alcona and three of his brothers were arrested on Saturday night while engaged in a battle with Tally in Everett street. It was charged by Tally that the defendant cut him in the neck with a knife. Alcona's brothers were released.

Liquor Is Carried Away.

The Allegheny police were notified yesterday that a large quantity of beer and whisky had been taken from the Manneronor club house in Hamilton street, Troy Hill, late Saturday night. An investigation by Detectives Johnson and England developed the fact that the spirits had been carried off by members of the club, who celebrated a birthday anniversary in Reserve township. The offenders promise to pay for the liquor.

Hazelwood Residence Is Damaged.

A leak in a gas stove in the house of Conard Daffner, 3511 Lafayette street, Hazelwood, set fire to the house about 10 o'clock last night. The loss is $400.

CHURCH DEDICATED AT SOUTH SHARON

SHARON, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—In the presence of several hundred people the new $15,000 Methodist Episcopal church at South Sharon was dedicated today. The dedicatory sermon was preached by Bishop C. C. McCabe of Philadelphia. In the afternoon the Rev. W. Campbell of New Castle had charge of the services and in the evening the Rev. Dr. C. W. Smith of Pittsburgh preached. The church was dedicated practically clear of debt. It has a seating capacity of about 500 and the parsonage is connected with the church. The basement is so arranged that it can be equipped for a gymnasium.

MANY ARE SHOT IN STREET FIGHTS

Continued from First Page.

that news has been received from Warsaw to the effect that many families are hurriedly leaving that city. The banks doing German and Austrian business in Warsaw are meeting many calls for the immediate payment of considerable sums.

Would Exterminate the Jews.

ODESSA (undated), sent by special courier by way of Podwoloczyska, Galicia, December 3.—This dispatch is sent at the request of the Jewish community, which fears a fresh massacre by the local garrison:

"It is asserted that a proclamation is being circulated in almost every regiment, calling on the soldiers to exterminate the Jews and to destroy the newspaper offices in revenge for groundless accusations against the troops of their participation in massacres and pillage and in the protection of rowdies. This is exciting the population against the army.

"The Jews assert that the officers deliver anti-Semitic speeches in the barracks after removing the Jewish soldiers and that Gov.-Gen. Kaulbars himself has confessed that the officers are burning for revenge on the Jews, and that he is unable to guarantee the preservation of order.

"In view of the fact that this city is entirely cut off from St. Petersburg and thus is altogether in the hands of the local authorities, the Jewish community implores all civilized nations and their governments to take all possible measures at St. Petersburg to prevent a catastrophe which may exceed anything that has yet occurred."

Capital in Great Alarm.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 2, via Berlin, Dec. 3.—Intense alarm prevails here. Communication with the outer world by telegraph ceased this morning when the Finnish operators joined their Russian comrades. The embassies, legations and banks are hastily organizing courier services to both the Finnish and German frontiers.

The population is almost in a state of panic, fearing that the railroads will stop running and that the inhabitants therefore will have no mode of flight in the event of the cataclysm which they seem to fear is imminent. Stories of the spread of dissaffection in the guard regiments are in everybody's mouth and the revolutionaries continue to boast that the troops will no longer fire on the people.

This evening the newsboys were openly hawking flysheets in the streets containing an account of an alleged revolt at Tsarskoe-Selo and crying out: "The emperor's palace guard has mutinied." According to reliable information the only foundation for these stories is the arrest of the soldiers of the guard at Tsarskoe-Selo Thursday. Nevertheless, in their excited state the people give ready credence to all rumors and this adds to the general alarm.

The air is also filled with stories of the alleged revolution at the palace Friday, in which Grand Duke Boris is said to have attempted the life of the emperor. These stories likewise are untrue, but they prove that a revolution in the palace is considered possible at any time.

Taking Money from Banks.

The situation has greatly increased the dangers of a financial crash. The people, even the commercial interests, are withdrawing their money from the banks, converting it into gold, hoarding it or demanding foreign exchange, which the state bank is issuing upon the foreign balances of the government. Exchange on London yesterday rose to 9.50, over a rouble above the normal.

The situation in the Baltic provinces has grown exceedingly grave and the troops at Reval and neighborhood towns are in open mutiny. This was the real cause of the extraordinary cabinet meeting which was held at Tsarskoe-Selo last night. All attempts to secure details of the uprising have thus far failed. According to reports the attitude of the troops in the Baltic provinces is regarded by the government as the most dangerous factor that has thus far developed. A strike of the policemen and house porters of St. Petersburg is scheduled for tomorrow (Sunday).

Court Witte continues to refuse to deal with the telegraphers, declaring that for the government to yield would be equivalent to its abdication at their order. Nevertheless, the surrender of the government to their demand for the dismissal of M. Durnovo, acting minister of the interior, is regarded as inevitable. Instructions to the governors and the local authorities are being sent with great difficulty over the railroad telegraph lines.

Walking Delegates Warned.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 2.—(By Courier to Eydtkuhnen, East Prussia, Dec. 3.)—There is perceptible a more confident feeling in government circles tonight. It is believed that the danger of an immediate general political strike and railroad tie-up is past and that the workmen's council will stand by a compromise under which governmental and private factories will be opened. This would leave the hands of the government free to deal with the telegraphists. M. Sevastianoff, superintendent of posts and telegraphs, tonight issued a notice to all telegraph and post employes that unless they returned to work tomorrow they would be discharged and their places filled.

The prefect of St. Petersburg, Gen. De Dioulin, also issued a proclamation warning to walking delegates and agitators that any attempts to dissuade employes, either of private or public concerns, by threats of violence to leave factories, mills or public institutions would lead to their arrest and the imposition of a fine of $250 and imprisonment for three months.

Furthermore the government has received reassuring news concerning the new outbreak of troops in the Baltic provinces. M. Petrunkevitch, the Zemstvoist, and Moscow agricultural society and his colleagues, at the invitation of Premier Witte, participated in the sitting of the council of ministers this afternoon when the election law was discussed.

May Change for the Worse.

This also is interpreted favorably, but nevertheless it is realized that the situation may at any moment change for the worse should the leaders of the revolutionaries and Social Democrats, who seem to hold the fate of the country in their hands, suddenly alter their plans.

The government version of the arrest of the soldiers of the guard at Tsarskoe-Selo places an entirely new complexioon on the affair. According to this version the soldiers were incensed at the mutiny in Sebastopol and at the public insults to which they were constantly subjected even in the streets of Tsarskoe-Selo and they demanded to be led against the revolutionaries and the intelligencia in the capital. When their officers tried to quiet them they became so obstreperous that they had to be arrested.

The reactionary influences at court and the Imperial Guard are making desperate efforts to unhorse Count Witte to proclaim a dictatorship and to fight the revolution with bullets and bayonets. Their candidates for dictator are Count Alexis Ignatieff and Gen. Skallon, governor general of Poland.

Citizens from Nikolaieff, Ekaterinoslav and Odessa arrived today, bringing overwhelming evidence of the connivance and even the participation of the military and police in anti-Jewish excesses. The members of the unions are greatly incensed at this and speeches have been made at their meetings calling on the proletariat to erect barricades.

It is expected that a railway strike will be declared either tomorrow or Monday. The latter is a holiday, which fact will enable the workmen to meet and decide on a common plan of action.

Telegraphists Will Not Yield.

The most elaborate precautions have been taken against another outbreak by the troops as a result of the Sebastopol mutiny. The naval battalions have been completely gained over by the revolutionaries and are almost beyond control. They have been deprived of their arms.

The striking telegraphists declare they have ample funds and that they will not yield even at the risk of dismissal. Telegraph officials on the railroads refuse to forward government or private dispatches, but are willing for the present to send and receive telegrams relating to the railroad service.

A quieter tone prevailed as the bourse today, the brokers helping to stay the panic by taking all offerings of imperial fours at 78, yesterday's closing price. The government sought to dispel the gloomy feeling on the bourse by assurances that the removal of martial law in Poland would help the situation.

At the war department this afternoon it was declared that the outbreak of troops in the Baltic provinces was confined to reservists who were insisting on their immediate discharge. The officials refused to furnish details.

Owing to similar troubles in the far east the government is contracting to send 50,000 of the troops now there home by sea from Vladivostok.

Will Disarm Warships.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—Undated dispatches from St. Petersburg arrived by way of Eydtkuhnen, East Prussia, give the following information:

There is the greatest excitement among the sailors and the authorities have ordered the disarmament of the warships. The officers, fearing a mutiny, acceded to the demand of the sailors for the release of a workman who was arrested while distributing revolutionary proclamations.

Soldiers and sailors are driving about the streets creating disturbances. Many quarters of the city are dangerous after nightfall, owing to an increase in the number of unruly characters. The military authorities are preparing repressive measures. Heavy forces of artillery are arriving at the capital, causing a panic among the population. Officers recently held a meeting at Tsarskoe-Selo and decided to refuse to order their men to fire if called on to repress disorders.

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, Dec. 3.—A number of Russians were severely wounded by an explosion here today while they were preparing bombs in a private residence. An investigation by the authorities led to the discovery of a number of explosives, fraudulent passports and a secret printing press. Two of the men wounded in the explosion were taken to a hospital, but the others succeeded in evading arrest.

Fears to Lose Legacy.

Mrs. Mary Spillman, the aged woman who asked for lodging at the central police station Saturday night and produced a $100 bill, stating she wanted something better than a cell, as she was willing to pay for it, was taken home to Canonsburg, Pa., yesterday by her son-in-law, James E. Henry, who came to the police station in response to a message. He said his mother-in-law had received a legacy left by her father in Germany and, fearing the money would be soon spent, went to work as a servant at Allliquippa.

BLAME NOVELS FOR BOY'S DEATH

John Rodler, Who Killed Himself With a Bullet, Was Constant Reader of Yellow Books.

TWO INFANTS DIE SUDDENLY

Dime novels are supposed to have been indirectly responsible for the death of John Rodler, aged 23, of 2816 Sallsbury street. Rodler was found lying in bed yesterday with a bullet hole back of his right ear. A 32-caliber revolver lay on the bed beside him. Rodler boarded with his brother, George Rodler. The latter says he heard a revolver shot about 5 o'clock yesterday morning, but as there were no further developments, paid no attention to it and went to sleep again. At 8 o'clock he went into his brother's room to call him. After repeated efforts to arouse him he finally discovered the revolver and saw that the boy had a bullet hole in his head.

Mr. Rodler says his brother read dime novels most of the time and carried a revolver. It is thought he killed himself while either crazed with a story he had read or that he was suffering from nightmare and shot himself while in that condition. The brother says the young man often awoke the family during the night by screaming and crying that people were being shot and murdered.

Rodler was formerly employed at the Jones & Laughlin plant, but had not worked for some time, as he only recovered several weeks ago from an attack of illness.

Mary Kocis, only an hour old, was sent to be christened yesterday morning at St. Michael's church, Braddock, and after the attendants took her home and laid her in her mother's arms, the baby died almost at once. The matter was reported to the coroner. The parents live at 1306 Cherry alley, Braddock, and as the baby was very frail when born, they feared it would die before it would be christened.

The infant daughter of Mrs. Kate Krimpack died in a South Side street car early yesterday morning, when her mother, just arrived from Europe, was on her way to 3219 Mary street, South Side. Mrs. Krimpack was accompanied from Europe by Mrs. Kate Milanak, who had lived in this city for a time until three years ago, when she returned to her native land. The two women and Mrs. Krimpack's baby, 10 months old, arrived in New York last Tuesday. The baby took sick there and was attacked several times with convulsions. They left for this city on Friday night, but did not arrive here until about 3 o'clock yesterday morning. The women started to walk to the Mary street house, but at the south end of the Smithfield street bridge a car overtook them, which they boarded. The child was very sick, and when at South Fourth street it expired in its mother's arms. The women proceeded to their destination, and to add to the mother's distress they there found her husband no longer lived there, that he had left the boarding house some time ago and nobody knew where he now is. The matter was reported to the coroner that a death certificate could be issued for the baby's burial.

Oliver McClintock Co.

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The special holiday showing this month includes hundreds of beautiful pieces of moderate size and cost, especially adapted for holiday giving.

Small Sizes—Three feet wide by five or six feet long—an always useful rug, $8 to $125 each—Several hundred to select from.

Larger sizes in great abundance and at almost any price you want to pay

A comparison of quality and prices will demonstrate that there is no house in the country that can offer you better values.

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1—The Rugs will be exactly as represented.
2—The Price will be based on fair commercial value.

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Quickly installed without least inconvenience.
Absolutely safe—no fumes—durable and convenient.
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The KLEBER PIANO is as high-grade as MEN and MONEY can make it.

The TREMENDOUS array of LETTERS from Pittsburgh's most prominent musicians MUST be of value to Xmas buyers.

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CAN ANY PIANO AGENT UNDERSELL THE MANUFACTURER WHO SELLS HIM THE PIANOS?

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The Best Natural Purgative Water

ORDINARY DOSE, A Wineglassful Before Breakfast.

The good effects of Apenta Water are maintained by smaller and steadily diminishing doses, repeated for successive days.

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SPARKLING APENTA,

IN SPLITS ONLY,

NATURAL APENTA CARBONATED,

A Refreshing and Pleasant Aperient for Morning Use.

DRINK WHILE EFFERVESCENT.

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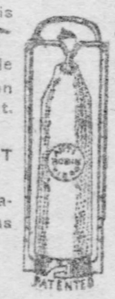
ANTI-VIBRO MANTLE.

Only Mantle in the World Like It.

Gives twice the light of any other mantle on the market. Does not blacken and retains its brilliancy for six months. One "Anti-Vibro" will outlast a dozen other mantles, and the price only 35c.

This Movable Suspension Does It. CANNOT BREAK.



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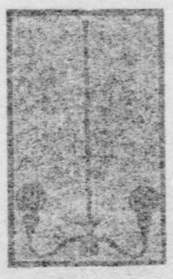
3 for $1.00



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Atlantic Express, daily..... 7.30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily..... 8.00 a. m.
Buffalo Day Express, daily, for Buffalo..... 9.00 a. m.
Day Express, daily..... 12.01 p. m.
Mail Express, daily, for Baltimore and Washington..... 12.45 p. m.
Chicago Mail, daily, for Baltimore and Washington..... 4.50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily, for Philadelphia and New York..... 4.55 p. m.
New York Express, daily..... 7.10 p. m.
Philadelphia and Washington Express, daily..... 9.00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York, Baltimore and Washington..... 10.00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily, for Philadelphia only. Sleeping cars only... 10.00 p. m.
Buffalo Night Express, daily, for Buffalo..... 11.00 p. m.

For Oil City, 6.20, 9.00 a. m., 1.30, 5.05 and 11.00 p. m. week-days, Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 5.05 and 11.00 p. m.
For Titusville and Corry, 9.00 a. m. and 11.00 p. m. daily. For Titusville only, 1.30 p. m. week-days.
For Du Bois, 6.20, 9.00 a. m., 1.30 and 5.05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m. and 5.05 p. m.
For Connellsville and Uniontown 6.15, 8.25 a. m., 12.30 and 5.07 p. m. week-days, 8.00 a. m. and 4.55 p. m. Sundays.
For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10.55 a. m., 4.40 p. m. week-days and 4.40 p. m. Sundays.
For Brownsville only, 6.15, 8.20, 9.15 a. m., 1.05, 3.25, 7.20 and 11.35 p. m. week-days; 7.05, 9.50 a. m., and 1.05, 5.00 and 9.40 p. m. Sundays. For West Brownsville, 1.05 and 3.25 p. m. week-days. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 6.10, 8.20, 9.15, 10.55 a. m., 1.05, 3.25, 4.40, 5.25 to Monongahela City), 7.20 and 11.35 p. m. week-days. Sunday, 7.05, 9.50 a. m., 1.05, 4.30, 5.00 and 9.40 p. m.
For Butler, 3.05 and 5.10 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY:
For Butler, 6.50, 8.25, 10.25 a. m., 2.20 and 5.45 p. m. week-days, Sundays, 7.05 a. m., 9.50 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check Baggage from Hotels and Residences. Time Cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Office, No. 390 Fifth Avenue, corner Fourth Avenue and Try Street, and Union Station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass't Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

(Eastern Standard Time.)
Leaves Station, Smithfield and Water Sts.

LINES EAST—	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom.....	*6:30 am	*9:25 pm
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleasant.....	†6:50 am	†10:05 am
Wash., Balto. & N. Y.....	*8:00 am	*7:45 pm
Conn't'v., Un't'n & Fairm't..	*8:00 am	*7:45 pm
West Newton Accom.....	†9:10 am	†5:00 am
Cumb., Wash. & Balto.....	*1:10 pm	*3:00 pm
Connv., Un't'n & Fairm't..	†2:00 pm	†10:05 am
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas.....	†2:00 pm	†5:05 pm
Connellsville Accom.....	*4:00 pm	†6:05 pm
Morgantown, Clarksburg & Weston.....	†5:00 pm	†12:20 pm
Philadelphia & New York (Duquesne Limited).....	*6:30 pm	*9:00 am
West Newton Accom.....	†6:40 pm	†1:20 pm
Wash., Balto. & Phila.....	*9:30 pm	*7:00 am
LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.		
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac..	*7:00 am	*9:10 am
Kenova and Parkersburg (Ohio Valley Express)...	*7:50 am	†9:40 pm
Col., Cin. & St. L. Ex...	*8:30 am	*7:45 pm
Wheeling & Kenova.....	*9:25 am	*6:00 pm
Wheeling & Parkersburg..	*1:25 pm	*11:20 am
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheeling..	*4:30 pm	*10:00 am
Wheeling & Parkersburg..	*4:30 pm	*11:20 am
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	*5:05 pm	*4:05 pm
Col., Cin. & St. Louis Ex..	*8:50 pm	*7:55 pm
LINES WEST VIA AKRON.		
Cleve., Akron & Lorain..	*7:45 am	*5:00 pm
Chicago & Cleveland.....	*5:10 pm	*12:15 pm
Chicago Limited.....	*8:05 pm	*7:35 am
(Leave Allegheny.)		
Butler.....	†7:00 am	†6:05 am
Butler.....	†7:30 am	*9:40 am
Butler, Foxburg & Kane..	†8:15 am	†5:10 pm
Butler, Erie.....	*9:15 am	*8:30 pm
Butler.....	†11:00 am	*9:40 pm
Butler, Erie.....	†1:15 pm	†1:00 pm
Ellwood City.....	†1:15 pm	†6:30 am
Butler, Clarion, Greenv....	†3:00 pm	†10:25 am
But., Ellw'd & N. Castle..	†5:20 pm	†9:40 am
Ellwood & New Castle.....	†6:45 pm	*9:40 am
Butler.....	*7:00 pm	†5:15 pm
Butler.....	*11:35 pm	*7:25 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Pittsburgh & Lake Erie R. R. Cleveland Short Line.
Schedule in Effect June 25, 1905.

CENTRAL TIME.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago, Toledo & Detroit...	*7:15 am	*3:25 pm
Cleveland "Flyer".....	*9:00 am	*5:00 pm
Cleveland & Youngstown Ex	*5:15 am	*2:00 pm
Buffalo Limited.....	*9:00 am	*6:25 pm
Cleveland, Toledo & Detroit..	*12:25 pm	*8:25 pm
Cleveland & Chautauqua....	*9:00 am	*12:15 pm
Buffalo & Eastern Express..	†12:25 pm	†6:55 pm
Lake Chautauqua, Fast Line	*12:25 pm	*6:20 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express.....	*5:00 pm	*10:00 pm
Cleveland & Chicago Ex.....	*2:30 pm	*12:15 pm
Boston Special.....	*5:00 pm	*5:35 am
Cleveland & Detroit "Flyer"	*6:15 pm	*11:15 am
Chicago Limited.....	*6:15 pm	*6:35 am
Buffalo Express.....	*10:00 pm	*6:35 am
Cleveland Night Express...	*11:50 pm	*6:35 am
Youngstown Local.....	†5:30 am	*9:00 am
Beaver Falls Local.....	†8:45 am	†5:35 pm
Beaver Falls Local.....	†1:10 pm	†9:30 am
Beaver Falls Local.....	†3:35 pm	†12:10 pm
New Castle Local.....	†11:53 am	†4:15 pm
New Castle Express.....	†4:20 pm	†7:20 pm
New Castle Express.....	†5:30 am	†1:10 pm
Beaver Falls Express.....	†9:00 pm	†5:30 am
Beaver Valley Local.....	†9:00 pm	†8:45 am
Brownsville Local.....	†6:10 am	†7:00 am
Brownsville & N. Hav. Ex..	*8:00 am	*9:00 am
McKeesport & Brownsville..	†11:50 am	†11:40 am
Brownsville & New Haven..	*3:30 pm	*4:50 pm
Brownsville Express.....	*6:20 pm	*4:05 pm
Brownsville Express.....	†10:30 pm	†1:50 pm

P. C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beadling and Beechmont, 15.30 a. m., 19.30 a. m., 11.10 p. m.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
City ticket office, 357 Fifth ave., Park Bldg.
J. B. YOHE, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND PITTSBURGH RY.

Ticket Office, 704 Smithfield St., Trains Leave B. & O. Station, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Eastern Standard Time.	Leave.	Arrive.
Buffalo and Rochester Express (cafe observation cars and reclining chair cars).....	*9:00 am	*6:20 pm
DuBois Accommodation.....	†4:20 pm	†11:05 am
Buffalo and Rochester Night Express (Pullman sleepers)	*10:00 pm	*7:40 am

*Daily. †Week days.

WABASH SYSTEM

Station, Corner Liberty Ave. and Ferry St.

Central Time.—*Daily.	Depart.	Arrive.
Wheeling Express.....	*7:00 am	6:20 am
Toledo, St. L. Kan. City..	*8:30 am	6:00 pm
Wheel. Ex., except Sunday.	*4:30 pm	7:45 pm
Wheeling Sp'l, Sunday only	7:30 pm	5:45 pm
St. L., Cin., Kansas City..	*8:30 pm	6:30 am

Pullman Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair Cars on through trains. Cafe Parlor Car on Wheeling trains.
City Ticket Office, 30 Fifth Avenue.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES.

Pittsburgh Union Station.
By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis.	*1.50 am	*1.45 pm
Chicago and Cleveland.....	*2.15 am	*11.05 pm
Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis.	*4.50 am	*1.45 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati.....	*4.50 am	*6.05 pm
Allianse and Cresline.....	*4.50 am	*6.05 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire.....	†5.40 am	†7.05 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire.....	†5.40 am	†8.40 pm
Alliance and Cleveland.....	*5.40 am	*12.45 pm
New Castle and Jamestown.....	*5.40 am	*8.35 am
New Castle and Jamestown.....	*8.30 am	*8.35 pm
Ohio Valley Express.....	*8.50 am	*8.50 pm
Salem and Alliance.....	†9.00 am	*10.50 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago.....	*9.00 am	*5.50 pm
Youngstown and Cleveland.....	*9.30 am	*8.30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire.....	†9.35 am	†4.30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire.....	†9.35 am	*10.50 pm
Mercer and Oil City.....	*9.50 am	*10.50 pm
New Castle and Erie.....	*9.55 am	†8.11 pm
New Castle, Jamestown and Erie	†9.55 am	*10.55 am
The Cleveland Limited.....	*9.00 am	*5.40 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati.....	*9.00 am	*5.50 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire.....	*9.05 am	*4.30 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula.....	*9.30 am	*9.45 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula.....	*9.30 am	*10.55 am
The Toledo Special.....	*10.30 am	*5.30 pm
Tiffin and Fostoria.....	*11.30 am	*8.55 pm
New Castle and Jamestown.....	*12.00 n'n	*4.55 pm
Columbus and Chicago.....	*12.50 pm	*2.30 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire.....	†1.00 pm	†2.45 pm
Youngstown and Cleveland.....	*1.00 pm	*4.30 pm
Alliance and Mansfield.....	*1.35 pm	*12.40 pm
East Liverpool and Steubenville..	*4.02 pm	*7.50 am
New Castle and Jamestown.....	*4.30 pm	*8.50 pm
Erie, Oil City.....	*4.30 pm	*8.10 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula.....	*4.40 pm	*8.25 pm
Jamestown, Youngstown and Niles	*4.30 pm	*8.50 pm
The St. Louis Special.....	*5.00 pm	*8.25 am
Logansport and Chicago.....	*5.30 pm	*8.30 am
The Cleveland Special.....	*8.00 pm	*10.45 am
Wellsville and Bellaire.....	*5.02 pm	*8.55 am
Wellsville and Bellaire.....	†5.10 pm	†9.05 am
New Castle and Erie.....	*5.25 pm	*8.55 am
New Castle.....	*5.25 pm	†6.45 pm
The Chicago Special.....	*7.00 pm	*8.35 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	*8.15 pm	*8.15 pm
Columbus and Indianapolis.....	*8.45 pm	*2.10 pm
Columbus and Indianapolis.....	*8.45 pm	*6.00 am
The St. Louis Limited.....	*8.45 pm	*2.50 am
The Pennsylvania Limited.....	*8.45 pm	*6.50 am
Toledo and Detroit Express.....	*8.50 pm	*6.10 am
Beaver Falls and New Castle.....	*10.55 pm	*5.40 am
Wellsville and Cleveland.....	*11.00 pm	*5.40 am

Pittsburgh Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis.	*1.50 am	*1.45 pm
Chicago and Cleveland.....	*2.15 am	*11.05 pm
Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis.	*4.50 am	*1.45 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati.....	*4.50 am	*6.05 pm
Allianse and Cresline.....	*4.50 am	*6.05 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire.....	†5.40 am	†7.05 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire.....	†5.40 am	†8.40 pm
Alliance and Cleveland.....	*5.40 am	*12.45 pm
New Castle and Jamestown.....	*5.40 am	*8.35 am
New Castle and Jamestown.....	*8.30 am	*8.35 pm
Ohio Valley Express.....	*8.50 am	*8.50 pm
Salem and Alliance.....	†9.00 am	*10.50 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago.....	*9.00 am	*5.50 pm
Youngstown and Cleveland.....	*9.30 am	*8.30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire.....	†9.35 am	†4.30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire.....	†9.35 am	*10.50 pm
Mercer and Oil City.....	*9.50 am	*10.50 pm
New Castle and Erie.....	*9.55 am	†8.11 pm
New Castle, Jamestown and Erie	†9.55 am	*10.55 am

HAYS OBJECTS TO HIGHER SALARIES

Mayor Refuses to Indorse Applications of His Own Clerks for More Money.

WARNING TO CITY EMPLOYES

Mayor Hays has again refused to grant an increase in salary to the clerks of his office. Within the past week the clerks in the mayor's office applied to the chairman of the sub-committee of finance on revision of salaries for an increase, stating that if the sub-committee and the finance committee granted them more money the mayor would support the committee.

A rule has been established by councils requiring the mayor or head of a department to first approve all applications for increases in salaries, and when the mayor's clerks applied for the increase they were told they must first secure a letter from the mayor indorsing their applications. This the mayor refused to give and the word has gone out at City hall that no more increases in salaries will be granted under the present administration.

The principal reason for the mayor refusing to indorse any applications for higher salaries is the effect it might have in the coming municipal campaign. City employes have been notified that they must wait until after the election, and if the administration candidate for mayor wins their applications will be taken up and possibly considered with favor.

There are pending applications for more money, not only from the mayor's own office force, but also the assessors, the assessors' clerks and many employes in both the public works and safey departments. These have all been warned not to introduce any ordinances in councils for salary increases until after the February election.

The finance, public works and surveys committees of councils will hold their regular monthly meetings tomorrow. The street lighting ordinance, authorizing a contract for four years, is in the public works committee and will be taken up if Director Bigelow permits a meeting. In the surveys committee are several ordinances for the relocation of Boundary street and other streets to carry out the proposed agreement between the city and the Pittsburgh Junction railroad.

The special sub-committee of finance to prepare the appropriation bills has not yet been called. This committee, which was selected by Director Bigelow, is composed of a bottler, a foreman, grocer, druggist and a man without any occupation. The sub-committee will, under the direction of Director Bigelow, dispense $8,000,000 in appropriations, this money to be raised by the tax levy next year.

LAYING OF CORNER STONE.

Interesting Exercises at New West Park M. E. Church—Other Interesting Church Events.

Interesting exercises were held Sunday afternoon in connection with the laying of the corner stone of the new West Park Methodist Episcopal church. The Rev. James Law, pastor of the McKees Rocks Methodist Episcopal church, arranged the exercises, the features of which were the addresses by the Rev. Dr. J. F. Murray, presiding elder of the district, and the Rev. David Flanagan.

The first quarterly meeting of the new Beechview Methodist Episcopal church was held Sunday afternoon. The services were conducted by Presiding Elder Meechon of the Pittsburgh district, assisted by the pastor, the Rev. J. B. Starkey.

For the first time in the history of the First Reformed Presbyterian church, Baum street and Euclid avenue, East End, instrumental music was used yesterday as an aid to the services, the handsome new pipe organ being in use. Much interest centered in the opening Sunday of the services with the organ, as the use of instrumental music in churches of this denomination is distinctly an innovation. The attendance, both at the morning and evening services, was large, the pastor, the Rev. Thomas Watters, officiating.

Mrs. Francis B. Harrison Is Buried.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—The body of Mrs. Francis Burton Harrison of New York, who was killed in an automobile accident, was today placed in the family mausoleum in Cypress Lawn cemetery, where lie the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Crocker, her father and mother. Brief funeral services were held at Uplands, the San Mateo home of the Crocker family.

Boy Has Both Arms Crushed.

YORK, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Paul Whitman, the 10-year-old son of William Whitman of Stony Brook, lost both arms as the result of an accident while helping to thresh. His arms were caught in the belt of the machinery and crushed. The boy will live.

The Death Roll.

Funeral of William I. Jones.

MONONGAHELA, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Impressive funeral services were held at St. Paul's Episcopal church at 2:30 this afternoon over the remains of William I. Jones, who died on Wednesday. The funeral was the largest Monongahela has known in recent years. Carriages had to be brought from Charleroi, Donora and other towns to accommodate relatives and friends. Monongahela lodge, No. 455, B. P. O. Elks; Star of the Valley council, Jr. O. U. A. M., and the local Y. M. C. A. each attended in a body. The four brothers and the two brothers-in-law of Mr. Jones acted as pallbearers. All the church the Elks had charge of the services. The Rev. J. P. Norman read from the fifteenth chapter of Chronicles. The pallbearers from the Elks lodge were R. E. Byers, James P. Moore, Prof. W. H. Wofford, F. B. Wickersham, F. R. Colvin and Fred Cooper. Floral emblems from the principal and teachers of the public schools, the First National bank of Monongahela, the First National bank of Wilson, the Y. M. C. A., the Elks, the Jr. O. U. A. M., the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association of Pittsburgh, the J. E. & O. R. Ship Canal Company, the Big Bend Coal Company of Cincinnati, the Johnetta mines of White Rock, the Hazel mine of Jonesborg and numerous other tributes filled one corner of the church. Brief services were conducted at the grave by the Rev. Mr. Norman. The following Pittsburgh men, representing the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association and the J. E. & O. R. Ship Canal Company, attended the funeral: John E. Shaw, George M. Lehman, Emil Swensson, Burd S. Patterson, Edward J. Lloyd, Stephen Stone, F. R. Babcock, J. W. Wardrop, Harry Landis and J. L. Bicnd.

B. C. Nye.

B. C. Nye, aged 65, a veteran steamboatman of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Dr. Jane Nye Gilliford, 57 Woods Run avenue, Allegheny, after an illness of seven months. Capt. Nye spent almost his entire lifetime in the river trade as a pilot and master of passenger and towboats between Pittsburgh and New Orleans. He was the father of Capt. Henry Nye, who is also well known to rivermen. The deceased was born at Pomeroy, O., December 5, 1835. He lived at Pomeroy until seven months ago, when he became ill. He is survived by his wife, whose maiden name was Amanda Williams, also of Pomeroy. He is also survived by four children, Capt. Henry Nye, Dr. Jane Gilliford of Allegheny, Daniel R. Nye of Baltimore, and Mrs. Albert Servert of Cincinnati.

Mrs. John H. James.

Mrs. Rose S. James, aged 30, wife of John H. James, assistant superintendent of the Allegheny Valley railroad shops, died yesterday at her home in North Avalon, Va. She was born in New Bethlehem and removed to Verona 12 years ago. She was a member of the First Methodist Episcopal church and is survived by her husband and two children.

Obituary Notes.

ALTOONA, PA., Dec. 3.—The Rev. Ezeriah Shadrack, aged 84, a retired Baptist minister, died suddenly this afternoon from apoplexy. He had held pastorates in Blair, Indiana, Cambria and Clearfield counties. His father was the Rev. William Shadrack, a well known minister of the Baptist church.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

BIG INCREASE IN HOME REVENUES

More Than $234,000,000 Taken in During 1905, an Excess Over Previous Year.

PENNSYLVANIA SHOWS WELL

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The annual report of Commissioner John W. Yerkes of the internal revenue bureau, treasury department, shows that the receipts of the bureau for the year ended June 30, 1905, were $234,173,976, an excess of $1,248,135 over the collections for the fiscal year of 1904.

Using as a basis the collections for the first three months of the current fiscal year, the commissioner estimates that the receipts from all internal revenue sources for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, will aggregate $242,000,000, or nearly $8,000,000 in excess of those for the last fiscal year. During the last fiscal year there was collected from the tax on distilled spirits, $129,512,628; on fermented liquors, $49,459,533, and on tobacco, $45,659,910.

The leading states in the payment of internal revenue taxes for the past year are: Illinois, $51,892,703; New York, $27,991,572; Indiana, $24,662,244; Kentucky, $21,764,399; Ohio, $19,782,615; Pennsylvania, $19,196,170.

The cost of collecting the internal revenue last year was $4,705,296 and the commissioner estimates that the cost for the next fiscal year will be reduced to $4,689,120.

The internal revenue receipts for the last fiscal year are given as follows:

From spirits, $135,958,513, an increase over 1904 of $148,497; tobacco, $45,659,910, increase, $1,004,101; fermented liquors, $50,360,558, increase, $8,227,094; oleomargarine, $665,478, increase, $127,881; mixed flour, $1,648, increase, $82 81; butter, $3,938, increase, $2,023; process or renovated butter, $156,735, increase, $15,851; miscellaneous, $1,441,198, decrease, $1,281,204.

There was an increase of 5,167,904 pounds in the quantity of leaf tobacco used in the manufacture of taxable tobacco products, and an increase of 23,005,773 pounds and a decrease of 2,294,632 pounds, respectively, in the quantity of domestic leaf exported and foreign leaf imported, and an increase of 40,483,351 pounds in the quantity of domestic leaf tobacco produced, as compared with the previous year. The duties and taxes collected from tobacco during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1905, amounted to $68,349,522.

The quantity of grain used for the production of spirits during the last fiscal year was 29,527,325 bushels, which is an increase of 2,239,642 bushels over the year 1904. The yield of spirits from each bushel of grain was 4.47 gallons. The yield for the next preceding year was 4.46 gallons a bushel. The quantity of molasses used for the production of spirits was 18,387,659 gallons, producing 12,686,239 gallons of spirits.

HIS WORK AND MONEY.

Wilkinsburg Minister Tells Young People of Uses to Which Wealth May Be Put.

Trinity Reformed church, Wilkinsburg, was crowded last night with young people who came to hear the Rev. Lewis Robb preach on "The Young Man's Work and His Money." The church was decorated with palms and chrysanthemums. A chorus of 40 voices furnished the music. The Rev. Mr. Robb took his text from Romans xii:11: "Not slothful in business, fervent in prayer, serving the Lord." He said in part:

In this passage we have coupled together what we may call the "human" and "divine." The business of life and the service of the Lord are one. All honest work is honorable in an equal degree, to the man who carries the hod as well as to the banker. Every young man ought to work at something useful and helpful. The idea of many is that we work to keep alive. The true idea of work is service to humanity. St. Paul said: "Let him labor that he may give to him that needeth." Spurn any work or employment which preys upon your fellow man to his hurt. Money, money, much or little, is of great power to make or ruin character. Money is a blessing. Love of money is the root of all evil. It is the duty of every young man to accumulate means. Jesus did not condemn it. But make it honestly.

GETS SALTY SENTENCE FOR DISPLAYING HIS AFFECTIONS

E. V. Curry, a carpenter living at 1023 Perrysville avenue, Allegheny, was fined $100 and costs or 90 days to the workhouse, by Magistrate Kirby at the hearing at Central station yesterday morning. He had been arrested at Penn avenue and Fifth street on Saturday night for accosting women and throwing his arms about them. Six women appeared against him and identified him, notwithstanding his denial and his assertion that it was mistaken identity. One of these women said she followed Curry into a street car and sat down opposite him, while another woman went for a policeman. Before the car started Officer Patrick Manion was found and Curry was pointed out as the offender by both women.

Mingo Must Answer to Murder Charge.

Jio Mingo was taken to jail last night on a charge of murder. He is an Italian and until recently had been living at Sturgeon, where he was employed. On the night of November 11 he and some others were fighting and it is said Mingo fired a revolver. At that instant Joseph Laurent stepped out of the door of his house, nearby, and the bullet struck him in the leg. Gangrene developed and he died on November 22.

Mingo disappeared, but a warrant for his arrest was issued by the coroner and given to C. A. Butler, a Panhandle railroad detective. He found Mingo in Tildenvale, O., yesterday and brought him here to await the coroner's further action.

Small Property With Good Production.

Several local business men have a nice little piece of oil property in the vicinity of Walkers Mills. Several weeks ago two wells were doing from 14 to 16 barrels a day. They were shot and the production is now from 40 to 60 barrels a day. The first day after being shot Miller No. 1 produced 100 barrels. The corporation is known as the Pleasant Grove Oil Company. W. M. Cole and Dr. F. R. McGrew of Carnegie, and A. M. Lee of Oakmont are the principal stockholders. They have leases on 100 acres around Walkers Mills and on about 200 acres a short distance from there.

Will Accept Office of Bishop.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 3.—Very Rev. Charles D. Williams, D. D., dean of Trinity Protestant Episcopal church in this city, who was recently elected bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Detroit, made public announcement to the congregation at Trinity Cathedral this morning that he would accept the position.

THE THREE RIVERS

The stage of water at Davis island dam at 9 o'clock last night was 20.1 feet and the river was rising.

CINCINNATI, O., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—32.6 feet and rising. Departures were: Courier for Maysville, City of Louisville for Louisville.

LOUISVILLE—River rising. In canal, 10.9 feet; on falls, 8.7 feet; below locks, 31.4 feet.

MARIETTA—River 20 feet and rising slowly.

GREENSBORO—River 17 feet 8 inches and rising.

STEUBENVILLE—River 20 feet and rising. Down, Tom Reese, Jim Wood, Tornado, Enterprise, Cruiser. Up, Rival and Kanawha.

MORGANTOWN—River 18 feet and rising.

OIL CITY—River 6 feet and rising.

WARREN—River 5 feet and rising slowly.

GALLIPOLIS—River 30 feet and rising.

WHEELING—River 20 feet 2 inches and rising. Departed, Ben Hur, Kanawha and Keystone State for Pittsburgh. Down with coal, Henry Lowry, Rival, Tom Rees No. 2, Jim Wood and Tornado.

PARKERSBURG—River 27 feet and rising slowly.

LACK OF OPPORTUNITY IS GREATLY DEPLORED

Civil Service Commission in Annual Report Seeks to Show Way to Better Conditions.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The twenty-second annual report of the United States civil service commission, made public today, contains a recommendation that congress should authorize the collection of a fee from applicants for examination for the government service. Should this authority be given, the report stated that the commission will issue a manual giving such detailed information regarding the examination as will make it unnecessary for the more intelligent applicants to make special preparation for the examination in some civil service school or institute.

One hundred and fifty thousand persons were examined last year, 40,000 of whom secured positions. During the year the number of competitive positions increased from 154,093 to 171,807.

Touching on the order of President Roosevelt, of November 17, last, giving authority to heads of departments to separate an employe from the service without notice, for delinquency or misconduct, the report says:

"The new rule neither changes the authority to make removals, which existed as fully under the former as under the present practice, nor affects the jurisdiction of the civil service commission, * * * merely making some changes in the procedure in case of removal."

The action of President Roosevelt in dismissing William S. Leib, assistant treasurer at Philadelphia, is given in full in the report, with comment on its importance. The letter of the President in this case, the report states, "lays down the rule that while the civil service commission is expected to aid public officers in securing suitable persons for the government service, the obligation is mutual and such officers must on their part assist the commission in carrying out the manifest intention of the civil service act, which is but another way of saying that the spirit as well as the letter of the law must be observed."

Concluding the report says: "The great defect in the federal service today is the lack of opportunity for ambitious, well-educated young men. There is not sufficient inducement for the most capable men to enter the examinations, as they can do better by seeking employment in large corporations, trusts and other institutions, where they can in time command much higher salaries than they can ever hope to secure in the government service."

ONLY ONE TO ANSWER CALL.

William McLaughlin, Last Charter Member of Temperance Society, Hold Rally Monday Night.

William McLaughlin will be the only person to answer to roll call of the charter members at the thirty-second anniversary of the Catholic Total Abstinance societies of St. Brigid's church, Enoch street, next Monday night. These roll calls have been a feature of the annual rallies for years. Mr. McLaughlin is employed by the Pennsylvania railroad and will soon be retired on a pension.

A concert will be one of the attractions, the musical part of the program being under the direction of Prof. Thomas F. Kirk, Sr. Addresses will be made by the Rev. Matthew Ryan, pastor of the church; A. B. Floyd, Charles D. McShane and Stephen Madden. The speaker of the evening will be the Rev. John G. Beane, president of the diocesan union.

Lawrenceville Board of Trade Meeting.

The Lawrenceville board of trade will meet this evening at Freker's hall, 3803 Butler street. Officers for the ensuing year will be nominated and a report made by the committee on entertainment. The board is preparing to give a euchre and dance on January 10.

DIED.

CONRAD—On Saturday, December 2, 1905, at his residence, 59 Sweetbriar street, CONSTANTINE CONRAD, beloved husband of Emma Conrad (nee Fiatkowski), aged 77 years 4 months 1 day. His widow and the following children survive: Herman, Charles, Josephine, Emma, Mrs. Fred Maisch, Mrs. Ben Breitweiser, Mrs. Louis Luckhardt and Mrs. Will Luckhardt, also seven grandchildren.

Funeral services will be held at Central Turner hall, Forbes street, at 2 p. m., Monday, December 4. Remains will lie in state from 11 a. m. until 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. (New York, Cincinnati and Milwaukee papers please copy.)

CORNISH—On Saturday evening, December 2, 1905, at her residence, Elizabath, Pa., Mrs. IDA BILLINGSLEY CORNISH.

Funeral services this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Presbyterian church. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

DOUGLAS—On Sunday morning, December 3, 1905, at the family residence, 7218 Meade street, Homewood, ROBERT H. DOUGLAS.

Services Tuesday, December 5, at 2 p. m. Interment later. Please omit flowers.

FLETCHER—On Saturday, December 2, 1905, at 9:15 p. m., ELIZABETH, daughter of W. J. and Mary Fletcher, aged 25 years.

Funeral this morning at 10 o'clock from the residence, Harmony, Pa.

GRAY—On Saturday, December 2, 1905, 10:10 a. m., SAMUEL GRAY, in his 50th year.

Funeral services at his late residence, 185 Forty-fifth street, on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

JAMES—On Saturday, December 2, 1905, at 11:15 p. m., at Verona, Pa., ROSE S., wife of John H. James (nee Shaffer), aged 30 years.

Funeral services at her late residence, North avenue, below First street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private in Oakmont cemetery.

[New Bethlehem (Pa.) papers please copy.]

M'KINNON—On Saturday, December 2, 1905, at 9:35 a. m., ROBERT YOUNG M'KINNON, in his 29th year.

Funeral services at the chapel of Allegheny cemetery, Penn avenue entrance, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

NYE—On Sunday, December 3, 1905, at the home of his daugheter, Mrs. Dr. Jane Nye Gilliford, Woods Run avenue, Allegheny, B. C. NYE.

Services on Tuesday at 2 p. m. Please omit flowers.

OLLETT—On Sabbath, December 3, 1905, at 8:30 p. m., THOMAS P., son of H. W. and Elizabeth J. Ollett (nee Scott).

Funeral services at parents' residence, Rosevale, Pa., on Wednesday, December 6, 1905, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Train leaves P., C. & Y. depot, Carnegie, Pa., at 10:55 a. m. Carriages will leave Steel undertaking rooms, First street, Carnegie, Pa., at 1 p. m.

PRESSLER—On Sunday, December 3, 1905, at 12:40 a. m., JEAN, only daughter of Frank and Anna Pressler (nee Wilnade), aged 5 months 11 days.

Funeral services at family residence, 1214 Chislett street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

REED—Suddenly, on Saturday, December 2, 1905, at 3:30 a. m., at Markleton Sanitarium, Markleton, Pa., Mrs. MARGARET REED. Interment private, on Monday.

ROLLANDS—On Thursday, November 30, 1905, at 6:20 p. m., at Lorain, O., JAMES ROLLANDS, in his 57th year.

Funeral services at the residence of his sister, Mrs. John James, 5423 Second avenue, Glenwood, this afternoon at 1 o'clock. Interment at West Newton, Pa.

SAMPLE—On Sunday, December 3, 1905, at 5:45 a. m., THOMAS G. SAMPLE, in the 62d year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 1532 Fremont street, Allegheny, at 2 p. m., Wednesday, December 6, 1905. Members of the Grand Army of the Republic are requested to wear uniform.

[Harrisburg and Philadelphia papers please copy.]

STARR—On Friday, December 1, 1905, at 4:30 p. m., SARAH J., widow of Dr. D. L. Starr, in her 79th year.

Funeral services Monday evening at 8 o'clock at the residence of her son, David L. Starr, 31 Starr avenue, Bellevue, Pa. Interment private, Tuesday, at Zelienople, Pa.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

JAMES M. FULLERTON,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR,
2007 Fifth Avenue.

In the Home

A feeling of security and freedom from anxiety pervades the home in which Hamlins Wizard Oil is kept constantly on hand——Parents know that in time of sudden sickness or accident it

Relieves Suffering

A touch of Rheumatism——a twinge of Neuralgia——an attack of headache, earache, toothache——a bad sore throat——a stubborn cold——Whatever the trouble is, Wizard Oil drives away the pain at once and cures the disease quickly.

Price, 50c. and $1.00.

FOR SALE AND RECOMMENDED BY

All Druggists.

GIVE something useful——and if it have beauty, all the better.

¶ The wearing qualities of a Welsbach portable lamp commend it at the outset. It's Welsbach all through—its life of usefulness is as long as its life of beauty.

¶ It reflects good taste—yours and the lucky recipient's.

¶ Prices begin at

$2.50

The same Welsbach burner and Welsbach mantle on the $100.00 kind as on the $2.50 sorts—the same light.

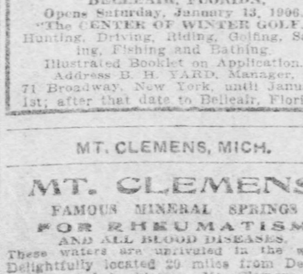
¶ 'Tis Beauty that costs!

The Welsbach Store
540 Smithfield Street

BARKER'S
Hasty Lunch Chocolate
For Cooking and Drinking

Get what you pay for. Barker's Hasty Lunch Chocolate is all chocolate—absolutely pure, strong, and goes a great way.

Prize recipes for tempting, delicious desserts, frostings and cakes in every air-tight can. ½ lb 20 cents; small size 10 cents. Ask your dealer, or write us for free sample.



HOTEL AND RESORT INFORMATION.

The Gazette will keep constantly on hand a large supply of literature concerning hotels and resorts advertised in its columns; also time cards, special rates and other printed matter of interest to resorters.

Special information regarding particular resorts, distance from Pittsburgh, rates and transportation will be furnished on request.

Inquiries should be made by mail, stating resort about which information is desired. Address

Gazette's Hotel and Resort Information Bureau.

ATLANTIC CITY.

GALEN HALL HOTEL AND SANATORIUM
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Our elegant new brick building is now complete. No more luxurious accommodations on the coast. With half an acre of curative baths, and a swimming pool. Booklet.
F. L. YOUNG, General Manager.

Eagles Mere Inn—Massachusetts and Pacific aves. Special winter rates. E. von Ingham.

BELLEAIR, FLA.

"GEM OF THE WINTER RESORTS"
HOTEL BELLEVIEW
BELLEAIR, FLORIDA.
Opens Saturday, January 13, 1906.
"The CENTER OF WINTER GOLF."
Hunting, Driving, Riding, Golfing, Sailing, Fishing and Bathing.
Illustrated Booklet on Application.
Address B. H. YARD, Manager.
71 Broadway, New York, until January 1st; after that date to Belleair, Florida.

MT. CLEMENS, MICH.

MT. CLEMENS
FAMOUS MINERAL SPRINGS
FOR RHEUMATISM
AND ALL BLOOD DISEASES.
These waters are unrivaled in the world. Delightfully located 20 miles from Detroit. Illustrated booklet on Mt. Clemens free. Address F. R. EASTMAN, Chamber of Commerce, MT. CLEMENS, MICH.

B. & B.

something unusual
rebate sale oriental rugs

From now till Christmas, to increase the popularity of Oriental Rugs as gifts, and at the same time reduce our very large stock, we offer a special rebate on each and every Oriental Rug as follows:

Every Oriental Rug at any price up to $10.00—$1.00 rebate.

Prices on the tickets remain as they are and allowance will be made therefrom as here noted.

Every Oriental Rug priced $10.00 to $20.00 will be rebated $2.00.

For instance, if the price of the Rug is $15.00, it will be billed at $13.00.

If $18.00 it will be billed at $16.00, and so on throughout.

On all Oriental Rugs marked $20.00 to $30.00—$3.00 rebate.

$ 30.00 to $ 50.00—$ 5.00 rebate.
$ 50.00 to $100.00—$10.00 rebate.
$100.00 to $150.00—$15.00 rebate.
$150.00 to $200.00—$20.00 rebate.
$200.00 to $300.00—$30.00 rebate.
$300.00 to $400.00—$40.00 rebate.
$400.00 to $500.00—$50.00 rebate.
$500.00 to $675.00—$75.00 rebate.

This Sale then does not confine you to certain Rugs that we choose to mark down, but every Rug in the collection is subject to its conditions, and you make your own choice.

The great variety and unparalleled beauty of the Rugs in this collection require no argument.

The prices, as well known, are and always have been, much under the market for equal merit.

So this unusual and timely sale is all the more remarkable, and the advantages to buyers distinct and unmistakable.

coat suits
selling out the broken lines

$25.00 and $30.00 Suits, $18.50.
$35.00 and $40.00 Suits, $28.50.
$55.00 and $65.00 Suits, $45.00.

Please note that these are broken lines of new Suits—right styles and materials.

Suits that critical women approve—have approved as shown by the fact that the styles sold so well.

Not one in the lot left from a former season.

Short and Long Coat Styles and Etons.

Plain Broadcloths, Venetians, Cheviottes and Mixtures.

Velvets in the $45.00 lot.

evening gowns

Selling choice things at astonishing low prices.

$65.00 Evening Gowns, $50.

$85.00 ones, $65.00—$125.00 ones, $75.00—$110.00 ones, $75.00—$115.00 ones, $85.00—$175 ones, $125.00—$150.00 ones, $100.00—$225.00 ones, $150.00.

All beautifully made, in the height of Fashion, of fine materials in superb colorings and all in perfect condition.

evening coats sacrificed

This is a splendid opportunity to get swell garments.

$40.00 ones, $33.00—$50.00 ones, $35.00—$65.00 ones, $50.00—$85.00 ones, $65.00—$95.00 ones, $75.00—$175.00 ones, $125.00—$140.00 ones, $100.00.

christmas novelties

Hundreds of hand-painted or embroidered Novelties for Christmas—beautiful things the most skillful seamstress might be proud to claim.

Unusual showing Fine Imported Boxes, Picture Frames, Glove or Handkerchief Cases, Sofa Pillows, $1.00 to $20.00.

Dainty Sewing, Social, Slipper or Laundry Bags, 25c to $10.00.

Handy Bags—filled ready for use—special value, $2.25.

Center Pieces in White or Colored Embroidery, $3.00 to $25.00.

Scrim Hardanger Center Pieces, $1.75 to $5.00.

Fancy Pin Cushions, 50c to $5.50.

dressy french goods

Never has this store sold out value like this.

$1.50 French Chiffon Eoliennes, all silk and wool, 47 inches wide, 50c—Golden Brown, Dark Brown and Reseda.

$2.00 Silk Crepons, 44 inches wide, 65c—Brown and Navy only, but choice shades.

Lot $1.25 French Foule, 75c—47 inches wide—Grey, Tan, Brown and Mode.

Two large center aisle tables full of 75c to $1.00 Dress Goods and Suitings, 43 to 46 inches wide, 35c—neat mixtures and splendid quality.

We're making Christmas room in the large Dress Goods section with prices.

Presenting a chance for winter goods or for useful children's wear that will save the dollars.

Notwithstanding the selling out of so many large lines of medium and fine goods under price—many more than are here mentioned—the assortments of choice late things in Paris dressy Dress Goods, Grey Suitings and the scarce wanted shades of fine Broadcloths are most complete.

5,000 yards—over a hundred pieces of Children's extra well made every-day Dress Goods at 20c.

linen sale

Immense Christmas stock is pushing every odd or slightly soiled piece out of the way.

Heavy Linen Sales last week mussed and soiled many beautiful pieces which must go this week at reduced prices.

$15.00 Imported Japanese hand embroidered and scalloped Centerpieces, 27 inches, $10.00.

$12.00 Japanese Doylies, six-inch ones, $7.50 per dozen.

$16.50 ones—9 inches, $10.00.

$22.50 ones—12 inches, $15.00.

$11.00 hand-made French Cluny Lace Dresser Scarfs, 20 by 54 inches, $7.50.

$1.00 Hemstitched and Drawn work Lunch Cloths, 36 by 36 inches, 75c.

50c Hemstitched Huck Towels, with Damask border, 22 by 40 inches, 35c.

Damask Pattern Table Cloths, 2½ to 4 yards long—$3.00 to $6.75 ones reduced to $2.50 to $5.50.

Do your Christmas shopping early in the morning, for your convenience and advantage as well as ours.

This great Toy Store is a place of interest to young and old with its myriads of Toys and Novelties from Dolls at a cent apiece to big Touring Cars that children can ride in.

An Attractive Toy Book—"A B C Fun," is being distributed free.

We prepay freight or express charges on all purchases of $5.00 or more within 500 miles. On purchases of $10.00 or more anywhere in the United States.

Branch Postoffice in the store.

BOGGS & BUHL
ALLEGHENY

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Hamburg-American.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Hamburg.
†America.....Dec. 9|†Waldersee.....Jan. 6
†Patricia.....Dec. 16|†Pennsylvania...Jan. 13
†Pretoria.....Dec. 23|Amerika.....Jan. 20
†Blucher.....Dec. 29|†Pretoria.....Feb. 10
S. S. Amerika, most Luxurious and Modern of Leviathans.
*Grill Room and Gymnasium. †Elevator and a la Carte Restaurant. ‡Calling at Dover for London and Paris.

Mediterranean Service
TO GIBRALTAR, NAPLES AND GENOA.
*Prinz Adalbert.....Dec. 19, 11 A. M.; Feb. 3, Mar. 22
*Hamburg, Jan. 6, 2:30 p. m.; Feb. 17, Mar. 31
Prinz Oskar...Jan. 13, 11 A. M.; Mar. 7, Apr. 19
†Deutschland.....Feb. 6, 2:30 P. M.
*Cretic (Oct'd from White Star Line) Feb. 27
Rates 1st Class, $70, $85, $115.00 upward, according to steamer selected.
*Call at Gibraltar. †Grill Room.
S. S. Moltke to Madeira, Cadiz, Gibraltar, Malaga, Algiers and Genoa Jan. 30, 1906.

S. S. Deutschland to Italy.
IN LESS THAN 8 DAYS.
S. S. Hamburg and Furst Bismarck are new vessels of the most modern type and of about 10,000 tons.
Hamburg-American Line, 37 B'way, N. Y. J. J. McCormick, 506 Smithfield St. First National Bank, Fifth Ave. and Wood St. Or any Local Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.
GLASGOW and LONDONDERRY
Sailing from New York every Saturday.
New Twin Screw Steamships.
Splendid Accommodations, Excellent Service.
Cabin, $55. Second Cabin, $37.50. Third Class, $27.50 and up, according to accommodation and steamship.
NEW YORK TO NAPLES.
Algeria.....Dec 23|Calabria.....Jan. 26
Apply HENDERSON BROTHERS, New York, or J. J. McCORMICK & Co., 506 Smithfield St.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

AMERICAN LINE.
PLYMOUTH-CHERBOURG-SOUTHAMPTON.
PHILADELPHIA-QUEENST'N-LIVERPOOL.
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.
RED STAR LINE.
ANTWERP—DOVER—LONDON—PARIS.
WHITE STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
BOSTON—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
TO THE MEDITERRANEAN. VIA AZORES.
FROM NEW YORK.
CRETIC.....Dec. 9, noon; April 3
CELTIC (20,904 tons).Jan. 6, 9:30 p. m., Feb. 17
REPUBLIC.Jan. 20, 5 p. m.; Mch. 9, Apr. 21
FROM BOSTON.
CANOPIC.....Jan. 13, noon; Feb. 24
ROMANIC....Feb. 3, 9:30 a. m.; March 17
For full information and tickets
Apply to any Local Agents.

Winter Cruises
To Madeira, the Mediterranean & ORIENT
A 70-day cruise by the S. S. Moltke, $300.00 and up, leaving New York January 20, 1906.
Three West Indies Cruises during January, February and March by the S. S. Princessin Victoria Luise.
From $125.00 and upward
11 short, attractive cruises in the Mediterranean and Adriatic Seas.
Send for illustrated booklet, rates, etc.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 35-37 B'way, N.Y.
For local agent see other advertisement.

JAMAICA
By Hamburg-American Line.
$37.50 Round Trip.
First National Bank,
253 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

JAMAICA
"The Winter Playground."
THE UNITED FRUIT CO.'S STEAMSHIP LINES
afford an interesting, comfortable voyage on the magnificent twin-screw "ADMIRAL" STEAMERS.
Weekly sailings from Boston & Phila. S. S. Brookline & Barnstable weekly from Baltimore. Round Trip, $45. One Way, $25, including meals and stateroom berth.
Address for information and booklets, J. J. McCormick, 506 Smithfield St., or Passenger Department.
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY,
Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore.

NORTH OR SOUTH
—THE—
Clyde Line Steamers
NEW YORK & BOSTON,
PROVIDENCE, CHARLESTON, S. C.
JACKSONVILLE or Florida Points.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., Gen'l Agents,
19 State St., New York City.
THEO. G. EGER - - - - Gen'l Mgr.
A. C. HOGERTY - - - - G. E. Agt.
For sailings or other information call or write
J. J. McCORMICK & CO., Agts.
506 SMITHFIELD ST.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

TOURS.

CLARK'S CRUISE TO THE ORIENT
and Mediterranean, including Spain, by specially chartered S. S. Arabic, 16,000 tons, starts Feb. 8th. A cruise of 70 days, spending 19 days in Palestine and Egypt, costing only $400 and up, including shore excursions, hotels, drives, fees and all necessary expenses.
THIRTY TOURS TO EUROPE.
Send for illustrated descriptive booklet.
FRANK C. CLARK, 95 Broadway, New York.
WM. M. BELL, Times Bldg., Pittsburgh.

MAN FROM TEXAS TELLS OF STATE

Nacogdoches Business Man Says There Is a Great Field for the Northern Farmer.

CUBAN TOBACCO GROWN

Robert Lindsey, a Nacogdoches (Tex.) business man, arrived in Pittsburgh yesterday morning and will spend a day or two here on business. He is at the Hotel Colonial. Like all Texans, Mr. Lindsey is enthusiastic about not only the future of his native state, but of the present prospects there. Mr. Lindsey comes from a part of the state, the East Texas fruit and tobacco belt, where there are favorable oil indications, Nacogdoches being also located on the direct line of the proposed pipe line from the Indian territory to the Gulf of Mexico. He thinks that some time the oil operators now in the Beaumont territory will go farther afield in the search for oil and then Nacogdoches county will be what Beaumont is today or was quite recently. He realizes, however, that the true prosperity of his country depends upon settlement and cultivation.

"The Texas farmer," said Lindsey, "is wedded to the corn and cotton idea, simply because generally it has not been proved to him that diversified farming or special farming in other lines pays better. Northern, German and Dutch farmers have been coming into the state in the last few years, and by actual producing have shown us Texans what our lands, with our nine months' of growing season, will do. The native Texan farmer is intelligent and eager to learn, and when he becomes neighbor to a man who knows how to exploit to the utmost the lands down there, the Texan soon follows his example and prosperity follows. The population of Texas sounds big enough when given in figures, but it is small when compared with the immense area of the state. What we need is immigration. If we can get farmers to immigrate who have capital, so much the better, but there is a great field for the immigrants from Holland, Germany, Italy, Poland and other countries, peasants or farmers, who at present, stop in the cities and only add to the congestion there or engage in industrial pursuits for which they are not so well fitted as they are for farming."

Mr. Lindsey was acquainted with Mrs. Alice Webb Duke, the "Texas tobacco queen," who got into trouble down in Texas. It was in Nacogdoches where Miss Webb, as she was then known, had her alleged tobacco farm, which was afterward shown not to be possessed by her or the company which she represented. But Mrs. Duke is now down and out, and Mr. Lindsey, like a chivalrous southerner, would not discuss her or her career.

The government agricultural department's experiments with the red lands of Nacogdoches county for tobacco raising purposes have borne fruit, and now farmers down there are raising Cuban filler and wrapper. The tobacco culture is neither on the open-field nor canvas-shade system. This season farmers have raised on the open-field plan from 800 to 1,500 pounds of filler tobacco, giving them a net profit of from $80 to $100 an acre. This tobacco is cured by the companies which buy it, so the farmer does not have to be bothered with the curing, which is a painstaking, scientific process. The tobacco companies and some farmers with capital are also growing tobacco wrapper under shade, at an average cost of $350 an acre. For this tobacco the price is from $1.25 to $2 a pound, giving a net profit of about $400 an acre. The Redfield farm, famous through the operations of Miss Webb, is now in the hands of John Sanborn, of Quincy, Ill., who will develop the entire tract of 1,000 acres. The tobacco grown on the red lands of Nacogdoches is said by experts to be equal to the highest quality of Cuban-grown tobacco.

ELECTION OF SENATORS.

Pastor Advocates Taking Their Selection Out of the Hands of the State Legislatures.

In his sermon in the Second Presbyterian church last evening the Rev. S. Edward Young advocated the popular election of United States senators, saying:

Is not the assembling of the present congress the psychological moment for inaugurating a movement to transfer the election of United States senators from the state legislatures to the direct suffrages of the people? With two senators under conviction for violation of law by most serious offenses, and the reputations of several others under cloud, with an ever-deepening suspicion on the part of the public that many senators bribe their way to their senatorial seats, with a revolt growing against the fact that the senate consists largely of millionaires and multi-millionaires possessing no great culture or special qualifications for their positions and out of contact with the common people; with evidence increasing that clean, scholarly, broad-minded gentlemen of the George Frisbie Hoar type are likely to be found in the senate no more under the present regime, and, above all, with the entire republic on its moral metal just now and sure of its ability to break up long-intrenched iniquity and smash undesirable usages, however white with age, we have at this moment the strategic opportunity to make the senate the mouthpiece of the nation's best spirit. A combination of press and pulpit and the independent voters could swiftly accomplish this senate election reform. Our national legislature should hereby be spared one recurring temptation to dishonesty, and upon the whole we would have a worthier sort of manhood in all legislatures. Let the strike be made while the people are in the mood.

MANY CARS ARE BURNED.

Three Railroaders Are Hurt in Freight Collision and Much Property Is Lost.

LEBANON, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Failure of an engineer to heed a block signal caused a wreck on the Reading railroad between Annville and Palmyra, seven miles west of here last night. Two freight trains were running eastward and the engineer of the second train had been on duty for 42 hours, it is said. He did not see a block signal and his engine crashed into the front train, smashing the caboose and injuring two brakemen, who were taken to the Reading hospital. The fireman was also hurt. The rear engine was thrown over a 25-foot embankment.

A carload of paraffine caught fire and the blaze spread to a carload of paper and 10 cars of coal. About 25 freight cars were destroyed in the wreck. Both tracks were blocked until 10 o'clock this morning.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is more than a fat food. There is no animal fat that compares with it in nourishing and building up the wasted, emaciated body. That is why children and anæmic girls thrive and grow fat upon it. That is why persons with consumptive tendencies gain flesh and strength enough to check the progress of the disease.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

ANOTHER AMERICAN WOMAN TO MAKE SPLURGE IN LONDON

Mrs. Frederick Nolker of St. Louis Is Negotiating for the Lease of Big Mansion in Aristocratic Grosvenor Square.

(Special Correspondence to The Gazette)

LONDON, Nov. 11.—To the list of American hostesses in London another name will soon be added—that of Mrs. Frederick Nolker of St. Louis. She is negotiating for the lease of Sir Ernest Cassel's big mansion in Grosvenor square, where the wealthy baronet, who is reputed to manage the king's private finances, and "stake" him occasionally when he gets hard up for ready cash, has frequently entertained his majesty. Sir Ernest, having transferred himself to a still finer residence—Brook house in Park lane—has no further use for his Grosvenor square place. But it is well adapted for entertaining on a sumptuous scale and should suffice to satisfy the social ambitions of Mrs. Nolker for some seasons to come.

Pending the completion of her plans she is occupying a swell flat in a block of buildings known as Albert Gate mansions, just on the borders of Hyde park. She has spent two seasons in London, prospecting and taking stock of things, and is now prepared to make a big splurge. London society can always make room for an American hostess with plenty of money, and can be depended on to assist her in spending it with cordial good will. Mrs. Nolker already has a house in Paris, where she stays during the Paris season, but she prefers London for a big social campaign.

Bulldogs are now quite the rage among smart women, and as further evidence of her purpose to be in the swim Mrs. Nolker has purchased one of these animals, who boasts of such superlative ugliness that he has captured several first prizes. She paid $1,500 for him.

ADDITIONAL SPORTING

TEAM NEEDS A MANAGER.

Stahl Is Not Making a Success in Handling the Washington Players.

It looks as if Washington needs a manager, despite the great showing of Jake Stahl there this year. The record of the University of Illinois boy is a wonderful one. He took a team that was broken all to pieces and fought a bunch of minor leaguers into such shape that they led the race for a time and then fought it out to the finish, getting out of last place.

Stahl has been given credit for it—and he deserves a lot of credit—but the fact is that the Washington club is the pet of the president of the league. Johnson has done everything he could consistently do to make the senators win. It was his talk with Tom Hughes that made the big Chicago boy cut out his ball habits and settle down to work—and it was the president who braced Washington up after its early season slump.

Stahl is a worrier. And worriers do not succeed as managers. He worried himself sick early in the summer when his team went wrong—and he almost made himself a second-rate first baseman by his anxiety over the management. When finally he reduced himself to the "do the best you can" idea he steadied up and played good ball.

A man of Stahl's temperament cannot be a successful manager. What Washington needs is a cheerful loser and a conservative winner.

Nerve and daring and quick thinking win more baseball games than ability with hands or feet. One time, when the White Stockings were not doing well, Comiskey was figuring out his team.

"There's that man Padden," he mused, half to himself, speaking of the veteran second baseman who recently landed a managerial job. "Padden can't hit, and he can't field much. He's a little weak on fly balls and he can't run much, and his arms are bad, but, by cracky, he's a grand ball player."

All of which was true. Padden was winning games on quick thinking and nerve.

TRI-STATE TO CONSIDER THE BLACKLIST LAW

ALTOONA, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—A meeting of the Tri-State baseball league is to be held within a few days to take up the case of Red Owens and Jack Hayden, who have been blacklisted by the national commission. At this meeting the matter of protection will no doubt be discussed, but the blacklisting of Owens and Hayden will not have a tendency to bring the Tri-State into the fold of organized ball. The simple truth is that the outlaw league will never ask protection unless it can take all its players with it. Thus the blacklisting of any of its members is nothing more nor less than a waste of time. The owners of Tri-State teams know full well that the national commission would welcome it into the national agreement, hence they are of the opinion that the blacklisting game is merely a bluff.

Schedule for Tonight.

Pittsburgh section—Ton Dus vs. Friendship. (Ton Dus have changed their home alleys from the Southern to the Carrick alleys.)

Allegheny section—Millvale vs. Troy Hill, on Serlein's Millvale alleys.

Monongahela Valley section—Homestead vs. Colonial, on Homestead alleys.

South Pittsburgh league—Senators vs. St. Vincent.

Drug league—Pharmacy vs. Gilmore, on Wylie avenue alleys.

Liberty Valley league—Highland vs. Schenley, on Penn avenue alleys.

Diocesan league—St. Charles vs. St. Anthony; St. Joseph vs. St. Henry.

Lumbermen's league—On the Club alleys.

VETERANS PAY TRIBUTE TO DEPARTED COMRADES

Annual Memorial Service of Col. John B. Clark Post—Eight Die During Year.

The Rev. J. Allison Platts, Ph. D., pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, delivered the sermon and eulogy at the annual memorial service of Col. John B. Clark Post No. 162, G. A. R., held last night in his church, North Diamond and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. The service was in charge of Post Commander Samuel H. Sutter; the records were read by Adjutant John S. Nichol, and the responsive service was conducted by Post Chaplain John S. Nichol.

Dr. Platts spoke on "The Spirit of '76 and the '60's in its Relation to the Needs of Today." After presenting the essential elements of true heroism and touching upon their manifestations in American wars of the past, Dr. Platts presented the need of today as a new motive which shall revolutionize the whole commercial, civil and social life of the times. He advised the substitution of the spirit of service for the spirit of selfishness, which seems to prevail today. This would mean in every place of position, influence or power, God's chance to bless man through man. This is the only chance for the increase of our essential greatness as a nation, he said. Mr. Platts closed with an appeal to those who had once been willing to die for great principles, now to live as devotedly for great principles in a time of a nation's need. The roll of honor of those members of the post who died within the past year follows:

JOHN H. M'CORMACK, private Company H, Sixty-second Pennsylvania volunteers; died at the Soldiers' Home, Marion, Ind., November 25, 1904.

JOSIAS GAMBLE, private Company G, One Hundred and Twenty-third Pennsylvania volunteers; died December 19, 1904.

CHRISTIAN F. HUCKEL, private Company H, Sixty-first Pennsylvania volunteers; died January 6, 1905.

R. C. MILLER, private Company B, One Hundred and Ninety-third Pennsylvania volunteers; died April 30, 1905.

JESSE HALE, second lieutenant Company I, Eightieth Illinois volunteers; died May 4, 1905.

GEORGE W. RALPH, private Company H, Ninth Illinois volunteers; died at Toledo, O., July 5, 1905.

JOSEPH WADSWORTH, private Company A, Fourteenth Pennsylvania cavalry; died August 17, 1905.

DAVID M'INTYRE, private Company E, Sixty-third Pennsylvania volunteers; died November 2, 1905.

Steel Company Elects Officers.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—The Youngstown Pressed Steel Company, which was recently incorporated, has organized with the following officers: President, L. E. Cochran; treasurer, Mason Evans; secretary, Chauncey A. Cochran; general manager, John O. Pew. The company will manufacture pressed steel for agricultural implements.

Well-Known Author Dies.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—John Bartlett, who compiled the work known as "Bartlett's Familiar Quotations," died at his home in Cambridge today, aged 75. He was also the author of the "Shakespeare Index" and the "Complete Concordance to Shakespeare's Dramatic Works and Poems." Mr. Bartlett was born in Plymouth, Mass.

SWIMMER COMING.

Dockerell, Irish 100-Yard and Quarter-Mile Champion, Expected Here Soon.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—George Dockerell, the 19-year-old boy who holds the 100-yard and quarter-mile swimming championships of Ireland, arrived in New York recently and will be a prominent figure in the aquatic meets this winter. Dockerell, who has made a good impression in his exhibitions here, expects to visit Chicago either during this month or early in 1906. He is an excellent water polo player, having won a place on the All-Ireland team, and it is possible he will attempt to induce the clubs he visits to take up socker water polo.

LATEST GOSSIP OF COLLEGE GYMNASIUMS

Replying to the attack on Yale's adviser, Walter Camp, in the New York Evening Post, the Yale Alumni Weekly says editorially:

"It will probably not be considered necessary to reply to a college president's attack upon a distinguished alumnus of the college whose services on the best side of college athletics have been notable.

"It is no surprise to anybody to find the New York Evening Post backing up this sort of an attack. It is like the paper to do this thing. Years ago it accepted as true and circulated a man lie about the Yale football player and on the basis of that libel persecuted him for years."

Now that football is over, Harvard men are turning to other things. Basketball work began last Tuesday night and from now on until the end of the winter the men will be kept busy on the gymnasium floor. The first call for candidates brought out 68 men and more have reported later. The men at present are practicing in class squads, in preparation for the class games which will be held in the middle of the present month. From the showing of the men in these games the varsity squad will be selected. The following captains have been elected: Seniors, C. E. Ware; juniors, H. LeR. Read; sophomores, F. S. Brown. L. O. Howard, 1907, will coach the freshman squad.

Hockey also will begin this week, provided the weather holds cold. Work has already been started on the standing rink in the south end of the stadium on Soldiers' field, and as soon as it begins to freeze the field will be flooded by means of a hydrant. This rink will be 180 feet long and 80 feet wide, surrounded by a wooden wall four feet high. Outside of this loam will be placed to prevent the water from leaking.

TENNIS COURTS COSTING $3,000 FOR PENNSYLVANIA

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Tennis, which has been one of the most popular sports at the university for a number of years, will undoubtedly be indulged in by more students next year than ever before. Notwithstanding many handicaps in the facilities for playing the game, some of the best amateur tennis players in the country have been developed at Pennsylvania. At the present time there are only four tennis courts on the campus upon which the students may play. These were built five years ago on the old athletic field by the tennis association of the university, but were so poorly constructed that they are now almost useless.

A movement is now on foot which will give to the university one of the finest sets of tennis courts in the country. The movement was started two weeks ago by Dr. William Draper Lewis, the dean of the law school, who is himself a tennis expert. At the preliminary meeting held in Dean Lewis' office the following committee was appointed:

E. B. Dewhurst, '07 D.; Dr. James T. Young of the Wharton school faculty; T. H. Felgel, '07 C.; T. T. Emery, '06 C.; Stanley S. Cooper, '07 Wharton; Paul Freeman, '06 L.; James H. Duff, '07 L.; Frank C. Conrey, '06 L.; Dr. William Draper Lewis, dean of the law school faculty; C. M. Sturtevant, '07 M., and J. B. Downey, '07 M.

It is expected that the courts will be ready for use next April.

NAVY DOES NOT FAVOR PRINCETON FOR GAME

ANNAPOLIS, MD., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—The members of the naval academy football squad arrived in Annapolis at 8:20 tonight and were given an enthusiastic welcome, as if they had won the game against West Point instead of being in it. The whole midshipmen brigade and about a thousand other persons were at the West street station to meet them. The members of the team and substitutes were carried to the station in triumph in buses pulled by the midshipmen by means of long ropes. The procession was headed by a large automobile, at the top of which was a great navy banner. On arriving at the naval academy the players were carried to quarters on midshipmen's shoulders, and the cheering for the different players occupied the space of an hour.

Capt. Howard Douglass, who did the touchdown, and Norton, who kicked the goal, came in for a particularly large share of the cheering. Midshipman Harry E. Parsons of Accomac, Va., was accidentally tripped in the crowd and a bus ran over him. Although the bus was full, he was not seriously injured.

The navy contingent is very much disgusted with the conditions attendant upon the holding of the army-navy game at Princeton. The railroad facilities were most unsatisfactory, and it is unlikely that the game will be played there next year. It will probably be played either in Philadelphia or Washington.

WINNERS IN THE BOWLING CONTEST FOR TURKEYS

The turkey prize bowling contest at Mt. Oliver closed Saturday. The winners are:

	High Score.	Total Pins.	Average.
De Haas	206	1,944	194 4-10
R. Miller	222	1,847	184 7-10
McIntosh	226	1,829	182 9-10
Augustine	208	1,812	181 2-10
T. Miller	209	1,805	180 2-10
Williams	233	1,791	179 1-10

Kramer had the best duckpin scores.

The captain of the Doctors team of the Pittsburgh Drug league is to call up J. W. Hyde, S-R, Millvale, this morning.

BIG CONTRACTS FOR PITTSBURGH

Steel Corporation and Westinghouse Get Orders from Far East and Mexico.

BUILD MONSTER POWER PLANT

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square.
NEW YORK, Dec. 3.

A big batch of contracts has just been received here for various Pittsburgh material and equipment to be utilized in the construction of far eastern electric traction systems and a further lot of orders is expected to be given out within the next few days by prominent export houses who are identified with the oriental trade. Officials of Mexican street railways are also here figuring with the local offices of Pittsburgh concerns for steel construction work and electrical machinery.

The principal far eastern contract has been awarded to the United States Steel Products Export Company, the foreign end of the Steel Corporation, for a big lot of material including trolley wire for an electric traction system to be built in Harbin, one of the termini of the Chinese Eastern railroad in Manchuria. The contract, which is a rush one, came by cable from M. Seigey Friede, the pioneer introducer of American machinery in that part of the world.

The Japanese contracting firm of Takata & Co., which represents the Westinghouse interests in Japan, has taken another substantial order for Westinghouse equipment to be used by the Yokohama Electric Tramways Company. The order calls for several double motor equipments, electric brake controllers, spare commutators, armatures, trolley poles, brushes, gears, pinions, etc.

Acquired Pittsburgh Interests.

W. W. Wheatly, president and general manager of the Mexico Electric Tramways, limited, and Paul H. Evans, chief engineer and purchasing agent of the same concern, which operates the extensive street railway in the City of Mexico, are in New York for the purpose of closing contracts for steel to be used in the construction of four sub-stations and to buy electrical equipment. The Mexican company, as noted in The Gazette at the time of closing the deal, acquired the interests of the Pittsburgh syndicate, which held important electric traction concessions and operated a line in the heart of the business section of the Mexican capital. The company is about to begin the construction of all the lines for which the Pittsburghers originally secured the franchises, which will mean big purchases of rails, about 100 miles in all.

The Mexican electric tramways, limited, has made a contract to receive hydraulic power from the Mexican Light and Power Company's Pittsburgh-built plant at Necaxa Falls, located some 15,000 feet in the mountains about 100 miles distant from Mexico City. This monster plant, which is being constructed by the Ritter-Conley Manufacturing Company of Pittsburgh, will, ere completion, be capable of generating no less than 85,000-horse power.

$15,000,000 Will Be Spent.

In addition to supplying the street railway, the Necaxa power station will generate energy for operating the lighting systems in Mexico City and transmitting current for working the numerous industrial plants within a radius of some 150 miles, as well as supplying power to the El Oro district, the largest mining camp in the southern republic. More than $15,000,000 will be expended in construction work before the undertaking is in full working order. The Westinghouse people are preparing figures for the equipment of the sub-stations. About 12,000-horse power is required.

An especial innovation in the operation of the Mexico City road is the handling of the funeral service. Included in the company's equipment are 75 funeral cars. All the large cemeteries of the city and suburbs are reached by the lines and the company provided funeral cars for more than 95 per cent of all the people who die there. There are no hearses in the southern republic as they are known in the United States, except such as are furnished by the tramway company for working in connection with its trolley lines.

BLOW IN FACE GREETING FOR A DESERTED WOMAN

Mrs. Midcia Reaches America to Learn That Her Husband is Married to Another.

Deserted years ago in Poland, Mrs. John Midcia followed her husband to Pittsburgh, arriving yesterday. Instead of a warm welcome she received a blow in the face that knocked her down. Midcia's love had grown cold, and in America he had married another woman. He married the first 15 years ago in Poland. After three children were born the man came to America. For several years he corresponded with his wife, but two years ago he married again and his letters ceased. Two children had died in the meantime, but Wife No. 1, with the remaining child, managed to reach America.

Friends of Midcia heard the woman was coming and told him. To avoid her the man and his second wife left their home in Mulberry alley and stayed away all of yesterday. Wife No. 1 arrived early yesterday morning and waited until night for her husband to appear. When he entered the house she advanced toward him and was knocked down. The second wife took a hand and the arrival from Poland was thrown across a bed, which broke. She escaped and took refuge in the cellar. Word that a murder had been committed was sent to the police. They arrested Midcia and his wives. Wife No. 1 was released on a forfeit raised by sympathetic foreigners.

Capt. Brown Unchanged.

There is no apparent change in the condition of Capt. S. S. Brown, who has been dangerously ill for a week or more. It was stated yesterday at his home that Capt. Brown's condition had not changed for the better or worse for several days.

JACKSONS

The New Double-Breaster

Have you seen the New Double-breasted Long Overcoat?

It will be a very popular coat this winter.

Wide collar and lapels; full, long and comfortable cut.

Materials in Cheviots, modish and fancy patterns, Friezes and Kerseys.

This Coat will be a great

Comforter for Cold Weather

Just the coat for driving or for traveling. It is a coat that a man must get into to fully appreciate.

WE HAVE THEM AT

$12.50, $15, $18 and up to $30

If you are looking for comfort, sir, here's your Coat, and no mistake about it.

Every man who has seen this "New Comer" is pleased with it, and we think you'll be.

M-U-I-Y-C JACKSONS 954 AND 956 Liberty St., Near Smithfield.

ESTABLISHED 1837

D C & J.

Our Holiday Preparation FURNITURE THE STANDARD IN QUALITY AND STYLE

WAS NEVER SO ELABORATE AND COMPLETE AS THIS SEASON. THE USEFUL AND THE BEAUTIFUL HAVE BEEN MOST WONDERFULLY COMBINED IN THE NEW GOODS TO MAKE THEM DOUBLY ATTRACTIVE.

FURNITURE AS GIFTS

BECOMES MORE POPULAR EACH SUCCEEDING YEAR, AND ITS APPROPRIATENESS APPEARS WITH FORCE TO EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY. FOR LIBRARY, DEN, DINING-ROOM, BOUDOIR, DRAWING-ROOM OR HALL—WE ARE EQUALLY WELL PREPARED. VISIT THIS STORE OFTEN NOW.

FURNITURE REPAIR WORK PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

DAULER, CLOSE & JOHNS.

636-638-640 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Trustee's Foreclosure Sale!

Of the real estate, rights of way and corporate franchises of the

Shousetown, Clinton & Frankfort Railroad Company.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Court of Common Pleas Number Two of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at No. 532, October term, 1905, in equity, made the 15th day of November, 1905, the Safe Deposit and Trust Company, of Pittsburgh, trustee, under the mortgage made by the Shousetown, Clinton and Frankfort Railroad Company to secure the holdings of its bonds, which said mortgage is of record in the recorder's office in and for the County of Allegheny in Mortgage Book vol. 319, page 1, will sell

At Public Sale

—In the—

Rotunda of the Court House,

—In the—

City of Pittsburgh,

—On the—

16th Day of December, 1905,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A.M.

all the following described property:

"All the severally described property, real personal and mixed, the same now being and being located in the counties of Allegheny, Washington and Beaver, in the state of Pennsylvania, to-wit: All and several the railroad of said party of the first part, beginning on the line of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad, at or near the southerly end of the iron viaduct across Flaherty's run in Crescent township, Allegheny county, State of Pennsylvania; thence southwesterly through the townships of Crescent, Moon and Findley in said Allegheny county, and the townships of Robinson and Hanover in Washington county, and the township of Hanover in Beaver county, to the village of Frankfort, in said Beaver county. The length of railroad between the termini above described, being about 15 miles, with all the appurtenances and equipments, rights, privileges and franchises unto the said railroad company belonging or in any wise pertaining, and the extensions and changes of location, income, tolls, rents, issues and profits thereof, including roadway, tracks, rails and roadbed, and all property in the simple, side-tracks, switches, bridges, viaducts, stations, depots, machine shops, telegraph wires, ties, rolling stock and all other building structures, docks, wharfs and sand and gravel pits, deposits of material, and all other things of whatever kind or nature, real, personal or mixed, now or hereafter belonging to or used or designed to be used for or in connection with said railroad, together with all the locomotives, tenders, freight cars, passenger cars, and all other kinds of cars, and all other kinds of rolling stock or equipment of any kind or nature used for any purpose whatsoever, and all the material for the use of said railroad, including as well all property, real, personal and mixed, of every kind and nature, which is now owned or which shall hereafter at any time in any manner acquired or owned by said railroad company, or used by said company, or possessed by it as its own or in connection with its line of railroad, or the working of any portion thereof, and the reversions and remainders thereof."

That said real estate and rights of way are more particularly and at length described as follows:

1. All that piece or parcel of land situate in the village of Shousetown, Crescent Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, and bounded on the northwest by the boundary line of lands formerly of Peter Shouse, now or late owned by the heirs of Michael McNames, on the north west by Front street, on the southeast by Work and Front streets and the Ohio River, being all that piece of land marked and designated in the plan of said village of Shousetown as the "Boat Yard," which said plan of said village is recorded in the Recorder's office of said county, in Plan Book, Vol. 1, part 1, page 101.

2. Also that other lot or piece of ground situate in Crescent Township on the Ohio River and Fisherty's Run in the county and state aforesaid and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone near the river above the mouth of Flaherty's Run; thence up the river south thirty-two degrees east fourteen and five-tenths perches (south 32 degrees east 14.5 perches) to a stone; thence by the tract of Samuel Kennedy south thirty-seven degrees west thirty-two perches (south 37 degrees west 32 perches) to a post; thence by same south seventy-seven degrees west fourteen perches to a post (south 77 degrees west 14 perches); thence by P. & L. E. R. R. north forty-nine degrees west twenty-two and one-half perches (north 49 degrees west 22½ perches) to a post adjoining John McNamee; thence north sixty-eight degrees east nine and four-tenths perches (north 68 degrees east 9.4 perches) to a post; thence north fifty-eight degrees east forty perches (north 58 degrees east 40 perches) to the place of beginning, containing five acres and ninety perches.

3. Also that other tract of land situate in the same township, county and state, and bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a post on the dividing line between Samuel Kenedy and Joseph Harper, said post being nine (9) feet southwardly from a sugar maple tree on the slope of the Ohio River bank; thence north thirty-two degrees west three hundred and twenty-two feet (north 32 degrees west 322 feet) to a stone; thence south seventy-six degrees west three hundred and thirty feet (south 76 degrees west 330 feet) to a stump, being a corner between land of Samuel Kennedy and Nathan Porter; thence along the dividing line between Samuel Kennedy and said Porter north forty-seven degrees east twenty-seven perches (north 47 degrees east 27 perches) to the Ohio River; thence along up the Ohio River in a southeasterly direction twenty-eight and one-half perches (28.5 perches) to the dividing line between Samuel Kennedy and Joseph Harper; thence along said dividing line south fifty and one-fourth degrees west (south 50¼ degrees west) to the place of beginning, containing — acre, more or less, and being the river front of the lands of the said Kennedy. Being the same conveyed to said company by Joseph R. Williams et ux. by deed dated January 6, 1882, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 451, page 608.

4. All that certain tract or parcel of ground situate in Crescent Township, Allegheny County, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a linn tree on the division line between the lands of Samuel Kennedy and lands now or late of N. Porter; thence by said division line north seventy-seven degrees east eighty three feet (north 77 degrees east 88 feet) more or less, to the right of way line of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad; thence by said right of way line south fifty-two and one-fourth degrees east five hundred and fifty-five feet (south 52¼ degrees east 555 feet) more or less to lands of — Harper; thence by the same south fifty and one-fourth degrees west ninety-six feet (south 50¼ degrees west 96 feet) more or less to a lane, and thence by the same north forty-eight degrees west four hundred and ninety-two feet (north 48 degrees west 492 feet) more or less, to another lane leading from the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad; thence by the same south sixty-three and one-half degrees west twenty-two feet (south 63½ degrees west 22 feet) more or less, to lands of John Hamilton and Francis Eberly; thence by the same north forty-eight degrees west one hundred and twenty-eight feet (north 48 degrees west 128 feet) more or less, to the linn tree, and place of beginning, containing one and six one hundredths (1.06) of an acre, be the same more or less. Being same conveyed to said company by Samuel Kennedy et ux. by deed dated June 9, 1885, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 482, page 281.

5. All that certain lot or parcel of land situate in Moon township, County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, being bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the intersection of the center line of the Shousetown, Clinton and Frankfort Railroad with the division line between the lands of said Scott and Nancy Jane Wilson; thence by said division line south 2 degrees east sixteen (16) feet to a point fifteen (15) feet at right angles from said center line; thence south 67 degrees 20 minutes west one hundred and twenty-three and one-fourth (123¼) feet to a point; thence south 53 degrees 00 minutes west one hundred and forty-five and seven-tenths (145.7) feet to a point; thence south 49¼ degrees west seventy-six and nine-tenths (76.9) feet to a point; thence south 45¾ degrees west eighty-eight and a half (88½) feet to lands of Robert Hood; thence by the same north 83 degrees west one and eight-tenths (1.8) feet to a point; thence by the same north 7 degrees east, crossing said railroad, one hundred and eleven and four-tenths (111.4) feet to lands of Jacob Metz; thence by the same north 81 degrees east one hundred and twenty-four and three-fourths (124¾) feet to a point; thence by the same north 80¼ degrees east one hundred and fifty and eight-tenths (150.8) feet to a point; thence by the same north 81¼ degrees east ninety-nine (99) feet to a point; thence by the same north 71 degrees east forty-eight and nine-tenths (48.9) feet to lands of said Nancy Jane Wilson, and thence by the same south 2 degrees east eighty-three (83) feet to the center line of said railroad, the place of beginning, containing one hundred and twenty perches, or three-fourths of an acre, strict measure. Being same conveyed to said company by deed of John Scott, dated December 10, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 493, page 158.

6. All that certain lot or parcel of land situate in Moon Township, County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, being bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at the intersection of the center line of the Shousetown, Clinton and Frankfort Railroad with the division line between the lands of said Scott and Samuel S. Meanor; thence by said division line north 81 degrees 10 minutes west one hundred and forty-eight and nine-tenths (148.9) feet to a point near Flaherty's Run; thence north 43 degrees 40 minutes east seven hundred and seventy-one and seven-tenths (771.7) feet to a point; thence north 12 degrees 45 minutes west one hundred and sixty-two (162) feet to a point in Township Road; thence by said Township Road north 28 degrees 40 minutes east six hundred and eighty-two (682) feet to the division line between the lands of said Scott and Thomas Elliott; thence by said division line south 89 degrees 30 minutes east sixty-nine (69) feet to a point; thence south 2 degrees 40 minutes west ninety (90) feet to a point thirty (30) feet at right angles from main track of said railroad; thence south 4 degrees 30 minutes east two hundred and ninety-one and a half (291½) feet to a point; thence south 38 degrees 30 minutes west one hundred and forty-six (146) feet to a point; thence south 26 degrees 24 minutes west three hundred and thirty-six (336) feet to a point fifty (50) feet at right angles from main track of said railroad; thence south 45 degrees 23 minutes west two hundred and fifty-eight (258) feet to a point forty (40) feet at right angles from main track of said railroad; thence south 56 degrees 5 minutes west two hundred and twenty-eight (228) feet to a point thirty (30) feet at right angles from main track of said railroad; thence south 46 degrees west one hundred and twenty-four and seven-tenths (124.7) feet to a point; thence south 33 degrees 50 minutes west one hundred and twenty-four and seven-tenths (124.7) feet to a point; thence south 27 degrees 15 minutes west twenty-four and a half (24½) feet to lands of Samuel S. Meanor, and thence by the same north 81 degrees 10 minutes west thirty-one and six-tenths (31.6) feet to the center line of main track of said railroad, the place of beginning, containing six and ninety-eight hundredths (6.98) acres, strict measure; being the same conveyed to said company by deed dated December 16, 1883, recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 488, page 182.

7. Also all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Crescent, County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Being a strip of land 185 feet in width, 85 feet thereof being on the northeast or river side, and 100 feet thereof being on the southwest or hill side of the center line of the northerly track of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company's railroad on its revised location, viz: as of date of April 29, 1892, and extending this width from other lands of said Shousetown, Clinton & Frankfort Railroad Company and of Samuel Kennedy on the southeast to line of lands of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad as owned by it on April 29, 1892 (formerly John McNamee) on the northwest, excepting out of the same the right of way acquired by said Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company prior to April 29, 1892, from Nathan Porter et ux.

Being the same conveyed to said Company by deed of Nathan Porter et ux., recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 800, page 564.

8. All the following described property, viz.: Beginning at a linn tree on the division line between the lands of the said McKelvy and Francis Eberly; thence by said division line south forty-seven and one-fourth degrees west four hundred and eighty-nine feet, more or less (S. 47¼ degrees W. 489 feet, more or less), to the center of the Township road; thence by the center of said Township road north thirty-eight and three-fourth degrees east four hundred and ninety feet, more or less (N. 38¾ degrees E. 490 feet, more or less), to lands formerly of Porter; thence by the same south forty-nine and a half degrees east seventy-two feet, more or less, to the aforesaid linn tree, the place of beginning, containing seventy-two perches, more or less; being a triangular shaped piece of land situated in the Township of Crescent, County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, being the same Henry McKelvey et ux. by deed dated January 2, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 474, page 407, conveyed to said company.

9. Rights of way described in the following deeds to the defendant company, recorded in the Recorder's office of Allegheny county, viz.:

Deed of Elizabeth J. Thomson, dated October 4, 1851, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 403, page 242.

George Duve et ux., dated August 30, 1853, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 452, page 245.

William Tomlinson et ux., dated August 31, 1853, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 452, page 246.

Robert Hood, et ux., dated August 17, 1858, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 452, page 249.

Nancy Jane Wilson, dated August 30, 1882, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 452, page 258.

John A. Martin, dated November 10, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 452, page 265.

James Dickson et ux., dated July 17, 1858, recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 441, page 387.

Samuel S. Meanor, dated February 20, 1854, an drecorded in Deed Book, Vol. 488, page 181.

Rights of way as acquired in condemnation proceedings at Numbers 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 182 and 183 of December Term, 1883, Court of Common Pleas No. 1 of Allegheny County.

10. And also all other rights of way acquired by said defendant corporation in Allegheny county by deed, condemnation proceedings or otherwise howsoever, and all other real estate now owned in fee simple by it, and situate within the said County of Allegheny.

TERMS OF SALE:

The purchaser shall at the time the property is sold to him pay to the trustee 10 per cent of his bid and the balance upon confirmation of the sale by the court. Reference may be had to the said decree for the terms upon which the said bonds of the Shousetown, Clinton and Frankfort Railroad Company may be used in payment of any accepted bid.

For any further information that may be desired, inquiry may be made to the undersigned.

The Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Pittsburgh,
Trustee,
Corner of Wood Street and Fourth Avenue,
Pittsburgh, Pa., or to

Patterson, Sterrett & Acheson,
1228 Frick Building,
and
Charles W. Jones,
315 Frick Building,
Attorneys.

MANUFACTURERS.

OLIVER

Iron & Steel Company,

ESTABLISHED 1863.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Soft Welding Steel and Iron.

Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.

Telegraph

THE PHANTOM TORPEDO BOAT

Being the Secret History of the Russo-Japanese War.

By "A. V."

Author of "Underground History: the Revelations of an International Spy."

Copyright, 1905, by the Pearson Publishing Co.

(Continued from Yesterday.)

Who shall judge the ways of the Asiatic? This daring organizer, a match for the most astute minds of the west, believed that he could only make sure of fidelity by persuading me to go through what seemed the comedy of a mock adoption, a ceremony like the blood brotherhood of an African tribe.

"And suppose I consent, into what family do you propose to introduce me?"

The privy councillor's look became positively affectionate as he responded:

"If you would honor me by becoming my kinsman?"

I rose to my feet, shaking my head.

"I appreciate the honor your excellency pays me. But, as we have just now agreed, an American citizen has no equals except royalty. Let us return to the German emperor and his designs. If I cannot serve you directly I may be able to do so indirectly."

The Japanese made no attempt to press his proposal.

Instead he plunged into a discussion of the intrigues which radiated from Berlin.

"In nearly all the international difficulties and disagreements of the last 20 years," he said, "it is possible to trace the evil influence of Germany.

"To German sympathy, a secret encouragement, was due the wanton invasion of Cape Colony by the Boers. To the kaiser, and his promises of support, was due the hopeless defiance of the United States by Spain. The same power tried to drag Great Britain into collision with your republic over the miserable concerns of Venezuela. For years, Germany has been secretly egging on the French to raise troubles against the English in Egypt. In the same spirit, the sultan has been abetted, first against England and next against Russia.

"All these schemes have been spoiled by the action of King Edward VII. in establishing cordial relations with France, and even to a certain extent with Russia.

"Now Wilhelm II. has taken advantage of the attraction of France to England, to draw nearer to Russia. He has secured in his interest some of the most influential personages at the Russian court. The Anglophobe grand dukes, the fire-eaters of the admiralty, are all his sworn allies.

"But that is not the worst.

"By some means which I have not yet been able to trace, the kaiser seems to have acquired a peculiar hold over Nicholas II.

"The whole policy of Russia seems to be tinged by this influence. Even where the inimitation of Germany is not directly apparent, yet in a hundred ways it is clear that the Russian government is playing the German game. The cause of all this is a riddle, a riddle which it is for you to solve."

"For me?"

The words escaped me involuntarily. I had listened with growing uneasiness to the privy councillor's revelations.

"Undoubtedly. You have facilities which no one else possesses. You enjoy the confidence of the czar. You cannot be suspected of any selfish designs, still less of any hostile feeling against Wilhelm II., who is understood to be almost your personal friend."

"I never allow personal friendship to influence me in the discharge of my duty."

"It is because I believe that, that I am talking to you like this," Mr. Katahaski responded quickly. "Well," he added after a short silence, "what do you say?"

"I must have the night to decide."

The Japanese privy councillor rose to say good-by.

After he had gone I sat up late into the night considering how far I could serve my employer in England by entering into the projects of the secret service of Japan.

In the morning I was still undecided, but on the whole it seemed to me that it would be better to act independently.

I was considering how to convey this decision to the mikado's minister, when he again presented himself before me.

His manner was deeply agitated. It was evident that he came to make a communication of the highest importance.

Instead of taking the chair I offered him, he stood regarding me with an expression that seemed one of awe.

"Monsieur V——," he said at length, "your conditions are accepted by his imperial majesty."

"What conditions?" I asked, bewildered for the moment.

"Last night you informed me that an American citizen occupied the same rank as royalty."

"Well?"

"The mikado offers to make you a member of the imperial family by adoption, and one of his majesty's cousins has consented to make you his son."

CHAPTER XIII.

His Imperial Highness.

In these days, when princes resign their rank to marry commoners, and queens elope with tutors, it is probable that most western minds will see nothing out of the way in the condescension of the Japanese ruler in admitting a diplomatic agent to the honor of the imperial cousinship.

Yet the dynasty of Japan is the most illustrious in the world, excepting only that of Great Britain. Like Edward VII. the mikado traces his lineage back to pagan gods. From the days of the famous Empress Jimmu, an unbroken line of sacred sovereigns has filled the throne of the Realm of the Rising Sun during more than two thousand years.

Mr. Katahaski was evidently pleased to see that I appreciated the full tremendous honor accorded to me.

"An imperial carriage is waiting to convey you to the palace," he said. "But it will not be becoming for you to wear that uniform. I have brought you a Japanese dress."

An attendant came into the room bearing a gorgeous robe of green silk embroidered with golden chrysanthemums.

I put it on like one in a dream. The privy councillor with his own hands girt around my waist two weapons, sacred from time immemorial to the use of the Japanese noble, the sword with which to behead his friend and the dagger with which to disembowel himself.

Needless to say, I had no expectation that I should ever have occasion to regard these magnificently embellished weapons in any other light than as ornamental badges of rank.

As we rode to the palace, I could not forbear contrasting this splendid treatment with that which I had been accustomed to receive from some of the European sovereigns to whom I had rendered important services.

Even the German kaiser, who trusted me more than the head of his own police, who talked to me almost on the footing of an intimate friend, had never offered me as much as the coveted "you" before my name—had not given me the pretty Red Eagle which is lavished on second rate generals and lords-in-waiting.

I became well-nigh appalled as I contrasted the sluggish conversation, the hide-bound officialism, the stereotyped and sleepy methods of the western powers with the sleepless energy, the daring initiative, the desperate industry and courage of this rejuvenated eastern race.

What could any of these obsolete European governments effect against a nation which was really a vast secret society of 45,000,000, directed by a sacred chief, and wielding all the mechanical resources of the west with the almost inhuman subtlety and ruthlessness of the orient?

"Anything can be done for money." This maxim, which is forever on the lips of Russian statesmen, no longer sounded true to me in the meridian of Tokyo.

The ruler of Japan had not offered me so much as a yen. Nay, it was clearly expected and intended that I should devote myself to the service of my new country without pay, and with the same single-hearted devotion as Mr. Katahaski himself. The mikado was going to enroll in his services as an unpaid volunteer the most highly-paid, in other words, the most trusted and feared, secret service agent of two hemispheres.

And it was to cost him? An embroidered garment and two sentences spoken in a private audience!

Such are the methods of Japan!

On our arrival at the palace we were received by a chamberlain, who conducted us by the private staircase to the hall of the imperial family.

The hall is an imposing room, hung with portraits of deceased mikados. A single chair, decorated with the emblem of the Rising Sun, stood at the upper end. Almost as soon as we had taken our places, a door behind the chair was thrown up and a number of the officers of the household, all wearing the ancient national costume, filed in, and grouped themselves around the imperial chair.

Then a silver bell sounded, and his imperial and sacred majesty, Mutsuhito, CXXI., mikado, walked slowly forward into the hall, accompanied by his son and heir, the crown prince Yoshihito, and an elderly man, attired with great richness, who was, as my guide whispered to me, his imperial highness Prince Yorimo, second cousin to the emperor and the man who had consented to be my titular father.

The ceremony was brief but impressive. I could not but be struck with the contrast between the two mikados—the one whom I had seen yesterday, an alert statesman, wearing western clothes, and speaking French with hardly a trace of accent, and the one before me now, a solemn, pontifical figure, in his immemorial robes, moving, speaking with the etiquette of a bygone age.

Everything passed in the Japanese language, of which I did not then know a single word.

Mr. Katahaski did his best to provide a running translation, whispering in my ear, and prompting me with the Japanese words when it was necessary for me to pronounce.

As far as I could understand Prince Yorima asked permission of the emperor to adopt a son, as he was childless and desired to have some one who would sacrifice to his own spirit and those of his father and grandfather after he was dead.

The mikado graciously consenting I was brought forward and made to renounce my own family and ancestors, and promise to sacrifice exclusively to those of my new father.

Prince Yorimo next brought forward a robe embroidered with the imperial emblems, the most prominent of which was the Rising Sun. I was dressed, the dress lent me by Katahaski, and my adoptive father flung the imperial garment over my shoulders.

The girding on of the simurai weapon followed, and my father addressed me a short exhortation, bidding me hold myself ready at all times to obey the will of the divine emperor, even to the point of committing seppukit at his command.

Seppuku is the correct name of the rite known in the west by the vulgar name of hara-kari, or the "happy dispatch." It is a form of voluntary execution permitted by the ancient laws of Japan to men of noble rank, much as th European nobles were allowed to be beheaded instead of being hanged.

I was then permitted to kiss the hand of Prince Yorimo, who formally presented me to the mikado, whose hand also I had to kiss, kneeling.

That was the whole of the ceremony, at the close of which Mr. Katahaski bade me a temporary farewell and my princely father carried me off to a banquet in his own mansion.

Tedious and uninteresting as I fear these details must seem to the reader, I have thought it right to record them as an illustration of the spirit of Japan, of that country of which I am proud to be an adopted son.

The moment we had quitted the hall of the imperial family, Prince Yorima began to talk to me in French.

He proved to be a most fascinating companion. Old enough to remember the feudal age, which was still in full vigor in Japan forty years ago, he had since mastered most of the knowledge of the west.

(To be Continued Tomorrow.)

WELCOME IRISH LEADER.

Dr. Douglas Hyde Arouses Enthusiasm Among Gaelic Societies at Boston Meeting.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—Large delegations from nearly all the Irish societies in Boston extended a cordial welcome to Dr. Douglas Hyde, president of the Gaelic league of Ireland, at the Boston theater this afternoon, when he spoke in behalf of the Gaelic revival.

Dr. Hyde prefaced his remarks by reviewing the progress of the revival and the support which he had received from many well known personages, including President Roosevelt. He then took up the history of the ancient Irish language and aroused enthusiasm by his recitation of Gaelic prose and poetry.

Ovations for Japanese Officers.

TOKYO, Dec. 3.—Field Marshal Oyama arrived at Njina today and was the recipient of several great ovations. Gen. Asada, commander of the guards division, arrived in Tokyo today and was given an enthusiastic reception as well as being shown exceptional honor by the court.

Fire in Grocery Store.

Fire was discovered in the cellar of the A. A. Wilson Grocery company, Center avenue and Neville street, about 6 o'clock last evening. Engine company No. 14 extinguished the blaze with a loss of $25.

Houses for Canal Employes.

PANAMA, Dec. 3.—Several buildings of considerable size are being erected at Empire, where the employes of the engineering department of the Panama canal will be housed. At Ancon also several big hotels are being built.

STATE LICENSES FOR AUTOS READY

Law Governing Motor-Vehicles Goes Into Effect in Pennsylvania January 1.

PROVISIONS OF THE NEW ACT

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU.
HARRISBURG, PA., Dec. 3.

State Highway Commissioner Hunter has organized the automobile division, created by an act passed by the last legislature, and is now prepared to furnish licenses to operate motor-vehicles and the necessary number tags. The law creating this division in the state highway department, which becomes effective January 1 next, prohibits the operation within the borders of Pennsylvania of motor-vehicles, unless the operator shall have procured a license from the highway department. H. M. Cutschall, a former member of the house of representatives from Crawford county, has been placed in charge of this division. He has not yet selected his assistant.

Commissioner Hunter has established regulations for the operators of motor-vehicles, which he is now having printed for the information of all such persons. These regulations contain the more important features of the automobile act of 1905, which Deputy Attorney General Fleitz has decided supersedes and repeals the act of 1903. The regulations provide that no motor-vehicle or motor-cycle can be operated in the state of Pennsylvania unless the operator has secured a license from the state highway department. Every license expires on December 31 of the year in which it was issued. Application for license must be made upon blank furnished for the purpose by the department.

License Fee is $3.

The license fee of $3 must accompany the application and must be made by draft or postoffice or express money order. A license issued to one person cannot be used by another person. If more than one person desires to operate the same motor-vehicle each such person must obtain a license.

The license is not effective until two license number tags furnished by the state highway department have been posted upon the front and back of the vehicle. The license must be carried by the operator when using the motor-vehicle while they are being operated within the limits of this state. Not more than one state license number shall be carried upon a motor-vehicle at one time.

The rear license tag must be illuminated one hour after sunset so that the number will be plainly distinguishable. At least one fixed white light must be carried, visible in the direction the machine is proceeding. One red light must be carried, visible in the reverse direction. Every motor-vehicle must be provided with good and sufficient brake or brakes. The motor-vehicle must also be provided with bell, horn or other signal device, which must be sounded when aproaching road or street corners. The operator must stop when signaled to do so by the driver of a horse or other animal.

Speed Regulations.

The rate of speed in cities or boroughs must not exceed one mile in six minutes; outside of cities or boroughs one mile in three minutes. Townships of the first class have the option of fixing a speed limit of one mile in six minutes, and when such limit is fixed, the township must post signs not over one-half mile apart, on which the speed limit and the penalty for violation of it are plainly indicated. No other township, borough or city has authority to fix a speed limit less than that established by the act. Speed must not at any time be greater than required by reasonable regard for safety.

Constables and police officers have authority to make arrests upon view and without warrant for violation of any of the provisions of the act. In lieu of bail a magistrate is authorized to hold in custody the motor-vehicle operated by the person arrested. Conviction subjects the offender to a fine of not less than $10 nor more than $25; or in case of nonpayment to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 10 days. A second conviction entails a fine of not less than $25 nor more than $100; or in case of nonpayment, to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 30 days.

Penalties Are Provided.

Upon certification to the state highway commissioner of a second conviction the license issued to the person convicted is revoked for a period of six months. Fines are to be paid to the treasurer of the city, borough or township in which the offense was committed and are to be expended for the benefit of the public roads or streets.

The provision of the act relative to motor-vehicles held in stock by manufacturers or dealers has been held by Attorney General Carson to be inoperative and futile, the license being granted to the operator, not to the motor-vehicle.

Starts Fight When Discharged.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—John Baxter, a young Frenchman, who until Friday night was leading man with the Verna May Company, has been getting into trouble since he was discharged. After his discharge he went to the opera house and started to thrash Manager Potts and was arrested. He got out yesterday and went to the opera house again. He was re-arrested on a peace warrant and kept in the county jail over night.

Says Woman Stole His Money.

Special officers John Morgan and Leon Levy arrested Marie Lewis of 12 Liberty street, last night, on complaint of M. J. Greenfeld of Allegheny, who said the woman stole $25 from him. Greenfeld was also locked up as a witness.

Steal Sweaters and Shoes.

The clubhouse of the Pittsburgh Field club in Brushton was broken into Saturday night and eight lockers were robbed of sweaters and shoes belonging to members. Entrance was effected by forcing one of the outside doors.

"THE CHRISTIAN AT PLAY:" ABOUT HIS AMUSEMENTS

The Rev. W. I. Wishart Says All Sports and Pleasures Should Be Edifying and Uplifting.

Maintaining that if the biblical injunction which he took for his text, "Let all things be done unto edifying," were carried out literally, there would be some revision of the rules and methods of playing football, and that this law, if applied, will keep us from indulging in sports or pleasures that will prove injurious to body and mind, the Rev. W. I. Wishart, pastor of the Eighth United Presbyterian church, Allegheny, preached last evening on the "Christian at Play—What About Amusements?" Mr. Wishart said in part:

There have been times when my theme would have been considered incongruous. It has been held that Christians have no right to play or consider questions of amusement. But while we recognize that play has a place on the Christian's program, it is possible that there is danger of giving it too large a place there.

Let everything be done unto edifying, unto upbuilding, unto the strengthening and development of manhood and womanhood. And this law applies peculiarly to our amusements. The very object of them is to refresh and strengthen. This law will keep us from indulging in sports or pleasures that will prove injurious to body and mind. Here is a delicate young girl. Is it for her upbuilding to spend one-half or three-fourths of the night spinning over the floor in a super-heated ballroom, breathing in dust-laden and tuberobe-laden air, becoming overheated and then cooling off and chilling, exerting herself far beyond her capacity for exertion? One would imagine she would feel somewhat broken down next morning rather than built up.

This rule concerning edification, if applied to football, would certainly lead to some revision of the rules and methods of play. The papers are reporting 19 deaths and at least 150 serious injuries from playing football this season. The thing has not been much to the edification of those bandaged, splinted, becrutched and limping victims surely, not to speak of those who are under the sod.

And there is also the question of mental and spiritual edification to be kept in mind. Do our amusements tend to stimulate pure thoughts and strengthen high ideals? In a newspaper the other day was an article giving the "Confessions of An Actress." If the theater is half as bad as it is represented in that article it is a question whether it is likely to be to one's great edification to have very much to do with it.

The amusements to which we give ourselves ought to be such as will in some way awaken higher and better thoughts and tend to make us better men and women. At least there ought to be the greatest care that they are not destructive and harmful in their effects.

The New Testament is a great book of principles. It does not lay down specific rules but broad principles. And the one great principle that solves the amusement question is this. Let everything be done unto edifying.

A Great Physiologist

Once Said That the Way to Keep the Stomach Healthy is to Exercise It.

But He Did Not Tell How to Make It Healthy.

The muscles of the body can be developed by exercise until their strength has increased manifold, and a proper amount of training each day will accomplish this result, but it is somewhat doubtful whether you can increase the digestive powers of the stomach by eating indigestible food in order to force it to work.

Nature has furnished us all with a perfect set of organs, and if they are not abused they will attend to the business required of them. They need no abnormal strength.

There is a limit to the weight a man can lift, and there is also a limit to what the stomach can do.

The cause of dyspepsia, indigestion and many similar diseases is that the stomach has been exercised too much and it is tired or worn out. Not exercise but rest is what it needs.

To take something into the stomach that will relieve it from its work for a short time—something to digest the food—will give it a rest and allow it time to regain its strength.

The proper aid to the digestive organs is Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which cure dyspepsia, indigestion, gas on the stomach and bowels, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, and all stomach diseases.

Rest and invigoration is what the stomach gets when you use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, for one grain of the active principle in them is sufficient to digest 3,000 grains of food.

The Tablets increase the flow of gastric juice, and prevent fermentation, acidity and sour eructations.

Do not attempt to starve out dyspepsia. You need all your strength.

The common sense method is to digest the food for the stomach and give it a rest.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do not make the cure, but enable the organs to throw off unhealthy conditions.

Perfect digestion means perfect health, for under these conditions only do the different organs of the body work right and receive the building-up material found in pure blood.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a stomach remedy and are a specific for stomach troubles. The ablest physicians prescribe them.

The Tablets are pleasant to the taste, and are composed of fruit and vegetable extracts, golden seal and pepsin.

At all drug store—50 cents per package.

12 Blades 24 Keen Edges

Each blade gives from 20 to 40 smooth, satisfying and comfortable shaves.

The Ideal Holiday Gift

Full Description in All Magazines

Sold by all leading cutlery and hardware dealers and dealers in gents' fine toilet articles.

Ask to see them, and for booklet, or write us,

Gillette Sales Company,
Times Building, New York City.

Gillette Safety Razor

"CLEANLINESS"

is the watchword of health and vigor, comfort and beauty. Mankind is learning not only the necessity but the luxury of cleanliness. SAPOLIO, which has wrought such changes in the home, announces her sister triumph—

HAND SAPOLIO

FOR TOILET AND BATH.

A special soap which energizes the whole body, starts the circulation and leaves an exhilarating glow. All grocers and druggists.

YOUR NEXT SUIT ARNFELDS

McElveen's

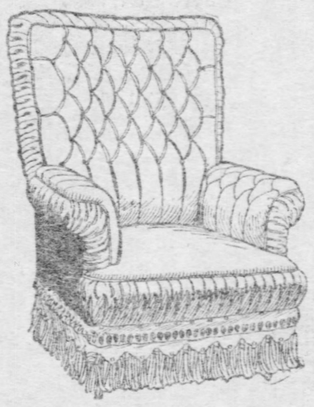
(McElveen Furniture Co.)

Practical Gifts Are the Best Gifts

And Here Are Some Furniture Suggestions

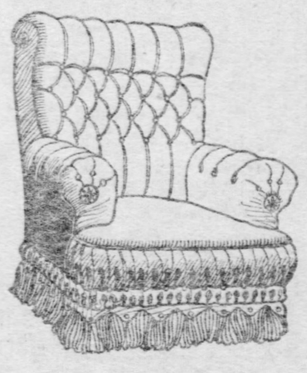
By far the most practical and the most appreciated gifts that can be made at Christmas time are articles of furniture, particularly leather furniture. The gift of a leather chair or a leather couch, for example, is one that carries with it good will and good sense. It conveys much more than the "remembrance" idea. It is a substantial token.

The line of leather furniture in this establishment is especially large and varied. You will enjoy looking through the stock, for you are sure to find here many helpful suggestions to aid you in your Christmas selections.



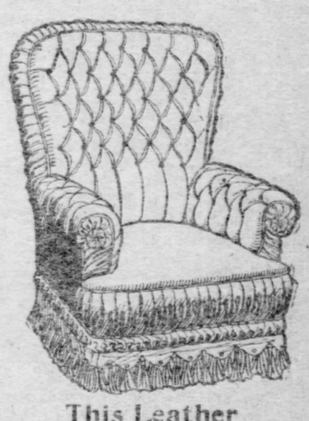
This Leather Rocker, $55

This elegant Leather Chair is a Christmas suggestion that is sure to meet with many responses. The upholstering is in the best of leather and is made in such a way as to afford the greatest amount of comfort. And it is certainly as comfortable as it is inviting. Graceful in outline, presenting an appearance of more than ordinary beauty. It is big value at $55.



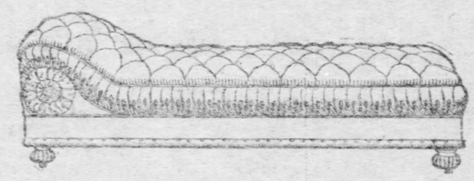
This Leather Rocker, $40

A Christmas gift of one of these handsome Turkish Leather Chairs always will be esteemed, not only on Christmas, but throughout the year. It combines comfort and elegance in a high degree and is a daily luxury in the home. These chairs last a lifetime, for the materials employed in the making are of the best and the workmanship is unsurpassed.



This Leather Rocker, $55

A good Leather Chair like this appeals to all people of refinement and practical tastes. The upholstering is such as yields to every portion of the body when one is seated in it, affording the greatest amount of comfort. The leather is the very best quality, assuring both good looks and durability. A delightful Christmas gift for any adult member of the family.

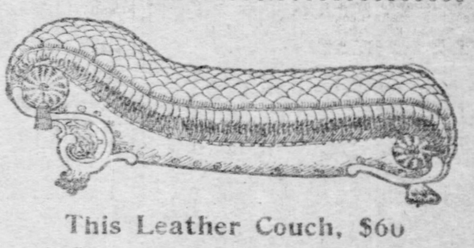


This Leather Couch, $42

The upholstering of this Couch is in the best of leather. The woodwork is oak or mahogany finish and is daintily carved, giving the couch a very handsome and substantial appearance. Of course the comfort-giving qualities are the first consideration, and in this couch they have reached the point of perfection, as the construction throughout is along the most improved scientific lines. A more suitable Christmas gift could not be chosen.

See Window Display of Gentlemen's Chiffoniers and Utility Wardrobes

Especially desirable as Christmas gifts for men.



This Leather Couch, $60

A Couch of superior quality in every detail. That artistic skill, the best materials and good workmanship were shown in both the design and making of this couch will be easily seen at a glance. Upholstered in the most carefully selected leather, such as will give the very best results with even the most severe usage. Framework is oak or mahogany finish. A most appropriate gift for Christmas.

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Send today for booklet descriptive of this big furniture house. Sent free.

McElveen's

(McElveen Furniture Co.)

525, 527, 529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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J. G. LAUER'S TOY HOUSE,

620 LIBERTY—through to Oliver Ave.

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CHRISTMAS TOYS AND DOLLS.

Games and Amusements for Young and Old.

Popular Toys at Popular Prices.

THE KIND THE CHILDREN WANT.
THE KIND THE PEOPLE BUY.

ARE your household effects insured? The expense is so moderate—the protection from loss by fire so certain—that no one can afford to be without insurance.

NATIONAL UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

ARROTT BUILDING, PITTSBURGH.

MICA makes short roads.

AXLE and light loads.

GREASE good for everything that runs on wheels.

Sold Everywhere.

Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

PHILADELPHIA DENTISTS.

For 21 Years at 229 FIFTH AVENUE.

SPORTING FINANCIAL

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 4, 1905.—PAGES 9 TO 14.

PROFESSIONAL SPORTING BY JOHN H. GRUBER.

FIGHTING, FOOTBALL, BASEBALL AND GENERAL SPORTING EVENTS

COLLEGE AND NON-PROFESSIONAL SPORTING BY RICHARD R. GUY.

QUAKER FIGHTERS IN FINE CONDITION

Eastern Men in Pittsburgh Ready to Meet Local Boxers Tonight.

JOHNSON IS WITH THEM

The Philadelphia fighters that are to meet the Pittsburgh boys tonight in the big Inter-City boxing contests at Old City hall arrived in Pittsburgh last night accompanied by Jack Johnson, the heavyweight fighter. From their looks they will cause trouble for the local fighters when they face them in the ring.

Johnson will second all the Philadelphia men tonight. Eddie Carter, who is to meet Paul Moore, is said to be even a harder puncher than Moore and if this is the case there is bound to be something doing long before the limit. Jim Mahoney, who is to meet Allon, beat Pat Reardon in two rounds, and the latter is the boy that made such a hit here last season at the Business Men's show in the Old City hall.

Young Johnson, the boy who is to meet Jock Phenicie, is a white lad and not colored as some supposed. He won a fight Saturday night at the National club, Philadelphia, by knocking out Willie Gibbs, a fighter that once went 14 rounds with Phenicie.

Young Ziringer will be called on to meet one of the toughest lads that could be picked and it ought to be a fast contest from the tap of the gong.

The Business Men's club, which is conducting the contests, has left nothing undone to make this the finest show of the season. When the ball is thrown open tonight, the way it is laid for the seating of the crowd is seen, it will surprise the ring followers. It is the intention of the management to start the contests promptly at 8:30 and have each bout run off just as soon as one is over. The doors will be thrown open at 7:30 to avoid the rush.

EASY FOR JACK JOHNSON.

Permits Jeannette to Work for Four Rounds, but Punches Him in Last Two.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Stirred into action by the yells of disgust from the spectators, Jack Johnson made things lively for Joe Jeannette in the last two rounds at the National A. C. last night. In the fifth round Johnson knocked his opponent down once and in the last round he sent Joe to the mat twice. Nearly all the hard punching was concentrated in these two rounds.

The men, both of whom are colored, met at the same club last week, when the bout was stopped in the second round because Johnson fouled Jeannette. Although Johnson had fought "Young Peter" Jackson a 12-round fight at Baltimore on Friday night, he didn't show a mark of that encounter. Its effects were apparent, though, when the bout started last night, for Johnson was not near as quick as usual and took things as easily as possible. Johnson had the advantage of Jeannette in height and reach, although there was little difference in weight. Johnson was jeered by some of the spectators when the men took the center of the ring for refusing to shake hands with Jeannette.

The first four rounds were slow. Jeannette assumed a crouching position, with his right glove carefully protecting his jaw, while Johnson stood up straight, with his head well back, so as to keep out of reach of Joe's jabs. Jeannette was the aggressor, but few of his blows landed. Johnson also missed many swings, owing to Jeannette's carefulness and quickness in ducking out of the way. Time after time Jeannette led with his left and then scored up quickly, so as to escape Johnson's short arm blows. The latter tried occasionally to get Joe to lower his guard, but without effect.

The men took turns early in the fifth round in rushing, but each invariably failed to land. Jeannette then sent two left hooks to Johnson's face, followed by a stiff left jab on the nose. Johnson, maddened by the blows and the yells of the crowd, rushed in. Flinging both arms like flails he sent a shower of swings to Jeannette's face and body. One of these caught Jeannette on the jaw and he dropped to the floor. Johnson continued to rush viciously, but while he landed several swings they were too high to do any serious damage.

Johnson tried to knock out his opponent in the sixth round. He rushed and sent Jeannette to the ropes with body blows. Joe clinched and Johnson again forced him to the ropes after the breakaway. Johnson for the third time sailed in and Jeannette, who was bewildered, had to clinch. They then slowed down. Jeannette sent his left to Johnson's mouth and Jack retaliated with a left swing to Joe's stomach. Johnson then floored Jeannette with a right swing to the jaw. When Joe got up he received another right swing, this time on the ear and a left swing on his stomach, before another left swing on the jaw sent him down once more. When Joe got up he got away from another swing and clinched. The bell rang before Johnson could get started again.

In the semi-wind-up Billy Willis of this city had no difficulty in defeating Jack Cardiff of Reading.

TWO IN CENTURY FOOTRACE.

Corey and Lambrakis to Be Starters in Milwaukee-Chicago Contest.

CHICAGO, ILL., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Lambrakis, the Greek who did so well in the recent Marathon race of the New Illinois Athletic club, probably will be the sole competitor of Albert Corey, the C. A. A.'s French runner, in the race from Chicago to Milwaukee, which will be run this week, for the purpose of establishing a record better than the two cities to take the place of the legendary mark of 18 hours credited to Dan O'Leary, the veteran six-day grinder.

J. C. Purcell, the association football coach at the University of Chicago, who was mentioned as the third one of the small field, has decided he will not have time to train properly for the event, so he has been scratched.

Corey and Lambrakis will start from the front door of the Milwaukee Athletic club's building at 11 o'clock Wednesday night and expect to reach the finishing point in Chicago during the early hours of Thursday morning, officers of the New Illinois Athletic club having taken charge of the contest at this end. Each man will be accompanied by an automobile, and the race, it is said, will be run regardless of the weather. The winner will receive a silver cup, put up by Col. Pabst of Milwaukee.

SHAMOKIN CAN HAVE TEAM.

A Place on the Tri-State League If the Town Wants It.

SHAMOKIN, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Regarding this place being in the Tri-State league next season, G. G. Kulp, who holds the local franchise, in an interview said:

"It rests entirely with the people here. The managers of the other teams in the league have promised us that Shamokin can have a team if we want it. There's no doubt about that. They are willing to have Shamokin in the league.

"The local street railway company would be unable to control the team next season because of the extensive improvements to be made among the construction of the lines to Sunbury and Treverton.

"The only way for Shamokin to hold a team would be to form an association. If this is done the franchise will be turned over to the organization. The railway company would contribute liberally to the maintenance of the team. The matter will hang fire until after the miners' convention and it is definitely known what the strike outlook is. If there is no strike next spring this city would prove a money-maker in the baseball line with a winning team."

Penn Kickers Beaten.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—In the first intercollegiate association football match ever played by the University of Pennsylvania or any other American college, Toronto university defeated the University of Pennsylvania on Franklin field yesterday afternoon by five goals to one. The lineup:

U. of P.		U. of T.
W. R. Kane	Goal	J. X. Robert
V. S. Howekin	F. B.	W. Blackwood
E. Cassell	F. B.	L. Heatle
C. H. Shonbach	H. B.	E. W. Murray
H. H. Morris	H. B.	W. MacKenzie
B. Ewing	H. B.	P. L. Fraser
M. Harris	F.	M. Reesor
A. L. Dewees	F.	J. Strachan
H. H. James	F.	A. M. Widdows
W. P. Kane, Jr.	F.	G. W. Williams

Referee—H. C. Crowhurst. Linesmen—D. Stewart and F. W. Organ. Length of halves—45 minutes.

WORK OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION LEADERS

McChesney, Brown, Josh Clarke and Marshall Do Well—Dorner Best Pitcher.

The official averages of American association players have been compiled by President J. D. O'Brien. The first three men in each position and the records of Pittsburgh players in the league follow:

FIRST BASEMEN.

	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	T.C.	Pct.
Graham, Minneapolis	11	94	6	0	100	1.000
Robertson, Indianap's	17	158	12	1	171	.994
Dexter, Louisville	24	224	9	2	242	.991
Douglas, Kansas City	47	416	27	6	459	.986
Kelly, St. Paul	100	1064	67	14	1145	.986

SECOND BASEMEN.

Ryan, Columbus	17	31	47	1	79	.987
Geier, St. Paul	36	98	114	9	221	.959
Clymer, Columbus	45	98	137	10	243	.958

THIRD BASEMEN.

Sullivan, S., I., K. C.	54	74	104	7	185	.962
Gremminger, Minneap's	145	196	272	29	497	.941
McChesney, Milw'kee	16	34	25	4	63	.951

SHORTSTOPS.

Moran, Indianapolis	85	152	265	31	478	.935
Demontreville, Toledo	16	27	46	5	78	.935
Quinlan, Louisville	138	281	427	57	765	.925

OUTFIELDERS.

Durham, Kansas City	11	19	6	0	25	1.000
Hart, Jas., Louisville	10	20	0	0	20	1.000
Farrell, Indianapolis	45	85	6	1	72	.988
Woodruff, Louisville	40	113	19	2	134	.985
Clarke, Josh, Toledo	76	87	17	3	115	.950
McCreery, Indianap's	148	345	28	16	387	.958
McChesney, Milwa'kee	131	231	16	12	259	.963

CATCHERS.

Shaw, Louisville	98	399	88	7	494	.985
Dexter, Louisville	10	53	9	1	62	.983
Brown, Columbus	45	229	52	6	278	.978
Marshall, Minneapolis	78	353	83	10	446	.977
Zalusky, St. P.-Ind.	78	216	66	7	289	.975

CLUB BATTING RECORD.

	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	T.B.	Av.
St. Paul	152	5198	745	1494	1900	.287
Minneapolis	152	4923	714	1343	1730	.272
Columbus	153	5076	707	1377	1780	.271
Louisville	152	5116	688	1305	1788	.255
Toledo	155	5378	894	1427	1844	.265
Milwaukee	152	5134	775	1336	1776	.260
Kansas City	149	4741	551	1184	1529	.249
Indianapolis	152	4508	561	1120	1532	.248

CLUB FIELDING.

	P.O.	A.	E.	T.C.	Pct.
Columbus	4076	1977	280	6333	.955
Minneapolis	3898	1828	250	6066	.958
Louisville	3858	1817	308	6033	.950
Milwaukee	4040	1936	328	6303	.948
St. Paul	4118	1987	348	6453	.946
Toledo	4257	2021	363	6641	.945
Kansas City	4085	1880	359	6324	.942
Indianapolis	3942	1798	291	6133	.943

PITCHERS' RECORDS.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Whitridge, St. Paul	4	1	.800
Craig, Indianapolis-Minneapolis	4	1	.800
Dorner, Columbus	29	8	.784
Suthoff, Columbus	6	2	.750
Hart, Columbus	11	5	.688
Stevers, Minneapolis	23	11	.676
Wright, St. Paul	2	1	.667
Goodwin, Milwaukee-Indianapolis	23	12	.657
Platt, Toledo	9	5	.643
Berger, Columbus	26	14	.541
Hickey, Milwaukee-Columbus	21	12	.636
Veil, Columbus	21	12	.636
Stecher, Louisville	14	8	.636
Graham, Minneapolis	12	7	.632
Hynes, Minneapolis	5	3	.625
Dunkle, Louisville	11	11	.607
Mattern, Indianapolis	3	2	.600
Stovall, Minneapolis	23	18	.583
Crondell, Indianapolis	13	12	.581
Dougherty, Milwaukee	22	17	.564
Kenna, Louisville	16	13	.552
McKay, Milwaukee	6	5	.545
Slagle, St. Paul	19	16	.543
Bateman, Milwaukee	13	11	.542
Kellum, Toledo-Minneapolis	10	9	.526
Thomas, Minneapolis	13	11	.522
Camnitz, Toledo	17	17	.500
Corbett, St. Paul	4	4	.500
Morrison, Milwaukee	3	3	.500
Frantz, Kansas City	10	11	.476
Evans, St. Paul	8	9	.471
Morgan, C., Indianapolis	7	8	.467
Minnehan, Toledo	11	13	.458
Fiene, Toledo	11	13	.458
Fisher, Indianapolis	4	5	.444
Ferguson, George, Louisville	14	18	.438
Sessions, St. Paul	14	18	.438
Ferguson, Charles, St. Paul	9	12	.429
Curtiss, Indianapolis-Milwaukee	14	19	.424
Hiedy, Indianapolis-Louisville	12	17	.414
Campbell, Louisville	2	3	.400
Scott, Louisville	6	10	.375
Carney, St. Paul	3	5	.375
Morgan, A., Kansas City-Louisville	11	20	.355
Durham, Kansas City	6	11	.353
Malarkey, Columbus	5	10	.333
Ford, Minneapolis	2	4	.333
Starkell, Indianapolis	1	2	.333
Bruce, Indianapolis	1	2	.333
Martin, Toledo-Indianapolis	5	11	.313
Kilroy, Kansas City-St. Paul	9	20	.310
McGill, Indianapolis	3	7	.300
Wright, Louisville-Kansas City	5	12	.294
Skopec, Kansas City	2	6	.250
Justus, Kansas City	2	8	.200
Isbell, Kansas City	4	13	.235
Eelis, Kansas City	7	25	.219
Jaeger, Indianapolis-Minneapolis	2	7	.222
O'Brien, Fred, Toledo	3	19	.158
Lee, Toledo	0	3	.000

READY FOR HOCKEY SEASON.

Players Reporting to the International League, Which Begins Its Winter's Schedule Dec. 11.

CALUMET, MICH., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—The International Hockey league will open its second annual season December 11, and within a few days all the players will have reported to their clubs. Practice will be held daily from now on. Pittsburgh, Calumet, Houghton and the American and Canadian "Soos" will be represented by clubs this winter. Applications were received from other cities, but it was decided to adhere to last year's plans. Next season, however, will see considerable expansion, as there are several Canadian and American clubs which desire to affiliate with the league.

Pittsburgh looks strongest on paper and promises to make the hardest fight for the pennant. Calumet, which won the pennant last year and thereby became the first world's champion hockey club, is weaker than it ought to be. Hod Stuart, who was captain and cover point last year, will not be with the team, having accepted a position as coach with Yale.

The lineup of the Portage Lake club, which represents Houghton, will be as follows: Riley Hern, goal; Walter Forrest, point; Barney Holden, cover point; Bruce Stuart, center and captain; Joe Hall, rover; "Grindy" Forrester, right wing; Fred Lake, left wing; Harry Bright, substitute. This is a strong team and averages 15 pounds to the man heavier than last year's club.

Fairbanks' Annual Reception.

The Fairbank baseball club will hold its annual reception this evening at Social hall, corner of North avenue and Madison avenue, Allegheny. The members of the County league teams and their friends are invited to attend.

CHICAGO'S POWERFUL TACKLE WHO STOPPED MICHIGAN'S ATTACKS.

CHICAGO, ILL., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—One of the surprises of Thursday's game on Marshall field was furnished by Chicago's two tackles, "Bubbles" Hill and Arthur Badenoch, who were the targets for Yost's fiercest attacks until Michigan learned that Coach Stagg had taught his men to withstand them. Because Hill had shone more brightly in previous games Badenoch was supposed to be the weak spot in the maroon defense, but he proved the opposite of that, and, even while opposed by Curtis, resisted successfully the smashing plays sent at him, while Hill continued the good work he had shown all along. These two men are not only maroons, but Chicago men in every way, as their homes are in the city and both belong unquestionably to the class of students who play football from sheer love of the sport and not for free tuition or board. The right tackle is a son of Ald. Badenoch and the left tackle is an automobile enthusiast, one of his favorite stunts having been to take the whole maroon eleven out for a spin on the mornings before the games, to keep them up to the proper speed notch.

ANOTHER GAME FOR THE INTERSCHOLASTICS

WASH.-JEFF. TO CHOOSE JAMES FOR CAPTAIN

WASHINGTON, PA., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—There promises to be a warm contest for the captaincy of the Washington and Jefferson football team at the election which will be held some time this week, probably next Friday. There are several eligible men, but it is thought that the contest has narrowed down to Tanner, James and Wright, with the chances favoring the second named. The rules of the Athletic association state that the election for a football captain must be held within 10 days of the close of the regular season. This means that the choice must be made sometime this week.

Capt. Sutter has not yet called the election meeting, but stated today that he would in all probability issue the call for Friday in a day or two. The following men are eligible to vote: Hupp, Bridges, Booth, Sutter, Stuart, James, Duffey, McFarland, Morris, Dougherty, Wright, Ward, Seaman, Swaney, Ross, Springer, Zedd Springer, Specht and Tanner. All these men have participated in at least one varsity contest, which gives them a vote.

James is considered the strongest candidate of the trio. When Capt. Sutter was injured at one stage of the season James was temporary leader of the eleven and although he has played but one year on Wash.-Jeff., is considered the best man for the place. Tanner's work this year has not been nearly so good as in former years and he has not been playing regularly. White Wright has been playing a phenomenal game all season he is not considered a football leader and it is not believed he could secure the best results from the eleven. The coaches and manager have expressed no preference, but it is the general impression among the college students that James will be elected.

Coach Piekarski, who will return to Washington and Jefferson next year, will be compelled to fill several holes in the team. Five good men will graduate in the spring, and they will be hard to duplicate. The men who will graduate are Hupp, end; Sutter, center and captain; Stuart and Booth, guards, and McFarland, quarterback. Hupp may take a post-graduate course and will be eligible to play, as he has been on the varsity but three years. The quarterback positions next year will also be well cared for, as McCleary, the star quarter on the W. and J. Academy eleven, will enter college, as will Sutter, quarter on Trinity Hall, a brother of Capt. Sutter of this year's team. The freshman class will be looked to to furnish the heavy line material and another end.

Washington and Jefferson followers are intensely interested in the squabble now going on in the W. U. P. football camp. Every local W. and J. man takes sides with Thompson against Mosse. The latter has on several occasions made himself extremely obnoxious to the Washington and Jefferson people and if he is with W. U. P. next year the indications are that there will be no game with W. and J. On the other hand, Thompson has always conducted himself honorably in his dealings with Washington and Jefferson and he is given credit here for making the W. U. P. team what it is. W. and J. believes that with Thompson in control there is a strong possibility of W. and J. and W. U. P. playing in Pittsburgh next Thanksgiving. Manager Wicks is especially "sore" at the discourteous treatment accorded him by Mosse in connection with the Indian game, and has promised to retaliate in some manner.

FRANK HALLER WILL RETIRE

Promoter Independent Clubs to Probably Quit Baseball—Has Good Record.

Frank Haller.

Frank Haller, the well known independent baseball player and manager, is thinking of retiring from the game. He managed the Boone club in the Iowa State league last year, and now has offers from other clubs to take charge for next season. Unless he buys a franchise he will probably retire, he says.

Haller began his baseball career in 1891 and '92 when he caught for the East End Gyms. He started the next year with Duquesne of the County league, and when the league went up he joined the Harrisburg team of the Pennsylvania State league. The next year he caught for New Orleans in the Southern league. In 1895 he was with Peoria in the Western league and the following year he began his managerial career, having the St. Joe team, also of the Western league.

He was with Patterson of the Atlantic league the following year and in 1898 he had charge of the Birmingham club in the Southern league. The next two years he did not play professional ball, but helped out the Irwin (Pa.) independent team, which was then a strong rival of the college collection at Greensburg. The Southern league was again being put on sound basis and Haller returned to Birmingham in 1902. He stayed there that year, and at the start of the next year he was engaged to coach the Indiana State Normal school, and at the close of that season he went to Waynesburg, where he helped to start a revival in independent ball.

He was at Waynesburg part of 1904 when he went on the road as agent for the Pittsburgh club, buying players.

Mercersburg Academy Will Be Played Before Annual Hockey Game With Yale.

FROM THE DIFFERENT COLLEGES

If Yale sends its hockey team to Pittsburgh this season it is practically certain that the Interscholastics will play it a game. Before playing the Blue a game may be played with a team from Mercersburg academy. The Mercersburg seven is captained by Walter Adams and Bob Mercer, also of Pittsburgh, is manager. All the players are from Pittsburgh and played on local school sevens. The lineup is:

Right wing—Matchener, formerly of Allegheny preparatory.

Left wing—Vincent, formerly of Allegheny High school.

Center—Normecut, formerly of Pittsburgh academy.

Forwards—Speer, formerly of Shadyside academy, and McCandless, formerly of East Liberty academy.

Coverpoint—Frank, formerly of Allegheny High school.

Point—Geider, formerly of Wilkinsburg High school.

Goal—Adams, formerly of Pittsburgh High school.

Chicago, Michigan and Illinois have arranged their track and baseball scheduled for the winter and spring seasons. All three universities will play four baseball games with each other, while Chicago will meet Illinois twice on the indoor track and both Illinois and Michigan once on the outdoor track. The Michigan-Chicago dual meet will be held at Marshall field this year. Chicago's schedule follows:

April 14—Michigan at Chicago.
April 21—Illinois at Champaign.
May 5—Illinois at Chicago.
May 5—Illinois-Chicago dual meet at Champaign.
May 6—Michigan at Ann Arbor.
May 14 or 15 or 16—Michigan at Chicago.
May 19—Illinois at Champaign.
May 19—Michigan-Chicago dual meet at Marshall field.
May 20—Illinois at Chicago.
June 3—Michigan at Ann Arbor.
June 9—University of Chicago Interscholastic track meet.

INDOORS.

January 27—Illinois freshmen-Chicago freshmen, at Chicago.
February 16 or 17—Chicago-Illinois, at Champaign.
March 3—Illinois-Chicago, at Chicago.

Chicago deserves two men on the all-American team for 1905, believes Coach A. A. Stagg. Bezdek, the incomparable fullback, and Eckersall, the fox-like quarterback, are his choices for the two positions on the ideal eleven.

"Bezdek is unquestionably the greatest fullback of the year and ever," declares the "old man of the Midway." "It is likely to be quite a time before we will have another man as good as Bezdek to buck the line. Not only is he a great line bucker, but he is a great player in every department of the game. He is a star in defensive work as well as in the art of interfering for his fellow backs. He has the weight, speed, nerve, experience. He certainly should be put on the all-American team this year.

"Eckersall, of course, should be the all-American quarterback. There is no use discussing why he should be placed on the team. His qualifications are too well known to need repetition. If there is anyone in the country his equal I would like to see him."

It is certain the names of Bezdek and Catlin, who have played their last game, will occupy a prominent place in the Maroon hall of athletic fame. It is certain also they will be prominent in the scholastic hall of fame, for both men are among the best students in the class of 1906. For several quarters Catlin has carried four majors work—one more study than is permitted the ordinary student. He is far ahead of the majority of his classmates. Bezdek this fall has carried a like number of studies. Last summer he even carried five majors. Last spring he carried four majors.

Both men are so-called "sharks" in their studies, and if they were not athletes they probably would be dubbed "grinds"—the popular name for students of attic fame.

An All Big Six football selection of the Ohio colleges made by Jones of Oberlin, Gregory of Kenyon, Wentworth of Case, Place of Wesleyan and Jones of Reserve follows:

Left end—Reemsnyder, Ohio State; Featherstone, Oberlin.
Left tackle—Brindle, Ohio State.
Left guard—Bradford, Case.
Center—Hoyer, Ohio State.
Right guard—Walling, Case.
Right tackle—Swift, Case.
Right end—Brandt, Case.
Quarterback—Parmalt, Case.
Left half—Baker, Case.
Right half—Rike, Wesleyan.
Fullback—Prowitt, Reserve; Schory, Ohio State.

All Eastern Eleven.

Ends—Shevlin, Yale; R. Glaze, Dartmouth.
Tackles—Riggelow, Yale; Squires, Harvard.
Guards—Trip, Yale; Burr, Harvard.
Center—Torrey, Pennsylvania.
Quarterback—Hutchinson, Yale.
Left half back—Roome, Yale.
Right half back—Hubbard, Amherst.
Full back—McCormick, Princeton.

ALTERNATES.

Guard—Thompson, Cornell.
Full back—Folwell, Pennsylvania.
Half back—Knox, Yale.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Leary, Harvard; Knowlton, Harvard.
Tackles—Lamson, Pennsylvania; Brill, Harvard.
Guards—Hobson, Pennsylvania; Kernburg, Harvard.
Center—Abraham, West Point.
Quarterback—Mount, Pleasant Carlisle.
Left half back—Shields, Pennsylvania.
Right half back—Wendell, Harvard.
Full back—Orr, Harvard.

TAPERING OFF IN THE CREW WORK

Yale Oarsmen Closing Long Stretch of Fall Practice. New Idea Tried.

REST UNTIL FEBRUARY

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Dec. 3.—Yale oarsmen are just closing the longest stretch of fall work which a set of crews at the university has been given by the coaches. The drill has all been in charge of Capt. Richard C. Morse and the regular Yale coach, John A. Kennedy, and has been along novel lines in some respects.

When the fall term began the rowing was set under way with the class crews at work. They practiced three or four weeks for the fall regatta, which closed the rowing for the squads made up in that fashion. Following this an innovation was made by keeping the freshman eight at work all of October and part of November. This has never been done before, as the class oarsmen have been regularly disbanded after the fall regatta. A few of the most promising oarsmen may have been taken to the varsity squad, but the entire 1909 set of oarsmen on the class crew squad has been rowing for weeks since the regatta closed.

Makeup of Freshman Eight.

The freshman eight has been rowing as follows: Stroke, Robbins; No. 7, Dominick; No. 6, Mayer; No. 5, Walbridge; No. 4, Rice; No. 3, Stokes; No. 2, Austice; bow, Webb; coxswain, Audette. The 1909 crew is light, but excellent spirit has been shown.

In the training of the varsity squad, which was made up soon after the fall regatta closed, a unique idea was put into effect in the formation of four crews known as the "Y," "A," "L" and the "E" eights. They were made up as nearly as possible of equal strength, and their races in practice have been all unusually close and interesting.

E. O. McNair, a member of the senior class of the Sheffield Scientific school, offered a trophy cup for the winning crew, and it will be awarded next week. The "Y" crew was stroked by Chase, the varsity oar, the "A" eight contained Darragh and Williams of the varsity squad of last year, the "L" crew included Capt. Morse of the varsity eight and Blair and Boulton of the varsity four. Seymour, a former Oxford oarsman, was on the "E" crew.

Rest Until February.

The oarsmen will be given a rest till about February 1, when the usual tank rowing in the gymnasium tank will begin. Of last year's winning Yale crew Capt. Morse, Chase and Weeks are the only three members who are in college this year. Yale has admittedly a much harder task than usual to mold a winning crew for the Thames struggle next June. Capt. Whittier of last season's eight is teaching in the Pomfret school and has not been at Yale the past fall to coach.

One of the problems of the season is the development of a stroke oar. The strokes of the four crews this fall have been Harris of the substitutes last year, Darragh, Boulton of the varsity four, and Dole, a newcomer.

BASKETBALL NOTES.

The Railroad and Fowler teams will meet tonight at Manhattan hall, Chartiers street. Railroad has open dates for games at home on Mondays and away from home on Saturdays. Address John Meisel, 920 Morrison avenue, Allegheny.

On Wednesday next at Zion hall the Zionist Council 1 will have as its opponents the Superior A. C. of Allegheny.

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With Hardened Blade.
Blade 18 inches long, 1½ inches wide. Face of stock is 6⅝ inches long by ⅞-inch wide.
Price $1.78

IN OUTSIDE SHOWCASE.
10-inch Trimo Pipe Wrenches, drop forged from bar steel, interchangeable in all its parts. No wooden handle to break. Releases its hold readily. Grips the pipe firmly without lost motion. Does not crush the pipe or slip.
PRICE 58c

PIPE VISE
For ⅛ to 2-inch pipe. Has steel screw lever and jaws.
PRICE $1.25

BURRING TOOL
For burring out ends of pipe, from 7-16 to 1¼ in.
PRICE 75c

CLOVER LIGHT COMPLETE
with adjustable Bunsen burner, Opal Globe and double wire Cap Mantle
Price 38c

Headquarters for HENLEY'S RINK ROLLER SKATES

On Friday Only We Will Sell
GAS PLYERS--10-INCH GENUINE "OSBORNE & CO."
PRICE 50c

SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 9, 6:30 to 10 P. M. Only.
HODGSON'S ESTIMATOR and CONTRACTOR'S GUIDE for Pricing Builders' Work.
PRICE $1.15

411th SPECIAL WEEKLY SALE
For This Week Only We Will Sell
HAWKEYE "S" WRENCH
A Combination Nut and Pipe Wrench and Thread Cutter, made from 50-point, drop-forged, open-hearth carbon steel and hardened.
Wrench is 5½ inches long and the jaws take from 3-16 to ¾-inch pipe, bolts or nuts, besides it cuts threads. Best wrench made for automobiles. Has more uses than any wrench made.
PRICE 40c
Koercher's, PITTSBURG.

BUY UNITED STATES STEEL COMMON
R. M. WEAVER
223 Diamond St., PITTSBURGH.

THE MOST REFRESHING DRINK IN THE WORLD!
Coca-Cola
At all Soda Fountains, Groceries, Cafes and Stands. 5c. a Bottle.

DIRECT AT HOTEL ANTLER
Bath on Each Floor Free to Guests. Absolutely Fireproof. Steam Heat and Telephone in Every Room. European Plan. Fifth Avenue, Pgh. Opp. Grand Opera House.

MANY PRELATES AID IN EXERCISES

Mgr. Falconio Prominent Figure in Dedication of New Roman Catholic Church.

STRUCTURE A HANDSOME ONE

Prominent Catholic divines, headed by Mgr. Diomede Falconio, apostolic delegate to the United States, aided yesterday morning in the dedication of the Immaculate Heart of Mary Roman Catholic church, Brereton avenue. In addition to the distinguished visiting prelate there were also present and assisting in the exercises Bishop Canevin of the Pittsburgh diocese, Bishop P. J. Donahue of Wheeling, Very Rev. T. Ambrose Bruder, O. C., provincial of the Carmelite order in America, and many other prominent clergymen and laymen of Western Pennsylvania. Playing a conspicuous part in the ceremonies were societies from Catholic churches of the diocese. They marched to the Church of the Epiphany and acted as escort to the carriages which bore the prelates to the new church.

At 9 o'clock members of the Polish societies met at the church and took up their line of march to the Epiphany parish house. The societies in the procession included the Rifles of St. Hedrig, St. Francis, St. Joseph, St. Hyacinth and Knights of St. Michael from the Immaculate Heart congregation, and all of the societies from St. Adelberts, St. Josephats and St. Stanislaus congregations. At the parochial residence on Brereton avenue the procession to the church was headed by altar boys, cross bearers and little children dressed in white. Following them came Mgr. Falconio, Bishops Canevin and Donahue and other clergymen.

A crowd that packed the edifice to its capacity was present. Mgr. Falconio took his seat at the left of the sanctuary under a red canopy over which was an imperial crown. He had charge of the dedicatory services and high mass was celebrated, with the Very Rev. Ambrose Bruder as celebrant. The sermon in Polish was delivered by the Rev. Ladislaus Lipski of Cincinnati.

The music was Gregorian and was in charge of Prof. Frank Nowicki, who presided at the organ. The choir was composed of 100 male voices, the church choir being augmented by voices from the SS. Peter and Paul's church of the East End. After the services in the church a dinner was served in the parochial residence at which about 50 guests, including all the prominent visiting clergy and laymen were present.

At 7 o'clock vespers and benediction were celebrated by Mgr. Falconio, and the papal blessing was given those present. A Polish sermon was delivered by the Rev. Ladislaus Aladiniewicz of Mt. Carmel.

The church is patterned after St. Peter's of Rome, and is of the Roman renaissance style of architecture, the total cost being $68,000. It is 170x120 feet, and 150 feet to the top of the dome and will seat about 2,500 people. The outside structure is of brick with stone trimmings and the interior is finished in stucco with marble trimmings. There are 70 windows which are the work of Munich artists, the total cost being $9,000. A fine organ, costing $8,000, adds to the beauty of the interior.

The parish of the Immaculate Heart of Mary has been in existence only eight years, having been organized September, 1897, by the Rev. S. Rydlewski, C. S. Sp., there being only 400 members in the parish. On January 1, 1898, the present rector, the Rev. Joseph Szwarcrok, assumed charge, and the congregation has had a steady growth since, the parish now numbering 1,100 families. During his pastorate beside the church edifice, a handsome rectory has been erected, with 16 rooms and modern in every way, at a cost of $13,000. Father Szwarcrok is assisted in his work by the Rev. Paul Kwapulenski, C. P., Sp., and the Rev. M. Mayer, C. P., Sp.

CHURCHES SHOULD UNITE TO OPPOSE LOCAL EVILS

Work That Might Be Done to Uplift Society Without Conflict of Creed.

"The Federation of the Churches" was the theme of the Rev. Dr. Warren G. Partridge's sermon in the Fourth Avenue Baptist church yesterday morning. After asserting that the time is not yet ripe for church unity, difference in temperaments requiring a difference in doctrinal beliefs, Dr. Partridge pleaded for Christian unity, and said:

While all the evangelical denominations agree on the great fundamental doctrines, we can federate. We can affiliate for the redemption of society. Thus Protestantism can present to the world a solid front to oppose the forces of evil. In the recent interchurch conference on federation in New York there were delegates from 30 evangelical denominations, representing 18,000,000 church members, or about 40,000,000 adherents, or about one-half the population in the United States. Such a mighty host of Christian people should utter its voice on the burning questions of the day, on marriage and divorce, on temperance, on the relations of labor and capital, on civic righteousness, on the social evil, on Sabbath desecration, on reform movements. The voice of 18,000,000 of church members should be heard on the problem of child labor, on international arbitration, on bettering the condition of the laboring classes. This federation of the churches will not interfere with the autonomy of the local church or of the denomination.

The federation of the churches could secure in every town and city in the United States a co-operative parish system, so that every family would receive the gospel. Every city could have a religious census every year. There need be little overlapping and little overlooking of the churchless masses. We need not multiply so many denominations in small towns. We could thus economize, and put more money into destitute fields.

ORGANIZES MISSION.

The Rev. W. A. Jones Forms Nucleus of Presbyterian Church on Espy Heights With 100 Members.

The Rev. William A. Jones, pastor of the Knoxville Presbyterian church, and the session of that congregation, organized a large mission on Espy Heights in the Mt. Lebanon district yesterday afternoon, which promises the early development of a self-sustaining church.

Several weeks ago residents of Espy Heights petitioned the Presbyterial committee on missions to organize a mission in that place, and yesterday afternoon 100 adults were present during the formal organization. The school board of Espy Heights permits the mission to meet each Sunday afternoon in the new school building until a lot can be purchased and a church erected, and building committees have already been appointed. For next month the Knoxville Presbyterian church will provide pulpit supplies, after which a regular pastor will be arranged for.

Sunday school will be held each Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock and preaching will take place an hour later. Yesterday afternoon nearly 75 scholars were enrolled in the Sunday school. Edward Lindsay was elected superintendent of the Sunday school; James Harris, assistant superintendent, and C. Wilhelm, secretary of the mission.

Will Preach to Men's Club.

Announcement was made from the pulpit of the Knoxville Presbyterian church yesterday morning that the Rev. Dr. S. B. McCormick, chancellor of the Western University of Pennsylvania, would deliver the first annual sermon to the Men's club of the congregation in the church next Sunday evening. The club numbers 125 members and invitations will be issued to at least 300 men to attend the service.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas. H. Fletcher

GENTILE'S PART IN CRUCIFIXION

The Rev. Dr. Thoburn Tells of the Wonderful Work Accomplished by the Jews.

ARE CLOSE TO CHRISTIANITY

"There are more Gentiles who have crucified Christ afresh than there were Jews in that mob that clamored for His blood when He stood before Pilate. They say Messiah has not yet come to the Jews. It is to be feared that He has not yet come to many Gentiles who bear His name."

It was with the above paragraph that the Rev. Dr. J. M. Thoburn, Jr., of Calvary Methodist Episcopal church, Allegheny, closed his sermon yesterday morning. His subject was "The Jews," the text being Gen. xii:3: "In this shall all the families of the earth be blessed." He said:

The prophetic germ of Hebrew history is in these words. Every nation has a beginning. Some are proud of their family tree and others are ashamed of their origin. The Jews began with God and Abraham. No people ever had a more providential genesis. There are many reasons why Christians should study more than they do this ancient people of God. Too often they have been attacked and execrated and persecuted, for their own and the sins of others. But "whom God makes a wonder, man should make a study."

The phenomenon of history is the Jew. When the infidel Frederick the Great ordered his court minister to furnish in a single sentence a proof of Christianity, the clergyman replied: "The Jews, your majesty." Travel where you will you find the Jew. The only living man who binds the twentieth century to the dead past and at the same time pointing to the future. Both history and prophecy seem to converge in him.

Abraham lived 2,000 years before the present era, in the heart of one of the most advanced but most blind civilizations. While others were worshiping the elements, gods and deifying vice, he worshiped Jehovah. He was the best man living. He was ahead of his times. There was a solar light on his brow unknown and unseen by his cotemporaries. Once he was aware that God was bidding him break away from the idolatries of his age and move into a land he had never seen, be obeyed, and went, not knowing where destiny was leading him. Abraham was the original pilgrim father—the first man to change countries for the sake of religion. He had a son, and a grandson and 12 great-grandsons who became the patriarchs of the Hebrew nation. The Jews point with pride to him as their father. Of all the men living then he is the only one who has acknowledged descendants living today. His family line is unbroken and his posterity has become like the sand and stars for number.

The reason Abraham was chosen and set apart was purely a moral one. The battle against evil had long been in progress. The ruin of the race had at least once seemed inevitable. A divine promise of better days and a deliverer had been handed down from father to son from days without date. "The seed of the woman was to bruise the serpent's head." But evil was not safe in the general custody of the race. It was in danger of being purloined or perverted. Hence Abraham was chosen as the special guardian of that old Edenic promise. Such a truth to cherish would have made any people a blessing to others. The Jews could not avoid the benefit of such a distinction. It made them great. After a thousand years they were one of the most powerful nations in the east. Great in the lofty characters it possessed; great in piety and intelligence; great in music and poetry. They sat down in the parliament of nations, the peer of them all. The Messiah was to come through that chosen nation.

There is no question more interesting to study and trace out than this one: Is the Messiah come? History answers, "Yes!" There is more proof that Christ came into the world, born of a Jewish maiden, a descendant of the house of David of Judah, the son of Jacob, the son of Israel, the son of Abraham, than there is of the birth of any other great personage who lived in those dimly lighted ages. It was really the son of Mary who made the Jews, rather than Abraham. It was not to perpetuate Abraham they lived, but to produce Jesus. It is doubtful if such a family record could have been kept unbroken had it not been preserved for something more than local interest. Into every baby boy's face born in Israelitish homes devout mothers gazed with longing hope that the Messiah had come. At last there came one in the fulness of time who answered to all the descriptions. The time, place, tribe and family were just as prophecy had declared. Jewish distinction had reached its climax. He was not acceptable to the nation for political reasons, and they began looking forward for another. The account of His tears and trials, His teachings and triumphs, His death and resurrection, is history from which no one can escape. Just as surely as He came to Bethlehem He went away from Olivet. The spread of His faith since and the benefits of His religion to the nations are no mean proofs that "in Him shall all the families of the earth be blessed." No one would want to live in a Christless land, not even the Jews. Their safest home has ever been in the countries where His love and philanthropy abound.

Like many other nations, the Jews turned away from their open door of opportunity, and in so doing they lost their primacy. No divine preferment ever supersedes personal responsibility. The Jews were held to strict account for the light they had. They were scattered among the nations, but marvelously preserved. They are citizens of the world without a country. Living where any other nation would become decadent. Because of that only covenant with Abraham, they are kept from destruction. Who knows but that they may yet be restored to the land once given to Abraham? But if that time ever does dawn, it will be found that the key of Canaan is held in the hand of their brother Jesus.

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The Jews are often blamed for not accepting Christianity. But when it is remembered that the Spanish Inquisition was Christianity, and the Crusaders who bathed their hands in Jewish blood were Christians; when it is recalled that Christians drew Jewish teeth in mediæval castles, and burned Jewish folk in Europe, and robbed Jewish people in England, it is no wonder that they have not yet been converted. If they could have had a pure type of Christianity before them all these centuries they might have long ago found the full fruition of their messianic hope in the Christ of the gospels. When the Jews do become Christians they will be first class Christians. They excel in their undertakings. It will only be a step from Judaism to Christianity. One flash of light on Isaiah's page, and they will see their Messiah. And such a cry as was once heard in Pharaoh's palace when Joseph made himself known to his brethren will be heard again, when Jews everywhere behold in Jesus of Nazareth their brother and Messiah. They will make the soundest kind of evangelical Christians. They cannot be Roman Catholics, for they never could worship the Virgin Mary. They cannot be Unitarians, for their Christ must be divine. They will be orthodox or nothing. What a missionary society they would make! Already they are in all lands and have a hereditary zeal for evangelization beyond that of other peoples. They alone could carry the gospel to every creature in a single generation.

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HAS AN INSPIRATION TO BREAK UP THE FURNITURE

William Trubo, a negro of 1302 Wilson street, is alleged to have visited the Warren Methodist Episcopal church, in Fulton street yesterday, and smashed a lot of dishes and several chairs. Trubo said when arrested that he was engaged in the Lord's work, and spent the time in his cell in praying. It is thought he is demented on religion.

Sore Throat or Mouth

When the mouth or throat is irritated or diseased you have the common ailment of Sore Mouth or Sore Throat. If not quickly cured, you are in danger of contracting more serious or even fatal maladies such as Croup, Quinsy, Tonsilitis or Diphtheria. Nothing in the world will cure Sore Throat or Sore Mouth so quickly, so surely as TONSILINE because TONSILINE is the one remedy especially made for that purpose. It has never failed.

You'll need TONSILINE one of these days, or some night when the drug store is closed—better have a bottle ready at home when you need it most. 25 and 50 cents.

The Tonsiline Co. Canton, Ohio.

GAZETTE BRANCH OFFICES

Any druggist in the two cities will receive your Want and Real Estate ads and forward them direct to The Gazette at main office rates—penny a word. No ads taken for less than 10 words.

PITTSBURGH.

Arlington Ave., 2401-3, W. H. Forst.
Aiken Ave. and Walnut St., F. X. Cook.
Atwood and Forbes st., Atwood Pharmacy.
Bates St., 20, J. L. Patterson.
Brushton and Tioga st., Brushton Pharmacy.
Butler St., 3418, C. T. Bundy.
Beltzhoover Ave., 111, Adolph Beck.
Butler St., 4401, A. W. Covert.
Baum and Euclid Ave., The Euclid Pharmacy.
Boggs Ave., 11, The Bell Pharmacy.
Boulevard and 33rd, J. B. Hobensack.
Butler St., 5401, C. W. Coyan.
Butler St., 3705, K. F. Langs.
Butler St., 5291, M. G. Linn.
Butler St., 3506, Thos. McCaffrey.
Brereton Ave., 3053, A. Karabasz.
Brereton Ave., 3102, Kaminski Bros.
Brushton and Mulford, J. S. McGrath.
Brushton Ave., Brushton News Depot.
Brushton and Kelly, J. S. McGrath.
Butler St., 5202, H. A. Spilker.
Butler St., 4301, R. M. Totten.
Butler St., 5246, W. C. Tomlinson.
Center and Graham st., Aims Pharmacy.
Collins Ave., 220, J. Breitwieser.
Craig and Forbes St., Charles' Bellefield Pharmacy.
Carson St., 1601, The Stenger Drug Store.
Carson St., 2, Panhandle Pharmacy.
Carson St., 2628, Charles A. Schafer.
Carson St., 2429, P. A. Hellerbach.
Carson St., 809, Eighth St. Pharmacy.
Carson St., 1926, W. F. Herman.
Carson St., 1396, Chas. Wiegel.
Carson St., 1754, Carl P. Lorch.
Carson St., 1414, Low's Drug Store.
Carson St., 2131, Erizman Drug Co.
Climax St., 51, W. Altenburger.
Climax St., 100, Jos. D. Mercer.
Cor. 19th and Carson Sts., H. L. Lohmeyer.
Cor. 19th and Carson Sts., Chambers' Pharmacy.
Cor. 12th and Diamond Sts., Beck's Pharmacy.
Cor. 18th and Sarah Sts., Rising's Pharmacy.
Cor. Greenfield and Lydia Sts., Fred W. Ertzman.
Cor. Park and Shetland Ave., Shetland Pharmacy.
Cor. Wylie and Fulton St., Wm. Schuchman.
Cor. Wylie and Fulton St., Howitt & Jamison.
Cor. Center and Crawford St., The Seegman Drug Co.
Cor. Center Ave. and Erin St., Chas. F. Nourse.
Cor. Center and Kirkpatrick, W. M. Cooke.
Cor. Center Ave. and Soho St., White's Drug Store.
Ellsworth and College Ave., J. S. Doudas.
Fifth Ave., 4701, P. Anthes.
Frankstown and Oakwood Ave., Berlin & Co.
Forbes St., 3900, The Anderson Drug Co.
Fifth Ave., 5457-5459, The Count of Judah, the son of Jacob, the son of Israel, the son of Abraham, than there is of the birth of any other great personage who lived in those dimly lighted ages. It was really the son of Mary who made the Jews, rather than Abraham. It was not to perpetuate Abraham they lived, but to produce Jesus. It is doubtful if such a family record could have been kept unbroken had it not been preserved for something more than local interest. Into every baby boy's face born in Israelitish homes devout mothers gazed with longing hope that the Messiah had come. At last there came one in the fulness of time who answered to all the descriptions. The time, place, tribe and family were just as prophecy had declared. Jewish distinction had reached its climax. He was not acceptable to the nation for political reasons, and they began looking forward for another. The account of His tears and trials, His teachings and triumphs, His death and resurrection, is history from which no one can escape. Just as surely as He came to Bethlehem He went away from Olivet. The spread of His faith since and the benefits of His religion to the nations are no mean proofs that "in Him shall all the families of the earth be blessed." No one would want to live in a Christless land, not even the Jews. Their safest home has ever been in the countries where His love and philanthropy abound.

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Fifth Ave., 1221, Robin Drug Co.
Fifth Ave., 2220, T. T. Spence.
Fifth Ave., 643, W. Sawhill & Son.
Fifth Ave., 1436, Saalback Bros.
Fifth Ave., 1715, Thumm Bros.
Fifth Ave., 1432, Thumm Bros.
Fifth Ave., 1719, C. A. Yockrodt.
Fifth Ave., 2130, C. J. Weiss.
Fifth Ave., 1401, C. L. Young.
Forbes St., 1600, A. M. Muchnic.
Forbes St., 2635, J. M. Hohman.
Frankstown and Brushton Ave., J. D. Loughridge.
Frankstown Ave., 31, L. W. Seaton.
Frankstown and Homewood Ave., Winfield S. Smith.
Frankstown Ave., 205, H. O. Danner.
Frankstown Cor. Homewood Ave., Edwin T. Schilling.
Fulton St., 108, Wm. Schuchman.
Grandview Ave., 1225, Grandview Ave. Pharmacy.
Grandview Ave., 1215, Frank D. Hodil.
Greenfield Ave., 119, Fred W. Ertzman.
Hamilton and Dallas Ave., Dallas Pharmacy.
Herron and Madison Aves., Richard McNally.
Herron and Wylie Ave., Vogel's Drug Store.
Highland and Center Ave., Highland Pharmacy.
Homewood and Bennett St., J. R. Gasaway.
Homewood and Hamilton Ave., J. R. McCreary.
Hamilton and Collier St., H. Smith.
Hastings and Reynolds, J. H. Stiefler.
Kelley and Dallas Ave. J. F. McCabe.
Liberty St., 4724, E. J. Aul.
Lincoln Ave., 1005, Brilliant Pharmacy.
Lincoln Ave., 1500, Otto P. Freebing.
Lincoln Ave. and Locke St., T. J. Hermans.
Liberty Ave., 4777, C. A. Shilling.
Larimer Ave., 321, Larimer Pharmacy.
Lang and Frankstown Ave., H. C. Murta.
Liberty Ave., 4306, J. E. Nichols.
Liberty Ave., 5106, C. E. Ringer.
Liberty St., 4750, Schilling & Thompson.
Lincoln Ave., 1424, Weaver's Pharmacy.
Meadow and Larimer, F. J. Brehm.
Main and Wabash, W. E. Montgomery's Pharmacy.
Main St., 192, Greinelsen's Pharmacy.
North Highland Ave., 600, Hoge's Pharmacy.
Oakland Ave. and Fowler, Porter & Porter.
Ophelia and Kennett, Schilling & Thompson.
Penn Ave., 7103, J. R. L. Brown.
Penn and Main, Erskine's Drug Store.
Penn Ave., 4823, Garfield Pharmacy.
Penn Ave., 4202, T. J. Guyton.
Penn Ave., 5856, F. H. B. Ross.
Penn Ave., 6120, J. Hendel.
Penn Ave., 1466, L. L. Hughes.
Penn Ave., 461, R. B. McKelvey.
Penn Ave., 1251, T. W. D. Hieber.
Penn Ave., 1701, Erskine & Wicks.
Penn Ave., 2558, Ed. J. Johnston.
Penn Ave., 2931, L. E. Gutelius.
Penn Ave., 7005, L. M. Patterson.
Penn Ave., 5400, Cor. Rebecca St., Hughes' Pharmacy.
Penn Ave., 6359, S. N. Wickersham.
Penn Ave. and Evaline, 5147, J. C. Smith.
Penn Ave., 2,000, Corner Drug Store.
Pius St., No. 4, Carson St. Pharmacy.
Salisbury St., 2203, Edward J. Bautz.
Sarah St., 2135, South Side Pharmacy.
Second Ave., 4751, Lacrone Bros. & Clark.
Second Ave., 4800, Lutz & Rodemoyer.
Second Ave., 5100, Elizabeth Pharmacy.
Second Ave., 5424, Jones & Stiefel.
Second Ave., 5329, C. W. O'Sullivan.
Second, cor. Grant, Louis Emanuel.
Sheridan Ave. and Station St., O. H. Glass.
Shiloh St., 42, J. Spohn.
Shiloh St., 54, J. F. Murphy.
Southern Ave., 1325, Birmingham Pharmacy.
Station St. and Larimer Ave., Station Pharmacy.
St. Clair and Broad St., St. Clair Pharmacy.
St. Clair and Jackson St., Porter's Pharmacy.
Tioga and Rosedale St., Rosedale Pharmacy.
Walnut and Bellefonte St., 5501, L. M. Hamilton.
Ward and Semple Sts., H. P. Reiser.
Washington St., 68, Calabrese Pharmacy.
Washington Ave., 102, Washington Avenue Pharmacy.
Washington Ave., S. S., 80, W. J. Forrest.
Washington Ave., S. S., 62, Lorenz S. Riott.
Washington and Allen Ave., W. L. Sutter.
Webster Ave., 6110, Calabrese Pharmacy.
Webster Ave., 1801, Edward J. Kretz.
Wylie Ave., 715, Taylor's Pharmacy.
Wylie Ave., 1400, E. K. Thumm.
Wylie Ave., 1860, Library Pharmacy.
Wylie Ave., 1101, McMurray & Reich.
Wylie Ave., 2150, Ernest H. Melvin.
Wylie Ave., 2176, James Sieling.
Wylie Ave., 1001, John Beck.
Butler and 48th St., S. L. Bellman.
Liberty and 38rd, H. Wurzell.
Penn and 34th, G. W. Tea.
Sarah and 27th Sts., Liebert's Pharmacy.

SHARPSBURG, PA.

Main St., 904, City Drug Store, Sharpsburg, Pa.
Main St., 1896, Geo. L. Pryor, Sharpsburg.
Main St., 615, E. A. Patrick, Sharpsburg.
Main St., 1002, Patrick & Patterson, Sharpsburg.
37th and Canal Sts., B. C. Newton, Sharpsburg.

EAST PITTSBURGH, PA.

Brinton, Cor. Bessemer Ave., Bessemer Pharmacy.
Linden Ave., Nevin Pharmacy.
E. J. Byrns.

VERONA, PA.

A. H. Bittner Drug Co.
Whiteley's Pharmacy.

OAKMONT, PA.

Frank A. Cooper.
Thos. S. Lewis.

MT. OLIVER, PA.

Southern Ave., 16, Louis A. Rootenswald.
Southern Ave., A. Bowers & Son.

GAZETTE BRANCH OFFICES

Any druggist in the two cities will receive your Want and Real Estate ads and forward them direct to The Gazette at main office rates—penny a word. No ads taken for less than 10 words.

ALLEGHENY.

Allegheny Ave., 1200, Allegheny Ave. Pharmacy.
Arch and Jackson Sts., G. W. Hoge.
Allegheny Ave., 500, E. F. Woodward, Allegheny.
Anderson and Lacock St., 221, The Walther Pharmacy.
Anderson and Robinson Sts., C. W. Smart.
Arch and Ohio Sts., 701, The Walther Pharmacy.
Beaver Ave., 1526, J. Brittain.
Beaver Ave., 1402, J. H. Philips, Allegheny.
Beaver Ave., 1733, H. J. Wiethorn, Allegheny, Pa.
Brighton Ave., 1815, Geo. Minnick, Jr., Allegheny.
Brighton Road and Woods Run Ave., Brighton Road Pharmacy, Allegheny.
Beaver Ave., 2000, W. Dice.
Buena Vista and Jackson Sts., Steigleder & Kutscher.
California Ave., 3615, Denslow Bros.
Chestnut St., 310, Mentil Drug Store.
Chestnut St., 626, The Walther Pharmacy.
Chestnut St., 1631, The Walther Pharmacy.
Chestnut and Main Sts., D. B. Watson.
California Ave., 2300, A. J. Stuebner.
East Ohio St., 730, O. A. Schad Co., Allegheny.
East St., 2214, C. W. Dorsey.
East Ohio St., 902, Eggers' Pharmacy.
East St., 924, G. J. Heckel.
East St., 1919, L. M. Boyl.
East Ohio St., 1017, T. J. Janda.
East St., 1421, Lion Drug Store.
Federal St., 917, L. J. Bischoff.
Federal St., 1115, B. G. Dosch.
Federal, 508, W. A. Steel.
Federal St., 801, Kaercher Drug Co.
Federal St., 1491, T. J. Frank.
Federal and Montgomery, Park Drug Store.
Fulton and Locust St., Kelly Bros. & Son.
Irwin and Western Ave., N. Kennedy.
James and Ohio St., Crescent Pharmacy.
Juniata St., 1586, J. A. Faessel.
Lowrie St., 1661, Mangold Pharmacy.
Cor. Lowrie and Branch, McGee's Troy Hill Pharmacy.
Monterey St., 1419, W. G. Minnick.
North and Federal, Ed. F. Waldschmidt.
North Ave. and Federal St., L. T. Greenfield.
North Ave. and East St., C. Heim.
Ohio and Middle, 543, The Estate of F. M. Eggers, Allegheny, Pa.
Perrysville Ave., 2604, A. W. Boggs.
Perrysville Ave., 3103, Craig's Drug Store.
Preble Ave., 3046, Morris Pharmacy.
Perrysville Ave., 3006, C. H. Schafer.
Perrysville Ave., 2111, L. E. Sutter.
Penn. Ave., 1120, Louis Stetts.
Rhine St., No. 2, P. Kuhn.
Rebecca St., 1354, Hite Pharmacy.
Rebecca St., 1603, C. M. Malloy.
Rebecca St., 1811, C. M. Malloy.
Royal No. 1, T. R. McClelland.
Rebecca and School Sts., Rebecca St. Pharmacy.
Spring Garden Ave., 152, M. C. Williams.
Spring Garden Ave., 202, Spring Garden Pharmacy.
Taylor Ave., 526, A. Armor.
Taggart St., 81, D. A. Vanasdale.
Western and Grant Ave., H. W. Heckel.
Washington Ave., 1451, C. M. Kelly.
Washington Ave., 828, C. H. Kelly.
Woodland Ave., 198, R. B. McGeath.
McClure Ave., 21, Finley's Pharmacy, Allegheny.

WILKINSBURG, PA.

Franklin and Center Ave., W. S. Swarts, Wilkinsburg.
Franklin and Trenton Ave., J. C. Faulx.
Glenn and Swissvale, Hall Pharmacy.
Penn Ave., 6045, McGann's Pharmacy.
Penn and Swissvale, Ave., Berlin & Co.
Penn and Trenton Ave., Trenton Pharmacy, Wilkinsburg.
Rebecca Ave., 731, A. R. Canter & Bro., Wilkinsburg.
Rebecca St., 521, Colonial Pharmacy, Wilkinsburg.
Rebecca Ave., 612, Dr. S. W. Covell.
Wood and Ross Ave., S. H. Jackson.
Wood St., 908, H. L. White.
Wood and Franklin Ave., Smith Drug Co.

HOMESTEAD, PA.

Eighth Ave., Cor. Amity St., B. J. Stenger.
Eighth Ave., Cor. Amity St., J. L. Paules.
Eighth Ave., 249, W. J. Turner.
Eighth Ave., 230, Frank Bros. Drug Co.
Eighth Ave., 347, H. J. O'Donnell.
Eighth Ave., 605, Fred B. Charles.
Eighth Ave. and Ann St., W. J. Hirth.
Eighth Ave., 303, Fred Charles.
Mifflin St., Rowse's Pharmacy.
Ann St., 609, McKees' Drug Store.
Dickson St., 541, Emil's Pharmacy.
West St., Cor. Fourteenth, Hantz Pharmacy.

BRADDOCK, PA.

Braddock Ave., 105, Weyle's Drug Store.
Braddock Ave., 322, John J. Walker.
Braddock Ave., 914, Maggini Drug Co.
Braddock Ave., 600, W. A. Kulp.
Braddock Ave., 823, W. A. Kulp.
Braddock Ave., 915, E. Hollander & Co.
Braddock Ave., 802, Hering & Farnsworth.
Braddock Ave., 721, Frank Bros. Drug Co.
Camp and Fourth Sts., Geo. B. Klein.
Hawkins and Fourth, Shady Park Pharmacy.
Library St., 418, S. W. Stright.

BELLEVUE, PA.

Lincoln Ave. and Mead Ave., Bellevue, Denslow Bros., Bellevue.
Lincoln Ave., Harley Drug Co., Bellevue, Pa.
Lincoln Ave., Bellevue Pharmacy, Bellevue, Pa.

ETNA, PA.

Evergreen Ave. Pharmacy, 366 Butler St.
Bridge St., 62, S. E. Zang, Etna, Pa.
Butler St., 526, K. L. Cottrelle, Etna, Pa.
Butler St., 637, J. J. Keil, Etna, Pa.
Butler St., 356, F. M. Metz, Etna.

M'KEESPORT, PA.

Atlantic Ave., 316, Camp's Pharmacy.
Fifth Ave., 736, Geo. W. Herold.
Fifth Ave., 1211, Bert G. McClure.
Fifth Ave., 214, J. F. Walker.
Walnut St., 1105, E. R. Goldsmith.

SWISSVALE, PA.

J. M. Linn Drug Co.
Covell & Johnson.
Heilmans' Pharmacy.
Fred W. Jones.
H. B. Vandevort.

DUQUESNE, PA.

Grant Ave., Cor., 708, Avenue Pharmacy.
Grant Ave., Cor. Duquesne Ave., Eagle Drug Store.
Grant Ave., Cor. First, O'Donnell Drug Co.
Grant Ave., W., 608, Porter Drug Co.

MILLVALE, PA.

J. W. Hyde, Jr., Grant and North Ave.
John W. Goodwin, 201 Grant St.
John W. Goodwin, North Ave. and Howard.
J. W. Hyde, Jr., 651 Evergreen Ave.

AVALON, PA.

California Ave., 605, McCormick's Drug Store, Avalon, Pa.
H. W. Henderson, Avalon, Pa.

KNOXVILLE, PA.

Amanda Ave., 97, Frank D. Trotin.
Arabella St., Cor. Georgia Ave., Geo. H. Brackmann.

WILMERDING, PA.

H. G. Croushore.
Sunderland's Pharmacy.

CARNEGIE, PA.

Valley Pharmacy.
R. J. Hardy.

M'KEES ROCKS, PA.

Copeland's Drug Store.

EDGEWOOD, PA.

F. Karl Deflin, Ph. G.

CLAIRTON, PA.

Frank Bros. Drug Co.

CARRICK, PA.

Carrick Pharmacy.

TURTLE CREEK, PA.

Frank Bros.' Drug Store.

EAST M'KEESPORT, PA.

East McKeesport Pharmacy.

ASPINWALL, PA.

Aspinwall, Pa., J. J. Frey.

MUNHALL, PA.

W. C. Martin.

CRAFTON, PA.

Ridge Ave. Pharmacy.

WANTED.

Male Help.

ANY intelligent person may earn good income corresponding for newspapers; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

ASSISTANT bookkeeper for large city concern. Commercial Clearing House, 432 Wood st.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger, cost, stock and bill clerks, timekeepers, stenographer, general office clerks, storeroom clerks, general store manager; also assistant managers, clerks for grocery, shoe, hardware, drygoods and general stores, local and road salesmen, machinists and helpers, layer-out, assemblers and fitters on structural work, carpenters, bricklayers, die-sinkers, tool makers, tinners, riveters and helpers; mill, shop, factory and warehouse men.
M. & M. AGENCY,
24½ FIFTH STREET.

BOOKKEEPER competent to take charge of wholesale house books. Commercial Clearing House, 432 Wood st.

CLERK, neat, rapid penman. Commercial Clearing House, 432 Wood st.

COLLECTOR, warehouse man, men for factory, carpenter, helpers, salesmen, city and traveling opportunities for beginners; best salaries; good positions. NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 205 Federal st., Allegheny.

COMPOSITORS—$21 a week; largest printing plant in America; job, stone, catalogue and make-up men; open shop; permanent positions guaranteed to competent men of good character. Write, giving names and address of reference to The Butterick Publishing Co., room 510 Flatiron building, New York city.

COST clerk for manufacturing company. Commercial Clearing House, 432 Wood st.

COUPLE of handy men to assist millwright; $2.25 per day; steady work; good chance for advancement.
MERCANTILE CO., INC., 434 Fourth ave.

DRAUGHTSMEN; also tracers, and two young men to operate blue print machines.
MERCANTILE CO., INC., 434 Fourth ave.

DRIVERS for single and double teams;

IF WANTING ANYTHING YOU'LL SEE IT ADVERTISED IN THE GAZETTE

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

RENT $28.00 MONTH.
2449 FIFTH AVE., brick dwelling, 8 rooms, bath, gases, etc.
ARONSON REALTY COMPANY,
Aronson Bldg. 646 Fifth ave.

East End Residences.

A COMPLETE LIST of East End houses and apartments, with map, sent free upon request. S. H. LLOYD, No. 6024 Penn Ave.

Apartments.

THE ELEGANT NEW
NEVILLE APARTMENTS,
Buildings A, B and C,
On Neville St., near Fifth and Ellsworth Aves.; in suites of 6 and 7 rooms; tile baths, hardwood finish, large porches, all gases, electric lights, all conveniences, private entrances, no public halls. These buildings sit in their own grounds and have the finest kind of light and ventilation. Open daily and Sunday afternoons.
C. L. McCUTCHEON,
201 Arrott Building. Bell 'Phone 3437 Court.

FRIENDSHIP PARK APARTMENTS.
In the Lincoln Apartments, 324 Mathilda st., suites Nos. 1 and 4, first and second floors, respectively; 6 rooms and bath each. Low rental. Take Liberty or Penn ave. cars; get off at Mathilda st.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

FOR RENT.
BRAND NEW SIX-ROOM APARTMENTS, in North Highland section of East End. Hardwood floors, tile bathroom. Steam heat and hot water supplied free. Rent, $40 per month.
S. H. LLOYD, 6024 PENN.

Business Properties.

To Let.

NEW CORNER BUSINESS HOUSE
Size 42x80 feet, 4 floors,
Will divide if desired.
Immediate possession may be had.
Commonwealth Real Estate Co.,
327-329 Fourth Ave.

TO LET.
718 Penn ave., fourteen rooms, all modern fixtures, well adapted for lodging purposes; moderate rental. See
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
327-329 Fourth Ave.

LARGE BUSINESS ROOMS.
To Be Let—In the Werner bldg., 631 Penn ave., third floor, 3 large rooms, $1,100; fourth floor, 28x120, $1,800; elevator, heat and light; immediate possession.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

Manufacturing Sites.

MANUFACTURING SPACE.
ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT POWER FOR MANUFACTURING OR STORAGE PURPOSES, OR ENTIRE BUILDING.
INQUIRE AT 2300 JOSEPHINE ST., OR TO JOHN BLEICHNER, 2208 CARSON ST., SOUTH SIDE.

Storerooms.

NEW STOREROOM, Craft ave., Crafton, near station; fine location; ready December 1st. Apply A. B. McBath, Crafton, Pa. Bell 'phone 55 J. McDonald.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

SEVERAL solid brick houses, nearing completion; hardwood interior; steam heat; elegant homes; high class surroundings; price $8,000 to $12,000.
COOK LAND CO.,
Bell 'phone, 20 Emsworth. Avon place, Ben Avon, Pa.

East End Residences.

HOUSES—Cozy, new, small brick houses in East End; a small cash payment down during the winter months; balance in monthly payments, take Frankstown ave. cars to Sterritt st., and walk up to 7308 Hermitage st. We have sold 6 out of 22 during past 10 days.

Farms.

214 ACRES — Six-room frame house, cellar, spring house, bank barn 50x80 ft., four acres orchard, 20 acres oak timber, 150 acres rich bottom land; balance rolling; spring water at house and barn; farm well fenced, on public road, 19 miles out of Latrobe; good markets; one of the finest grain and dairy farms in the country; all underlaid with coal; a first-class farm at very low price; this is one of the most productive farms in the county. If you are looking for a bargain in a good farm, investigate this quick.
CHAS. W. SAXMAN,
Latrobe, Pa.

QUICK SALE—Convenient suburban property, 10 minutes railroad station: 62 acres, 9-room brick house, large bank barn, splendid spring water under pressure; shrubbery; delightful home; town conveniences, good schools; also suitable for dairy; $11,000, easy terms. Call or address McDonough Ferree, Manor, Pa.; telephone Bell 66-J, or Crum, The Gazette.

20 ACRES smooth, good land, 4-room house, new bank barn, spring water, orchard; large chicken house; possession at once. Price $1,600.
CHAS. W. SAXMAN,
Latrobe, Pa.

Lots.

FINE building sites in select resident district; high class surroundings. Apply to
COOK LAND CO.,
Avon place, Ben Avon, Pa. Bell 'phone, 20 Emsworth.

OAKMONT PROPERTY.
FOR attractive building sites at fair prices. Address T. S. M'ANLIS, Cor. Seventh and B. Oakmont, Pa. (Bell 'Phone 121.)

Business Properties.

OUTER FIFTH AVENUE.
For Sale—A three-story brick building; storeroom 39 feet long, annex thereto 16 feet; eight living rooms; lot 24x80; old-established dry-goods house. Inquire 1229 Fifth ave.

For Sale or Rent.

FOR SALE AND RENT.
At Ingram always see WARD. Houses for sale from $1,000 upwards. To rent from $12.50 to $40.
INGRAM, or 424 Fourth Ave., Room 207.

Mortgage Loans.

If You Are Going to Build Consult
THE GUARDIAN TRUST COMPANY
who will take the lot, place the mortgage, let the contract, supervise the building, discount the bills and turn over the property completed. Fees reasonable.
341 Fourth avenue.

MONEY FOR MORTGAGES.
Prompt service. Honest treatment.
A. C. LESLIE,
'Phone 2768 Court. 417 Fourth ave.

MONEY
ON Mortgages wanted on improved real
REAL estate in city and suburbs.
ESTATE.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

FUND TO LOAN, first and second mortgages and heirs to estates. Box 1705.

PLENTY 4½% MORTGAGE MONEY.
DAVID EVANS & CO., 248 FOURTH AVE.

$500,000 to loan, 4½ to 5 per cent; mortgages or collateral; private party. P. O. Box 663.

Sewing Machines.

CLEARANCE SALE—Big bargains in all makes of new and shopworn sewing machines; needles, parts and all attachments for all machines; all makes, repaired and guaranteed.
CARTER SEWING MACHINE CO.,
Next door to Bijou Theater, 131 Sixth st.

GREAT BARGAINS in slightly soiled sewing machines; time or cash; needles and parts for all machines; all makes repaired. WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., 122 Sixth st.

Poultry, Birds and Dogs.

DOGS—Hunt, raccoon, bear, lynx, mink. Greendale Kennel, Kensington, Ohio.

Safes.

SAFES—Almost given away all week. W. PRAGER, 120 Market st.

FOR SALE.

Business Opportunities.

STORES, HOTELS, SALOONS, ETC.,

QUICKLY SOLD for cash through our agency. No charge unless sale is effected. We have some improved city real estate to exchange for stocks of merchandise. If you want to make quick deal and without publicity, see us.
B. R. FAULKNER & CO., INC'D,
(Business Established 1893).
1107 Arrott Bldg. Fourth ave. and Wood st.

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WE make a specialty of selling stores, saloons and hotels and business opportunities of all kinds; business strictly confidential; communicate with us if you are thinking of buying or selling.
S. V. THOMPSON COMPANY, 209 Times Bldg.

INVEST $1 PER WEEK for 26 weeks, or $25 cash, and clear $300. Solar Furnace Co., 901 Empire bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE—Made a clean profit in past 14 months of $10,000. Located in Beaver county. Must be sold before December 15 to get transfer. This is a "BONANZA" at $7,000.
A. M. JOHNSON & CO.,
411 Farmers Building.

$10,000—Partner wanted to purchase an interest in an established hotel property of 120 rooms in Atlantic City. Good bona-fide proposition. No triflers. Address W. 1611 South Eighteenth st., Philadelphia.

A CONSTANTLY growing house furnishing business in a Western Pennsylvania town with bright prospects. Store-room may or may not be purchased also. Address J 28, The Gazette, for particulars.

RESPONSIBLE party wanted to open and manage branch of large corporation operating three plants in different states, must have $25,000 to $50,000. Nelson Chesman, Temple Court, New York.

FOR SALE—The Somerset House; modern, 50-room hotel; good established trade; a bargain if sold before January 1. W. H. Kantner, Somerset, Pa.

IF you want help in selling or buying a good business or in selling or renting your real estate, farms, land, acreage, see
STEWART & MITCHELL, 806 Wylie ave.

FOR SALE—Grocery in good town; good business and good reason for selling; price $5,500. Box B 30, The Gazette.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business see CAVANAGH & CO., 431 Fourth ave.

Machinery.

GAS AND STEAM ENGINES in all sizes and for all purposes. We make a specialty of private lighting and pumping outfits; also complete power equipment for general purposes.
Call and see our special electric gas engine in operation under full load. Send for our second-hand list.
TRANTER MFG. CO.,
105 Water st.

DIRECT connected generator, 30 K. W., 110 volts; Fisher four-pole generator direct connected to vertical compound automatic engine; capacity, 600 lights; a very compact outfit, suitable for boat or manufacturing plant.
Dynamos, Motors, Boilers, Pumps, Etc.
WICKES BROTHERS,
Forty-fifth st. and A. V. Ry.,
Both 'phones. Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 15 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers and large lot miscellaneous machinery. Second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.
JOHN S. YOUNG,
102-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

VERTICAL GAS ENGINES.
High grade multiple cylinder, direct connected or belt, electric lighting plants a specialty; light one-fifth regular cost.
BOLLINGER BROS., 125 First ave.

FOOS GAS ENGINES.
Strictly high grade, for all power purposes. Over 200 in Allegheny county.
FOOS GAS ENGINE CO., 125 First ave.

GAS ENGINES—New and second-hand. Have us do your repairing. BRIGGS MACHINERY CO., 228 Second ave.

Automobiles.

FOR SALE—A 1903 Oldsmobile, in good order; not much used; low price to cash buyer or will sell on approved security. Address G, Room No. 1124 Union Station.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Fancy second-hand garments; ladies' and gents' (private house), 1841 Webster ave., Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—A 1 fireproof safe, in good condition; size 36" wide x 36" deep x 52" high; original cost $150. P. O. Box 635, city.

BAR fixtures, billiard tables, desks, soda fountain, safes, bowling alleys, etc. Delps'.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

UNCALLED-FOR LETTERS remaining at the Pittsburgh postoffice, Monday, December 4, 1905. When calling for advertised letters please mention above date.

LADIES' LIST.

A—Grace Abel, Mary Adams, Mrs. Grace Alexander, Mrs. Mary Alexander, Blanche Allen, Amanda Anderson, Anna Anderson, Rosie Aner, Mrs. Margaret Applegate, Sarah Austin.

B—Mrs. Emma Bacon, Mrs. Delilah Bagley, Ethel Balfagin, Alice Barr, Mrs. Lydia Bell, Bess Bell, Belinda Mrs. Wm. Batz, Marie Bandenbach, Sarah Benedictus, Mrs. A. T. Best, Mrs. Belle Bigajer, Mrs. Harry Bulock, Rose Bloomer, Mrs. Pinkey Blunt, Mrs. Agnes Bowlegest, Mrs. Loda Boyle, Mrs. John Brandt, Mrs. J. A. Bridenpugh, Bertha Brill, Mrs. Georgia R. M. Brobst, Florence Brown, Mrs. Ry. Robert Brown, Mrs. Jennie Bryan, Mrs. J. H. Bundy, Hilda Burgard, E. V. Bush, Gertrude Buttl.

C—Mrs. Cannon, Mrs. Bettie Carpenter, Lilly Carpenter, Mary Carr, Mary Carter, Mrs. Lizie Cassey, Mildrid Corsone, Elis Cassidy, Gussie Lucy Chase, Mrs. Effie Chandler, Anna S. Chalams, Mrs. Martha Chinn, Mrs. Henry Chon, Mrs. Addie Christian (2), Anna Gertrude Clark, Mrs. W. J. Clark, Mrs. M. Lillian Clark, Mabel Coffee, Mrs. C. Colbrin, Gladys Cole, Mrs. Collins, May Conley, Amanda Conwell, Mrs. R. Connell, Katie Connors, Mrs. K. B. Cooke, Mrs. Mary Cook, Mrs. P. Cook, Katharine Cotter, Minerva Cowerdale, Mrs. Coyle, Elizabeth Crammer, Mrs. Ester J. Cronin, Mrs. Bettie Cunningham, Mrs. Cuthbertson.

D—Fern Dale, Neille Danner, Eva Davis, Julia Davis, Lulu Davis, M. A. Davis, Mrs. Rosa Davis, Mrs. Mary Dawson, Edith De Armon, Mrs. Anna Dean, Lula Debaldo, Lodie Devine, Mrs. Dickson, Mrs. Frank Dodge, Mrs. I. W. Donnan, Margaret Donnely, Alice Drury, Mrs. G. Duncan, Mrs. Jas. Dunn.

E—Beatrice Earl, Mrs. A. S. Egts, Miss E. Eyler.

F—Dora Faringer, Miss Dat Feaids, Mother Mary Felicias, Mrs. Ida Fell, Caroline Felty, Mrs. Katherine Ferguson, Sarba Fisher, Mrs. Anna Flannigan, Mrs. Martul Frank, Mrs. S. B. Freeman, Anna Frohlish, Mrs. Frank R. Frost, Laura Fulton.

G—Mrs. J. Gallen, Goldie Gardner, L. M. Genett, Mrs. Josephine Giles, Carrie F. Gilmore, Mrs. Sarah E. Glass, Mrs. Mary S. Goldson, Mrs. Blanche Goldoln, Alice Gorman (Special Del.), Nellie Grant, Mrs. C. H. Gray, Rosslo Green, Miss Abba Griffin, Pearl Griffith, Ida Grinnen, Emma Gunchech, Margaret Guthrie.

H—Mrs. C. J. Hahn, Mrs. C. V. Halbert, Mrs. Wm. Halligan, Mrs. C. C. Hamilton, Fannie Hamiltone, Mrs. W. J. Hamilton, Mrs. Hagan, Jennie Harper, Minnie Harper, Mrs. L. D. Harris, Mrs. Virginia Harris (2), Minnie Harrison (2), Nellie Hart, Mrs. Phillip B. Hasbrouch, Sallie Harkins, Mrs. Bert Helsauer, Mrs. J. W. Hendrockson, Bertie Henery, Mrs. Wm. Hill, Marie M. Hock, Millie L. Holmes, Mrs. Lollie Holland, Mrs. Nettie Hooper, Mrs. Rebecca Hopewell, Ivy Houts, Mrs. C. Howell, A. T. Howley, Lucile Hunter, Lena Hundsman, Miss Huttner.

J—Anna Jablonska, Bertha Jackson, Elizabeth Jackson, Mrs. Maggie Jackson, Mrs. M. L. Jackson, Mrs. Nellie Jenkins, Mrs. Mamie Jepsen, Mrs. Hattie Johnson (2), Mrs. Sarah Johnson, Mrs. Johnston 3rd st., Mrs. Bettie Jones, Mrs. C. S. Jones, Emma Jones, Mrs. Jack Jones, Mrs. Josephine Jones, May Joseph (F.), Miss Joseph.

K—Rosa Kain, Julia Kapitch, Mrs. R. H. Keffer, O. Kellar, Mrs. M. W. Kelley, Mrs. F. C. Kennedy, Mrs. Ralph Kennedy, Mrs. Kenyakay, Hannah Kenzinger, Elizabeth Kerrigan, Mrs. Mamie or Robert Kincaid, May Kirch, Mrs. Helen King, Mrs. Mamie King, May Kirsh, Mrs. Fred. Kinkeld, Mari Kola, Mrs. Fannie Kramer.

L—Annie Lado, Mrs. A. H. Long, Lottie K. Lauer (2), Mrs. E. S. Lawrence, Birdie Lee, Louise Lerner, May Leuon, Cecelia Leonard, Amanda Lewis, Mrs. Eva Lewis, Mamie Lewis (2), Livera Lichliter, Mrs. Delila Lindsay, Mrs. Roxey Lindsay, Mrs. Fred. S. Linn, Madge Llewellyn, Mrs. Isador Loeb, Mrs. Maud Logan, Jessie Lock, Mrs. Laura Looe, Jane Lubirdienes, Mrs. E. M. Lynn.

M—Miss L. W. Macrum, Mrs. Lishia Maloy, Miss C. E. Malick, Mrs. C. W. Mall, Mrs. Alice J. M. Malker, Mrs. Mattie Malric, Mrs. Nickie Matty, Mrs. Mancy, Mrs. R. Mangar, Miss Mabel Markland, Miss Pasqualina Marra-

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

cino, Mrs. Mollie Marsh, Esther Marshall, Mrs. Birdie Mastin, Kathryn Martin, Laura Mason, Mrs. Anna Mather, Mrs. A. Mathus, Mrs. Mather, Mrs. John Mathews, Mrs. E. E. Mead, Mrs. Melone, Jennie Meiner, Emma Metz, Mrs. George Mesrew, Margaret Miller, Mrs. M. C. Miller, Rachel McMasters Miller, May Milliam, Lucy Moeller, Mrs. George Moles, Mrs. Annie Moore (D. L.), Mrs. Lola Moore, Mrs. A. Morgan, Tillie Morris, Mrs. Maryanna Mosaday, Mrs. F. Mournian, Mary Mullen, Bertha Murphy, Mrs. Margaret M. C. Murray (F.), Edith Myers, Rosay Myers, Clara McCargo, Margaret McClain, Mrs. Mary McClain, Pr. Sarah McCure, Mrs. A. McColler, Hazel McCrea, Annie McDermott, Bessie MacDonald, Lizzie McGinn, Mrs. John Ryan McKee, Mrs. Thos. McKee, Mrs. Kate McKenna, Ella McKercher, Mrs. Margaret B. McLaughlin, Mrs. B. McMeehan, Maude McMullen.

N—Katie Neff, Mrs. A. Nelton, Rosalina Netrone, Christina New, Mrs. S. Newburn, Mrs. Wm. J. Nolden, M. Janet North, Lizzie Notte, Sasay Nyles.

O—Mrs. Peter Obermiller, Laura B. Orr, Ella O'Connol, Emma O'Connol, Ida O'Neal.

P—Gretchen Pack, Mrs. Painter, Anna Belle Painter, Ruth Painter, Emma Pathrson, Mrs. Anna Peltz, Mrs. Margaret H. Pickett, Mrs. H. R. Plouman, Mrs. J. Powell, Miss K. M. Parker, Kathrine L. Postle, Mrs. Pozzoney, Mrs. John Raymond Price, Mrs. T. A. Price, Mrs. Anthony Pucher, Mrs. J. A. C. Puffner, Mr., Mrs. George F. Pusz, Miss Phoebe Pyle.

Q—Mame Quartz, Annie Quinn.

R—Mrs. Flon Raf, Mrs. L. M. Reed, Pauline Reed, Annie Reese, Kate Reisfar, Rosa Reiida, Eni Rivisz, Mrs. Charles Rick, Mrs. M. A. Richards, Cora Rice, Mrs. J. Richardson (For.), Lizzie Rigdon, Mrs. Irene Robb, Mrs. Harry Roberts, Mrs. Ella Robinson, Alice Rogers, Mary Rooney, Helen E. Root, Mrs. Rose, Mrs. Fred Rosenbaum, Mrs. Rossell, Rose Russel.

S—Viola Schane, Mrs. Sadie Schellanberger, Minnie Schmidt, Kathryn Schmitt, Barbara Scott, Mrs. Sam Scott, Mary Elizabeth Scully, Waynse Sevell, Mrs. Hettie R. Shepherd, Mrs. Shroyer, Dean Sievert, Mrs. Thomas Small, Amelia Smith, Edith Smith, Mrs. Jack Smith, Mrs. Smith, Lizzie Smith, Viola Smith, Mary Snyder, Mrs. F. A. Spangler, Mrs. Geo. Spencer (For.), Mrs. Mary Spring, Mrs. Belle Stalker, Mrs. Pink Stamp, Jannie Stanley, Lettie Stanton, Ma Stand, Mrs. John Steel, Mrs. Ed Stevenson, Mrs. H. H. Stewart, Kate Stones.

T—Madame Taylor, Mary Taylor, Tressie Taylor (2), Mrs. Anite E. Tatten, Irene Thayer, Bessie Thomas, Miss Tonson, Mrs. Louise Thompson, Miss S. Thompson, Mrs. Annie Timon, Mrs. Tinen, Mrs. M. J. Todd, Mrs. Jennie Tolmer, Addie Treadwell.

U—Mrs. Alice Urquhart (For.).

V—Mrs. Florence Vincent.

W—Julia Wagner, Mrs. Edwin Wallace, Mrs. Florence A. Wallace, Miss Walsh, Mrs. Jones Walters, Annie Ward, Miss J. G. Warnick, Elizabeth Washington, Mrs. Watson, Jessie Webster, Mrs. Lizzie A. Weiler, Mrs. West, Miss R. West, Miss White, Emma Whitining (D. L.), Mrs. Q. W. Wiley, Mrs. Lily Wilkins, Mrs. A. M. Williams, Mrs. Davey A. Williams (D. L.), Miss M. Williams, Mabel Williams, Mrs. S. Williams, Mrs. Sarah Williams, Miss Will Williams, Mrs. J. H. Williamson, Mrs. Annie Wilson, Elizabeth G. Wilmot, Dorothy Wilson (2), Mrs. Irva Wilson, Mrs. J. Winters, Mrs. Elizabeth D. Wittman, Mrs. Sue J. Wolf, Mrs. William Woodley, Mrs. David Wood, Mrs. John James Woods, Mrs. Sarah Woods, Miss C. R. H. Woodston, Ollie Woodworth, Mrs. Susie D. Wooley, Robert Woomer, Margaret Wright, Mary Write.

Y—Gertie Young, Mrs. M. Young, Mrs. L. C. Youngling.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A—E. J. Ackerman, W. E. Adams (2), Frank Adkins, A. Adler, Rev. F. M. Agatea, E. D. Allen, Henry Allison, Harry Allison, W. Amnon, Adil Ankudowlez, A. F. Aub, A. C. Anderson, A. C. Anthony, W. S. Arnuchwar, Geo. S. Asheom, Harry Ashwell, Edgar Avey, Henry K. Atwater, J. Clifford Aultman, I. S. Athey.

B—Carlton H. Barry, W. G. Barckley, M. Banister, George Baxly, J. M. Beall, Augustus Beath, Jno. H. Beaty, Albert C. Beck, Arthur S. Beckhart, Rev. William C. Beebe, C. Berringer, Harry Bellin, Harry G. Bennett, L. C. Bennett, E. L. Berkey (3), William E. Berkley, Golindo Biagni, Geo. L. Biggerstaff, Ivan Birle, J. K. Bishop, H. C. Blake, T. C. Blagkwood, General Blakey, D. D. Blanch, Rossis Block, Henry Blocker, C. L. Bloomer, Clarence W. Bogart, A. E. Bogdon, G. B. Boland, Edwin Bonnie, F. C. Bortz, N. Boswell, Botero Besforigove, D. C. Bowers, Frank Bowles, Dr. T. Jefferson Bowyer, J. Bowman, Frank Boyle, B. V. Bremer, Konrad Brolle, G. Brooke, Thos. D. Brooke, Findlay Brown, Louis P. Brown, Marcellus W. Brown, W. H. Brown, Hugh M. Browne, Rev. Victor Buchen, W. W. Buckingham, Clarence Burk (4), Harry Burkins, Chas. W. Burrows, C. P. Burtner, Mr. Buller, J. F. Busche.

C—Cav. A. Calhoun, C. E. Calligan, George M. Callineyer, A. E. Campbell, Clarence Casey, Dan Caton, Robt. Cavanagh, Dr. Cavanaugh, Lewisky, Mafar Chon, Prof. O. Christophel, Odindo Clerd, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Clatern, A. B. Clark, H. Cohen, Morris Cohen, John Coleman, Manuel Camango, A. E. Cook, Jno. G. Cook, Saddle Corben, Hon. T. J. Corcoran, Ernest Coulter, Wm. Cox, W. S. Cambish, C. C. Criber, Frederick S. Crocker, E. H. Criss, Geo. G. Cummings, D. Curran.

D—Arthur Dale, F. J. Darlington, G. H. Daum, E. F. Davis, George C. Davis, S. L. Davis, William Davison, E. L. Dawes, W. E. Dean, John Depols, J. S. Dick, J. C. Dicklinson, Albert Dixon (2), Emar Dolon, Manuel Dorca, James R. Dorris, G. M. Downs, H. C. Doyle, J. M. Duolin, John J. Duff, Henry Duiney, James Duncan, O. J. Dunigan, T. F. Dunn.

E—Hayden Eames, J. F. Earl, W. B. Ecker, Lawrence Eckman, Geo. Edwards, M. Lyiora Elcock, J. E. Ellsard, Miles Ellenberger, Thos. Elliot, Robert M. Elvin, Jas. G. Emanuel, Edw. H. Erhard, Charlie Evans (2), Wm. L. Evans.

F—William Faber, B. Farnin, Antonio Ferrare, Mazga Fevenr, Antonio Feline, Chas. A. Filson, R. Finley (3), Wm. Fisher, Mr. Fitzsimmons, John Fitcher, Frank Flood, Nicholas Follo, Harry E. Ford, Andrew Fowler, Branislaw Frankosky, W. S. Fraser, Alfred Friedman.

G—W. G. Gamble, A. C. Gathre, Rev. F. F. Gibson, D. D., H. Gill, S. A. Gilleple, M. F. Glison, Isidor Ginsburg, Okey Glenn, Alwin Gloeizner, E. G. Goggin, E. T. Goheen, Jozef Golben, Rev. Geo. J. Gongaware, Chas. S. Graham, Chas. J. Graham, George Graves, C. W. Gray, A. S. Green, Comer Green, Fred Greeley, Eddie Grier, H. C. Griffin, W. J. Griffin, Andrew Grimes, George Grondeson, C. M. S. Gruber, James Geyre.

H—Edwine Haines, Herman Haines, E. W. Halleti, Samuel B. Halreland, S. W. Hamel, Dr. Seigreid Hamilton, Jno. J. Hanlon, D. Harley, Walter F. Harmon, H. Hastings, Graham M. Hatch, C. B. Hawn, E. O. Helmreich, Wm. F. Henderson, Pres. Henwood, F. F. Herr, O. J. Hesser, J. H. Hienas, Edward Hilsdon, Mr. Hiller, Claton Hill, Dr. J. W. Hodgins, J. F. Homlon, Kirk Hopkins, E. D. Horrigan, J. F. Houston, Albert S. Howard, Albert Howard, Grant Hughes, Ralph Hughes, Howard D. Hunniston, Dr. John Hunter, G. C. Hurse.

I—Ort Irons, G. J. rwin.

J—Edward Jackson, Henry Jackson, M. S. Jackson, Will Jackson, J. C. Jacobs, M. N. Jacon, Louis Jacon, Geo. Jenkins, J. C. Jenkins, James Jocelyn, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, Charles Johnson, Emil Johnson, O. C. Johnston, S. Johnston, W. L. Johnson, H. M. Jones, I. M. Jones, John Jones, M. John, Raymond Jones, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Jones, Walter Jones.

K—Simonas Keewrie, Henry Keener, H. F. Keene, John Kehel, Mr. Keller (2), E. Kelly, Frank Kenney, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kennedy, Fred'k. Kennedy, Wm. Kennedy, Wm. M. Kennedy, S. W. Kennedy, Harman Kepler, Geo. Keyser, James A. King, John B. King, W. B. King, S. G. Kinakin, William Kinnle, J. H. Klein, Marcus Klekner, Howard Kohler, F. H. Koaker, Henry L. Kreuster, J. H. Kuhn, Jun Kumpar.

L—Janacy Ladziato, James P. Lacey, Magyar Lajos, John Lamont, Prof. J. C. Lands, John W. Lanzon, W. H. Larimer, Allen Layner, Samuel Lesk, John Leike, Frank Leach, F. J. Leonard, Martin Leonard, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Lindsay, W. Linsday, Joseph Lock, Henry Lohman, Antonio Lorijo, Charles Louis Loos, Jr., Mr. Louis, Jose Losch, Henry Ludwig, O. N. Ludwig, Jos. Lavandomki, G. H. Lyle, James Lytle.

M—John A. Mackay, John Madden, William Marglson, Stan. Majkowski, Sam'l Mansfield, Giowanni Marcucci, Samuel Markus, C. A. Marquis, F. H. Marshall (2), M. Martin, W. A. Matthews, Wm. Mayburn, John Mayer, S. C. Mead, John Meehan, Mr. Mellard, William Meisner, T. Merryweather, Merl Mievzinska, A. Miller, Daniel Miller, Rev. and Mrs. Noble G. Miller, E. F. Miller, Paul W. Miller, S. S. Miller, M. Minami, P. J. Mogan, Giuseppe Maltero, Dr. J. M. Monfort, Robert Montgomery, Robt. Moor, John C. Moore, John M. Morris, Wm. Morgan, J. Morrow, Fritz Moser, C. L. Moss, Antonio Mollins, Robert Munroe, Jr., L. Murker, P. A. Murphy, Tom Mutscig, Wm. S. Mynatt, Harry McBride, T. F. McCabe, A. McClurken, P. McClung, Mr. McClure, Walter L. McCord, J. H. McCreery, Edward McDonald, B. J. McDonough, John McElwaine, Frank McGibbony, Dr. M. A. McGranu, Edward McGrath, Jack McGuire, Wm. McKean, Wm. McKennan, Jr., Jack McLaughlin, James A. McMillan.

N—Theodore M. Nagle, Wm. A. Nash, Dr. J. R. Nelson, David N. Neubergar.

O—Jno. H. Ohnsman, Ben Ojinz, William Oneil, Ternal Onton, Henry Ortheiu, Hinas Orsel (2), Oliver Oug, Roy Overstake, H. S. Osborn.

P—Michael Pachoiek, Frank Page, W. R. Palmer, Wm. Panyon, Samuel Pare, Mr. Perlett, E. P. Parsons, Thomas A. Pastorius (2), Ignacy Pasternak, John W. Patterson, John Patterson, Cocte Paiuelo, J. S. Payen, Jr., Claude Payne, Rev. Thomas R. Payne, E. P. Percival, D. E. Perley, Carle Pertle, Marcello Petrulli, Horace J. Phillips, Harold Phillips, L. Pickas, J. H. Penfield, Orville

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R—F. M. Rainey, Allen Ramsey, G. N. Randolph, Henry Recker, Frank Reed, Harry A. Reed, J. W. Reed, C. M. Reich, Morris Ress, Parry L. Rhodes, G. C. Rice, J. J. Richey, Walter H. Richards, Mr. Roberts, R. Roberts, Aladino Robinson, A. P. Robinson, Dr. Robert Robinson, Wm. Rogers, Mile Roksandic, S. C. Roper (2), Treho Ronsberg, Joseph Roscow, Mr. Rosen, G. E. Rose, Robert G. Ross, Rev. Luther D. Roth, Wm. J. Royce, P. C. Roly, Rozi, Chilie Reeid, Jno. Rush, V. Rusewski, T. F. Russell, Jozef Rychcik.

S—Pannucci Sabbatino, G. H. Sahlin, Earl Safar, W. Samson, Catvolli Sartori, Andrew Sayre, A. Schello, Wm. Schlesinger, O. A. Schindler, W. Schmaler, H. Schmevel, Dr. A. W. Schooley, M. M. Schuler (3), August Schultz, Albert Schvartz, Irwin Scott, Peter Scuffio, K. Segal, Geo. Sebanik, M. M. Seymour, J. Lee Shannon, Olivar Shannon, J. Pa Shay, Andy Sheetz, Dr. Warren B. Shepard, M. C. Short, John W. Shotwell, W. H. Sidden, George Siech, Ellae Simpson, D. K. Smith, E. D. Smith, F. A. Smith, J. E. Smith, O. J. Smith, Rev. Edwin Snengel (3), James Smith, Joe Soltes, Mr. Soltz, F. S. South, Goodloe Speed, William Speers, John F. Speer, Bartolomeo Spina, E. D. Spring, E. J. Stanyon, Will Statelar, Floyd J. St. Clair, M. Steele, Stowan Stefarnia, Bert Stergherwald, Dell Stevens, H. Wallace Stevens, A. M. Stine, Ignacy Stobinski, Arthur Stocker, D. R. Stoneford, Wilkie Streenung, Wilhelm Struber, Conrad Stub, William Sultter, Earl L. Suckling, J. B. Sullivan, James Sullivan, Willie Sullivan, J. E. Sunter, J. B. Swearenger (3), B. Dora Szabo, Jonan Szuhi.

T—A. M. Taylor, Rev. R. E. Taylor, E. H. Taylor, Rev. Homer White Taylor, Wm. Taylor, Jr., Andrew Tellepen, Wm. Teavrelle, Geo. A. Tempieton, J. B. Tennis, J. H. Teters, Frank Thomas, R. Allen Thomas, Wm. G. Tite, Wm. Todd, Patree Trase, Henry Triplett, Chester N. Truax (2), Emm. Tsarnecs, Jakop Turkeo, Frank Turner, George Turner, Siif Tynkos.

U—M. V. Ullen, S. O. A. Ullmann.

V—J. L. Vandergriff, C. H. VanNote, Frank Verbitcky, Luigi Vercellini, L. H. Voight.

W—Chas. Walker, G. Ward, Wm. M. Warren, Reels P. Washington, James Washington (2), Wm. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. Weatheran, J. J. Weldon (3), Frank H. Westerman, Dennis Whaler, Chas. G. Wheeler, C. Meade Whipple, Benj. White, John White, R. J. Whitehead, S. E. G. Whitmore, Fred Wilbur (2), Mr. Wills, Geo. Wilson, Mr. Wilsons, Willie Winston, Henry Winesdorfer, Mr. Wise, John Wiseman, John M. Witt, J. Wollnsky, S. S. Woods, G. B. Woods, J. M. Woodworth, James H. Wright.

Y—John F. Yeao, W. Yeomans, Artio Young, John Young, W. A. Young.

Z—Alexander Zalewska, Shagara Zaigmond, Francyska Zumepel.

FIRMS.

Allyn & Bacon, Anchor & Co., Atkinson Bros., Burnette & Co., A. B. Cunninghim & Co., Davis Bros., Jas. H. Doian & Co., Robt. M. Enrich & Co. (2), David E. Francis & Co., Grim & Barckley, Graf Hayes & Co., J. F. Kearns & Co., Kearfoot, Lindsay & Co., Long Cameron & Co., J. Morris & Son, Ripper & Hendrickson, G. W. Reid & Co., Rasenbers Bros., Benj. H. Sanborn & Co., Stephenson & Mellon, J. J. Welden & Co.

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Allegheny Club, Advertising Bureau, American Syndicate Co., American Wire Co., American Trust & Savings Co., The Aquarium, Baker Works; Box 706, Cash Buyers Co., Church Herald Pub. Co., Computing Scale Co., Colaquine Medicine Co., Claro Chemical Co., Clark Chemical Co., Champion Sanitary Enamaid Ware Co., Council of Bluffs (For. 2), Duquesne Reveling Stone Lusk Co., Employers Square Deal, Fifth Ave. and High St. Bridge Co., Globe Security Co., The Horns Durkin, Hintermeister Piano Co., Improved Street Sweeper Co., Jamestown Art Studio, Keystone Fdy. & Mfg. Co., Jno. T. Lewis & Bros. Co., Laughin Steel Co., "Ligure," Box 1020, P. O.; Mahoning River Coke & Coal Co., Mahoning River Coal & Coke Co., Muller H. C. Toupet Co., Mardenan Club (D. L.), Mgrs. of Apollo Gal Pros., Military Band Leader, Natl. Computing Scale Co., Pittsburgh & Munice Oil & Gas Co., Pittsburgh Consolidated Co., Pittsburgh Daily Paper, Pittsburgh Automobile Co., Pittsburgh Mfgrs. Assn., Pittsburgh Sanitary Mfg. Co., Pittsburgs Saving Fund, Pittsburgh Aluminum Co. (2), Price Candy Mfg. Co., Pennsylvania Stove Co., Paper Pattern Dept., Pemberthy Injector Mfg. Co., Pennsylvania Parlor Furniture Co., Rustchatz Cookie Co., Sawyers Foundry & Machine Co., Structural Steel Works, Stanislaw Skalski Co.; 610 Penn ave.; Stanyon Engineering Co.; 1737 Pasture st., Tengwall File & Ledger Co.; 1335 Forbes st., Albert Tracy Co., Vandalia Coal Co., Valve Mfg. Co., Vherie & Good, Detective Agency, Washington Carbon Co., Zeigler Co.; 403 House bldg.; 119 Twentyseventh st.; 1224 Sheffield st.; 309 Anderson st.; W. G. H., Cor. Seventh and Penn; 7 11, P. O.

THIRD AND FOURTH CLASS MAIL.

Frank H. Antrin, Miss Lida Brown, Margaret Healy, Mr. Henry, Mrs. I. J. McCadden, Miss Katie McGonigle, R. B. McKee

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF STATE BANKS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 28, 1905.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.

of No. 311 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand	$ 74,078 83
Checks and other cash items	639 86
Due from banks and bankers	502,416 42
Notes and other paper owned	1,634,719 76
Call loans upon collateral	2,425,459 20
Time loans upon collateral	275,413 00
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	165,099 70
Investment securities owned, viz:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $ 524,451 08	
Mortgages 1,500,861 31	
	2,025,312 39
Furniture and fixtures	39,004 80
Overdrafts	1,056 41
Miscellaneous assets	24,895 97
Total	$7,447,956 48

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$2,000,000 00
Surplus fund	1,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	688,696 55
Deposits subject to check $1,661,877 67	
Deposits, special 822,134 81	
Due to commonwealth 39,000 00	
Due to banks and bankers 844,822 19	
Dividends unpaid 235 00	
Certified checks 4,246 00	
Treasurer's checks 11,555 23	
	3,364,859 80
Total	$7,447,956 48
Amount of trust funds invested	23,583 48
Amount of trust funds uninvested	11,457 36

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, H. P. Speer, assistant treasurer of the above-named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. P. SPEER, Asst. Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1905. H. T. MORRIS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
ROBERT PITCAIRN,
JOSEPH WOOD,
W. H. KDECH,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

GERMAN SAVINGS AND DEPOSIT BANK

of Pittsburgh, Pa., No. 1401 Carson street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business, November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $ 105,214 56	
Checks and other cash items 13,222 65	
Due from banks and bankers 341,430 89	
	$ 459,868 50
Loans and discounts 2,230,419 87	
Investment securities owned, viz:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $ 584,678 47	
Mortgages 717,241 87	
	1,301,920 34
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	107,574 13
Overdrafts	302 78
Total	$4,080,288 67

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in $	100,000 00
Surplus fund	200,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	47,645 17
	347,645 17
Deposits subject to check	563,488 63
Deposits, special	2,831,162 10
Certified checks	437 05
	3,401,087 78
Cashier's checks outstanding	9,478 64
Due to banks and bankers	22,217 68
Total	$4,080,388 67

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, J. W. Ernst, cashier of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. F. ERNST, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of December, 1905.

G. J. BLEICHNER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
ANDREW POPP,
JOHN SIEBERT,
J. E. ROTH,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

GERMANIA SAVINGS BANK

of Pittsburgh, No. 428 Wood street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business, November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $ 29,980 13	
Checks and other cash items 5,362 75	
Due from banks and bankers 896,026 63	
	$ 931,369 51
Loans and discounts	4,007,941 88
Investment securities, owned viz.:	
Bonds $ 314,800 00	
Mortgages 1,827,405 00	
	2,142,205 00
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	375,281 12
Overdrafts	62 88
Miscellaneous assets	27 00
Total	$7,456,836 83

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in $	150,000 00
Surplus fund	150,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	323,141 85
Deposits, subject to check $ 661,250 50	
Deposits, special 6,489,125 78	
Time certificates of deposits 96,953 14	
Certified checks 282 50	
Treasurer's checks outstanding 8,023 58	
	7,234,585 08
Total	$7,656,826 93

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, A. E. Niemann, treasurer of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. E. NIEMANN, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1905.

H. E. SEIBERT, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
PETER KEIL,
E. H. JENNINGS,
F. A. GRIFFIN,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FRANKLIN SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.

of Pittsburgh, Pa., November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand	$ 18,342 87
Checks and other cash items	7 29
Due from other banks and bankers	49,133 08
Commercial and other paper purchased	215,921 80
Call loans upon collateral	99,395 00
Time loans upon collateral	7,500 00
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	20,400 00
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	38,294 94
Overdrafts	350 85
Total	$460,099 83

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$182,405 00
Surplus fund	80,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	2,782 80
Deposits subject to check $177,577 88	
Deposits, special 37,314 58	
	214,892 46
Dividends unpaid	199 47
Treasurer's and certified checks outstanding	1,360 04
Total	$460,099 83

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, J. M. Stoner, Jr., treasurer of the above-named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. M. STONER, JR.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1905.

THOMAS M'CAFFREY, Notary Public.

THOMAS WARD,
JOHN M'LAREN,
J. W. MILLS,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

SOUTH SIDE TRUST CO.

of Pittsburgh, No. 1210 Carson street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand	$ 43,516 59
Checks and other cash items	39 77
Due from banks and bankers	66,685 28
Commercial and other paper owned	245,877 05
Call loans upon collateral	236,960 00
Time loans upon collateral	74,570 00
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	51,200 00
Investment securities owned viz:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $ 61,697 03	
Mortgages 112,894 21	
	174,591 24
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	6,000 00
Overdrafts	93 83
Miscellaneous assets	1,360 38
Total	$ 906,376 06

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 100,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	35,749 30
Deposits subject to check $297,402 38	
Deposits, special 246,492 80	
Due to banks and bankers 15,595 54	
	559,490 72
Dividends unpaid	96 00
Treasurer's checks	3,024 75
Interest collected but not earned	6,286 40
Total	$ 906,376 06
Amount of trust funds invested	$ 348,500 96
Amount of trust funds uninvested	6,384 81
	$ 354,885 19

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, George Risch, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEO. RISCH, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of December, 1905.

I. M. FICKEISEN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
J. B. LAUGHLIN,
WM. H. SCHMERTZ,
JOSEPH F. GUFFEY,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

SAFE DEPOSIT AND TRUST COMPANY

of Pittsburgh, Fourth avenue and Wood street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $	405 39
Checks and other cash items	8,886 29
Due from banks and bankers	110,397 78
Investment securities owned, viz.:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $3,021,092 32	
Mortgages 2,014,853 68	
	10,045,946 00
Real estate	424,797 41
Accrued interest on investments	99,928 44
Miscellaneous assets	2,739 83
Total	$10,898,720 74

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in $	5,000,000 00
Surplus fund	7,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	154,798 74
Dividends unpaid	492 00
Reserve for taxes	43,399 00
Total	$10,698,790 74
Amount of trust funds invested	$14,598,845 68
Amount of trust funds uninvested	404,282 96
Total	$14,803,128 64

State of Pennsylvania, County of Allegheny, ss:

I, James K. Duff, treasurer of the above-named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAMES K. DUFF, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1905.

D. B. OAKS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
THOMAS WIGHTMAN,
THOMAS PATTERSON,
ROBERT WARDROP,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Bonds, securities, etc.	$ 2,194,202 00
Loans and discounts	7,465,198 70
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,341 63
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	1,000,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. deposits	500,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	200,621 74
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	406,881 81
Due from state banks and bankers	41,088 77
Due from approved reserve agents	937,239 19
Checks and other cash items	3,012 76
Exchanges for clearing house	48,660 43
Notes of other national banks	308,058 39
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	50,000 00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:	1,485 49
Specie 647,035 00	
Legal tender notes 270,000 00	
	1,204,516 51
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	50,000 00
Total	$13,890,011 17

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in $	1,000,000 00
Surplus fund	1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	578,491 32
National bank notes outstanding	1,000,000 00
Due to other national banks $1,641,414 51	
Due to state banks and bankers 681,490 27	
Due to trust companies and savings banks 3,120,940 71	
Dividends unpaid 405 00	
Individual deposits subject to check 4,707,727 75	
Demand certificates of deposit 26,876 00	
Certified checks 16,568 67	
Cashier's checks outstanding 20,946 62	
United States deposits 200,000 00	
United States bond account 875,000 00	
	10,311,519 84
Total	$13,890,011 17

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Hervey Schumacher, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. HERVEY SCHUMACHER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1905.

ROBT. C. MOORE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
EDWARD E. DUFF,
D. E. PARK,
H. S. A. STEWART,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

of Pittsburgh, Fourth avenue and Wood street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand	$ 5,796 89
Checks and other cash items	7,119 39
Due from banks and bankers	740,151 92
Collateral loans	4,365,856 04
Investment securities owned, viz.:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $3,638,317 85	
Mortgages 3,294,647 27	
	7,933,965 12
Real estate	7,840 05
Overdrafts	37 68
Accrued interest on loans and investments	180,187 32
Total	$12,432,917 88

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 1,000,000 00
Surplus fund	1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	266,823 89
Deposits, subject to check $ 894,209 27	
Deposits, special 9,002,655 80	
Time certificates of deposits 247,567 62	
Treasurer's checks outstanding 3,488 67	
	10,147,961 36
Reserve for state tax	6,000 00
Accrued interest on time deposits	62,142 83
Total	$12,432,917 88

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, James K. Duff, treasurer of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAMES K. DUFF, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1905.

ROBERT C. MOORE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
D. M'K. LLOYD,
J. D. LYON,
HENRY R. REA,
Trustees.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PENNSYLVANIA SAVINGS BANK

of Pittsburgh, Penn avenue and Butler street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business, November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $	2,161 52
Due from banks and bankers	37,078 88
Loans and discounts	77,615 56
Investment securities owned, viz.:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $136,148 50	
Mortgages 206,050 00	
	342,198 50
Total	$448,054 26

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	25,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	11,506 74
Deposits, special	311,247 52
Total	$448,054 26

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, George N. Morgan, cashier of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEO. N. MORGAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of December, 1905.

THOMAS M'CAFFREY, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
A. S. M. MORGAN,
CHAS. A. AHLBORN,
ADOLPH L. LEWIN,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNION SAVINGS BANK

of Pittsburgh, Fifth avenue and Grant street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand	$ 112,566 00
Checks and other cash items	1,065 00
Due from banks and bankers	614,958 46
Loans and discounts	2,156,304 61
Investment securities owned, viz.:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $2,938,750 00	
Mortgages 211,000 00	
	3,149,750 00
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	10,482 21
Overdrafts	32 74
Miscellaneous assets	88,500 97
Total	$8,073,384 25

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	206,904 08
Deposits subject to check $ 977,165 83	
Deposits, special 5,713,959 99	
Time certificates of deposit 173,172 32	
Cashier's checks outstanding 384 50	
	4,864,690 17
Total	$6,073,384 25

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, E. V. Hays, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. E. V. HAYS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of December, 1905.

I. M. FICKEISEN Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
A. W. MELLON,
JAMES H. LOCKHART,
H. C. M'ELDOWNEY,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

EQUITABLE TRUST CO.

of Pittsburgh, No. 509 Smithfield street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business, November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $	29,367 56
Checks and other cash items	150 91
Due from banks and bankers	280,312 89
Commercial and other paper purchased	127,036 25
Call loans upon collateral	746,904 74
Time loans upon collateral	11,937 53
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	51,425 00
Investment securities owned, viz.:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $874,815 42	
Mortgages 180,960 00	
	1,055,775 42
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	19,534 79
Miscellaneous assets	25,496 95
Total	$2,554,459 58

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in $	750,000 00
Surplus fund	250,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	68,675 68
Deposits subject to check $1,014,292 56	
Deposits, special 151,025 88	
	1,165,488 44
Due to commonwealth	50,000 00
Due to banks and bankers	25,867 57
Dividends unpaid	61 00
Treasurer's and certified checks outstanding	34,415 59
Total	$2,324,480 58
Amount of trust funds invested	$ 732,098 28
Amount of trust funds uninvested	32,514 02

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Charles A. Lawrence, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHAS. A. LAWRENCE, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of December, 1905.

H. D. STOUGHTON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
GEO. I. WHITNEY,
JAMES EVANS,
J. B. EISAMAN,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIDELITY TITLE AND TRUST CO.

of Pittsburgh, No. 341 and 343 Fourth avenue, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $	196,311 84
Checks and other cash items	3,012 76
Due from banks and bankers	1,058,574 58
	$ 1,197,899 98
Call loans upon collateral	6,596,746 86
Time loans upon collateral	1,117,795 00
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	151,338 00
Investment securities owned, viz:	
Stocks and bonds $4,058,068 51	
Mortgages 1,151,937 44	
	5,210,005 95
Real estate	458,795 98
Miscellaneous assets	107,972 42
Total	$14,850,281 19

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$2,500,000 00
Surplus fund	3,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1,678,282 32
Deposits subject to check $7,195,440 68	
Deposits, special 706,783 43	
	7,902,174 11
Due to banks and bankers	200,000 00
Dividends unpaid	4,266 00
Treasurer's and certified checks outstanding	62,698 55
Total	$14,850,281 19
Amount of trust funds invested	$8,046,581 15
Amount of trust funds uninvested	742,655 24
Total	$38,789,236 39

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, C. E. Willock, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. C. E. WILLOCK, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1905. W. B. BATES, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
REUBEN MILLER,
JNO. B. JACKSON,
J. R. M'GINLEY,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

IRON CITY TRUST CO.

of Pittsburgh, No. 200 Ninth street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $	48,164 52
Checks and other cash items	72,667 60
Due from banks and bankers	208,804 62
Commercial and other paper owned	988,979 48
Call loans upon collateral	1,714,642 37
Time loans upon collateral	497,796 17
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	52,299 70
Investment securities owned, viz.:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $324,786 83	
Mortgages 997,469 82	
	1,322,245 65
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	40,525 55
Miscellaneous assets	24,060 49
Total	$4,869,231 63

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$2,000,000 00
Surplus fund	625,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	208,468 46
Deposits subject to check $1,618,738 07	
Deposits, special 236,868 00	
Due to commonwealth 45,000 00	
Due to banks and bankers 21 45	
	1,900,778 52
Dividends unpaid	62 50
Treasurers and certified checks outstanding	14,885 89
Bills payable	200,000 00
Miscellaneous liabilities	19,903 26
Total	$4,869,221 63
Amount of trust funds invested	$ 814,300 00
Amount of trust funds uninvested	2,007 20
Total	$816,307 20

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Edward Hoopes, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

EDWARD HOOPES, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn before me this first day of December, 1905.

GEO. J. TAYLOR, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
WM. L. ABBOTT,
GEO. E. M'CAGUE,
EDWD A. WOODS,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

HOME TRUST CO.

of Pittsburgh, Pa., No. 541-3 Wood street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $	69,176 11
Checks and other cash items	419 84
Due from banks and bankers	336,008 64
Commercial and other paper purchased	1,262,150 84
Call loans upon collateral	434,745 94
Time loans upon collateral	124,652 07
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	60,684 28
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	182,220 82
Overdrafts	422 66
Interest accrued	6,503 79
Total	$2,468,462 88

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in $	500,000 00
Surplus fund	125,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	21,184 25
Deposits subject to check $1,140,377 78	
Deposits, special 202,716 31	
Due to banks and bankers 343,173 84	
	1,686,268 93
Rediscounts	125,000 00
Total	$2,456,462 28

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, R. J. Davidson, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. R. J. DAVIDSON, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of December, 1905. ALICE A. TRILL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
WM. L. HURD,
R. W. ALLISON,
H. B. BEATTY,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

WASHINGTON TRUST CO

of Pittsburgh, No. 931 Fifth avenue, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $	890 44
Due from banks and bankers	7,729 28
Call loans upon collateral	112,080 00
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	74,000 00
Investment securities owned, viz:	
Mortgages	15,000 00
Total	$209,899 67

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in $	125,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	39,599 59
Deposits, special	44,771 08
Total	$209,899 67
Amount of trust funds uninvested	42 60

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Robert M. Crow, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ROBERT M. CROW, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn before me this 30th day of November, 1905. J. F. M'KENNA, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
CHAS. L. YOUNG,
EDWARD KELLY, JR.,
M. J. EHRENFELD,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNION TRUST CO. OF PITTSBURGH

No. 537 Fourth avenue, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business, November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $	205,550 15
Checks and other cash items	20,393 92
Due from banks and bankers	5,443,418 99
Commercial and other paper owned	3,134,765 15
Call loans upon collateral	6,186,115 78
Time loans upon collateral	3,267,574 63
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	373,760 00
Investment securities owned, viz.:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $23,738,906 60	
Mortgages 1,102,921 56	
	27,843,918 16
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	972,928 29
Overdrafts	21 50
Miscellaneous assets	201,667 18
Total	$49,827,369 24

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in $	1,500,000 00
Surplus fund	20,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	688,896 82
Deposits subject to check $4,959,777 69	
Due to commonwealth 25,000 00	
Due to banks and bankers 2,692,750 30	
Dividends unpaid 195 00	
	22,677,723 99
Total	$48,897,369 24
Amount of trust funds invested	$22,271,888 80
Amount of trust funds uninvested	172,573 28
Total	$22,294,481 78

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, H. W. Gleffer, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. W. GLEFFER, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1905.

GEO. D. TINDLE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
A. W. MELLON,
WM. G. PARK,
H. C. M'ELDOWNEY,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COMMONWEALTH TRUST CO.

of Pittsburgh, No. 327-329 Fourth avenue, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $	52,710 01
Checks and other cash items	5 09
Due from banks and bankers	353,022 58
Commercial and other paper owned	105,851 04
Call loans upon collateral	1,329,574 27
Time loans upon collateral	376,487 27
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	105,975 24
Investment securities owned, viz:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $1,290,743 14	
Mortgages 498,493 16	
	1,789,144 30
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	360,000 00
Miscellaneous assets	16,875 65
Total	$5,100,646 45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in $	1,500,000 00
Surplus fund	1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	230,201 53
Deposits subject to check $1,623,918 26	
Deposits, special 521,162 74	
Due to commonwealth 100,000 00	
Due to banks and bankers 106,321 85	
Dividends unpaid 44 00	
Treasurer's checks outstanding 1,501 57	
	2,352,035 22
Miscellaneous liabilities	317,499 64
Total	$5,100,646 45
Amount of trust funds invested	$ 836,312 00
Amount of trust funds uninvested	40,622 83

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Geo. D. Edwards, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. D. EDWARDS, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1905.

DAVID H. THOMAS, Notary Public.

(My commission expires Feb. 11, 1907.)

Correct—Attest:
W. A. WAY,
W. A. TAYLOR,
JAS. F. KEENAN,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

OHIO VALLEY BANK

of Allegheny, Nos. 638 and 640 Preble avenue, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand	$ 13,704 58
Checks and other cash items	658 80
Due from banks and bankers	39,276 45
Loans and discounts	405,691 64
Stocks, bonds, etc.	2,925 00
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	29,984 91
Overdrafts	254 77
Total	$493,496 48

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	20,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	7,763 53
Deposits, subject to check $191,610 64	
Deposits, special 129,051 81	
Certified checks 6 70	
	320,988 15
Cashier's checks outstanding	69 00
Total	$493,496 48

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, F. E. Reynolds, cashier of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. B. REYNOLDS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of December, 1905.

F. A. M. CARLINE, JR., Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
JAS. P. WALL,
WM. HARTMAN,
ELMER W. MOORE,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

ALLEGHENY TRUST CO.

of Allegheny, No. 413 Federal street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand	$ 62,042 20
Checks and other cash items	18,052 64
Due from banks and bankers	120,213 08
Commercial and other paper owned	792,404 42
Call loans upon collateral	843,354 09
Time loans upon collateral	110,878 01
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	29,630 00
Investment securities owned, viz:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $893,415 54	
Mortgages 331,242 15	
	1,224,657 69
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	72,166 66
Overdrafts	492 55
Total	$3,271,702 20

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 700,000 00
Surplus fund	150,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	68,130 14
Deposits subject to check $ 932,056 98	
Deposits, special 1,428,183 23	
	2,361,240 21
Dividends unpaid	144 00
Miscellaneous liabilities, treasurer's checks	2,187 85
Total	$3,271,702 20
Amount of trust funds invested	$ 10,877 84
Amount of trust funds uninvested	1,726 61

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Charles Schneider, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHAS. SCHNEIDER, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of December, 1905. EDW. A. HESS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
W. B. RODGERS,
CHAS. W. DAHLINGER,
SAM'L M'KNIGHT,
Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

WESTERN SAVINGS AND DEPOSIT BANK

of Pittsburgh, No. 331 Smithfield street, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand	$ 3,690 56
Checks and other cash items	351 18
Due from banks and bankers	89,467 40
Loans and discounts	1,760,958 22
Investment securities owned, viz.:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $35,102 41	
Mortgages 77,969 80	
	113,072 41
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	2,125 00
Overdrafts	42 34
Total	$1,969,917 06

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 250,000 00
Surplus fund	250,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	37,818 22
Deposits, subject to check $415,863 89	
Deposits, special 517,186 78	
Time certificates of deposit 9,855 00	
Cashier's checks outstanding 600 00	
Due to commonwealth 25,000 00	
	1,028,490 67
Dividends unpaid	1 25
Total	$1,565,917 06

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Charles E. Schuetz, cashier of the above-named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHARLES E. SCHUETZ, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1905.

JOHN M. PRESCOTT, JR., Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
PETER HERMES,
LOUIS BEINHAUER,
FRED. PICHTEL,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COLONIAL TRUST CO.

of Pittsburgh, No. 317 Fourth ave., of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business November 28, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand $	212,864 11
Checks and other cash items	12,424 84
Due from banks and bankers	1,994,850 62
Commercial and other paper purchased	3,077,513 59
Call loans upon collateral	5,704,192 26
Time loans upon collateral	735,068 16
Loans upon bonds and mortgages	65,892 29
Investment securities owned, viz:	
Stocks, bonds, etc. $7,383,747 97	
Mortgages 282,185 68	
	7,665,933 65
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	1,989,901 42
Overdrafts	1,582 47
Miscellaneous assets	128,050 65
Total	$30,088,362 79

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in $	4,000,000 00
Surplus fund	5,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	218,506 08
Deposits, subject to check $4,425,498 71	
Deposits, special 4,356,067 88	
Due to banks and bankers 1,740,667 52	
	10,480,234 11
Dividends unpaid	856 00
Treasurer's and certified checks outstanding	68,794 60
Total	$30,658,392 79
Amount of trust funds invested	1,759,125 70
Amount of trust funds uninvested	128,296 08

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Homer C. Stewart, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

HOMER C. STEWART, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of December,

TOO MUCH STRESS PLACED ON RETURN OF CURRENCY

The Enthusiasm Engendered by the Flow of Money to New York Vanished Because of Adverse Sub-Treasury Reports.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Developments of the week in the money market indicated that rather too much stress had been placed upon the return flow of currency reported in the bank statement of November 25. The enthusiasm engendered by the creation at that time of a comfortable surplus reserve of $9,157,100 oozed away slowly as each successive day's sub-treasury report showed cash losses to the government and the rates of domestic exchange shifted again against New York. Enthusiasm in this feature vanished entirely with the advance of call rates to 15 per cent and the recovery of short time money to 6 per cent firm.

There were, to be sure, a number of special circumstances which conspired together in making the unfavorable bank statement of Saturday. The gold shipments to Mexico, the Thanksgiving holiday and the end of the month requirements all working adversely. The suspension of business on Thursday, the last day of November, created an unusually heavy demand for funds on Wednesday, some of which were undoubtedly arranged to carry over until today and this demand was further accentuated on Friday by other arrangements to carry over until Monday, falling coincidentally with the usual shifting of accounts attendant upon the first day of the month.

Unquestionably there were cross movements in the money market during the week, and though a heavy cash loss of $4,582,600 resulted, due to special causes, considerable funds flowed into the city. More, unquestionably more, will come in time, and no one will dispute the fact that they are needed, not necessarily to sustain or further stimulate a speculative movement in stocks, already advanced to high prices, but to safeguard the situation for the great commercial and industrial interests that depend upon the New York money market. If nothing else will bring funds back from the interior high rates will assuredly have that effect. If a rate of 15 per cent for call money loaned on Friday is not sufficient why, then, the 25 per cent rate of about three weeks ago, or a higher rate if necessary, will do the business. At present it looks very much as though high bids were necessary not only to attract, but to retain funds thus attracted from their employment in ordinary commercial channels throughout the country.

The security market of the week showed irregularity, with standard issues for the most part heavy, and some issues which do not wholly commend themselves to conservatives mounting up to new high levels, accompanied by excited and indiscriminating speculation. If there was nothing else to impel caution and probably some quiet liquidation a reason for it, excited in the speculative movements in some of the specialties, but there were other reasons, as every one well knows.

Russia in the throes unmistakably now of a revolution which influenced depression on every European house and exchange, further shocking revelations in the life insurance investigation, the reappearance of tension in the money market, developments which make clear that further heavy capital demands are impending; conjecture as to the possibility of extreme trouble among one important financial group and sinister rumors, fortunately unfounded, of friction or difficulty arising out of the Erie-C., H. & D. incident.

A better complexion was given to these last two features before the week's end, but the Russian difficulties, with their unpleasant possibilities; the weakened financial situation and the scandalous life insurance matters remain and to these this week is added the assembling of congress and the President's message. In view of this conservatism seems to be highly desirable.

ALL GRADES OF SUGAR MAKE GOOD ADVANCES

After a Decline for Several Weeks a Substantial Increase Is Made in the Price.

The only feature of the market on Saturday was the advance in the price of all sugars. After a decline for some time the price has risen to about the same point it was a month ago. This was the only change that occurred in the grocery line during the day.

The markets were the dullest on Saturday that they have been for several weeks. The heavy trading done during the fore part of the week and the unfavorable weather of Saturday had a depressing effect on all lines.

There was no change noticeable in the prices for the provision market for the day. Apples continue in fair supply, and the quality is just medium. Potatoes have made no change for several weeks, and the supply is getting slightly better than it was some time ago.

The weekly provision bulletin shows no changes in prices for this week over last.

HAY AND GRAIN.

Receipts Saturday: Pennsylvania, 16 cars hay, 4 cars oats, 1 car straw; Baltimore & Ohio, 4 cars hay, 1 car oats, 2 cars corn; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 3 cars hay, 2 cars oats, 1 car straw, 2 cars corn.

The week closed with a good demand for oats and arrivals are not equal to requirements. The same may be said of hay, there being no trouble at all to dispose of good grades at top prices. Straw is beginning to come in more freely, but the demand is equal to the supply. Millfeed continues active, the time of year being here that more of it is being fed. Corn continues dull and arrivals are plenty. It will be noticed that new corn is being quoted entirely, and, as has been noted before in this column, the price is governed a good deal by the condition of the corn. Damp, soggy corn is not wanted unless at a discount.

No. 1 timothy	$13.25@13.50
No. 2	$12.00@12.50
No. 1 clover	$10.50@11.00
No. 2 clover	$8.75@10.25
No. 1 mixed	$10.00@10.50
No. 2 mixed	$10.00@10.50
Straw, oat	$8.00@8.50
do wheat	$5.00@5.50
do rye	$9.25@9.50
No. 2 white oats	36@36½c
No. 3 white oats	35½@35¾c
No. 4 oats	34@34½c
No. 1 white middlings	$20.00@20.50
No. 2 middlings	$18.00@19.50
do brown	$17.50@18.00
Bran, ton	$16.25@16.50
Wheat, No. 2 red, new, at mill	76@76c
Corn—Yellow shelled	63@63½c
New yellow shelled	45@50c
New high mixed	47@48c
New yellow ear	49@50c
No. 2 Michigan rye	74@75c

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.	
Prints	27@27½c
Tubs	26@26½c
Ohio cream	24@25c
Dairy	17½@18c
Cooking	17@18c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream, new	14@14½c
Ohio full cream	14@14½c
do ¾ cream	13@13½c
do Picnics	14½@15c
do Wis. Swiss, tubs	15@15½c
do block	14½@15c
do imported	27@27½c
do Limburger, new	12@13½c
do 5-lb brick, new	14@14½c
do Neufchatel, large box	80@$1.00
do Shefford, box	85c
Eggs, selected	27@28c
do strictly nearby fresh	30@33c
do southern	23@24c
do storage	22@23c

JOBBERS' YARD PRICES.

Potatoes, car lots, fancy, bu.	70@75c
Virginia sweets	$1.00@1.25
Cabbage, G. S., ton	$18.00@20.00
do domestic, ton	$14.00@16.00
Apples, Fancy, bbl	$2.50@4.50
Choice, bbl	$2.00@3.50
Grapes, 8-lb basket, Concords	20@22c
do Catawbas	12½@13c
Onions, bbl	$1.75@1.90
do bu	60@65c

DRIED FRUITS.

Raisins, 1-lb pkgs	8@9½c
Evap. peaches, 25-lb box, lb	10@12½c
Evap. apples, 1-lb pkgs	7½@9c
Apricots, 25-lb box, choice	10@11½c
do fancy	11@12c
Cleaned currants, 1-lb pkgs	7½@7½c
Prunes, Cal., lb	5@10c

NUTS.

Chestnuts, fancy, qt	10c
do choice	8@9c
Hickory nuts, bu	$1.75@2.00
Walnuts, lb	50@75c
Shellbarks	$2.00@2.25
English walnuts, lb	12@12c
Butternuts	$1.25@1.50
Hazel nuts, lb	11@12c
Almonds, lb	14@15c
Pecans, lb	11@12c

HIDES.

Heavy green salt steers, over 60 lbs	13c
Light steers No. 1	12½c
Cows, all weights	12½c
Bulls, No. 1, over 60 lbs	10c
Calf, green salt, No. 1	13c
do No. 2	11c

GROCERIES.

Flour.	
Fancy spg. patent in paper	$5.00@5.05
Kansas pat	$4.70@4.75
Minn. pat	$4.90@4.95
Fancy winter patent	$4.25@4.30
Rye	$3.90@3.95
Buckwheat	$3.50@3.60
Graham, 10-lb bags	$2.30@2.50
Cornmeal, bbls	$3.15@3.25
Rolled oats, bbl	$5.20
do kegs	$2.75
Roasted Coffee.	
Rio	12½@15c
Santos	22@24c
Maracaibo	15½@16c
Peaberry	18@18½c
Golden Rio	17c
Caracas	20@20½c
Standard, pkgs	11.40c
High grade	18@19c
Molasses, fancy, refined	25@35c
do choice	$1@34c
do open kett	24@25c
do 2-lb	30c
do 3-lb	$1.35@1.65
Fancy syrup	28@30c
Maple sugar, gal	$1.00
Sug. and cane	21@25c
2-lb cans, doz	80c
2½-lb cans, doz	95c
5-lb cans, doz	$1.70
10-lb cans, doz	$2.40
Maple, gal	75c@$1.00
Sugar, sta. gran	4.85c
do bags	4.75c
do 2-lb carton	4.90c
do 5-lb bags	4.90c
do pow'd xxxx	4.85c
do cut loaf	5.05c

PROVISIONS.

Hams.	
18 lbs. and up	10½c
Over 14 to 18 lbs	10¾c
Over 10 to 14 lbs	11c
10 lbs and under	11¼c
Skinned	10¾c
Boneless boiled	17c
California	7¾c
Shoulders, N. Y. cut	8¼c
do skinned	8¾c
Ribs, 8 to 10 lbs	12½c
do 10 to 12 lbs	12c
do back strips	11¾c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs	13c
do 10 to 12 lbs	12¾c
Breakfast bacon, back strips	11¾c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears	9c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	9¼c
do 18 to 20 lbs	9¾c
do under 16 lbs	9½c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears	10c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	10¼c
do 16 to 20 lbs	10¼c
do under 16 lbs	10½c
Lard, pure, tierces	7¾c

PRODUCE

Potatoes	80@85c
Sweet potatoes	
Va., bbls	$1.50@1.75
do Jersey fancy, bbl	$2.75@3.00
do med., bbl	$1.75@2.00
do fancy, hamper	$1.00@1.25
Onions, yellow Danvers, bbl	70@80c
do Spanish, crates	$1.50@1.60
do yellow Danvers, bbls	$2.00@2.25
Silver skins, bbls	$3.75@3.00
Cabbage, domestic, bbl	$1.00@1.25
do G. S.	$1.50@1.75
do red	$1.75@2.00
do Savoy, bbls	$1.00@1.25
Green peppers, bbl	$1.00@1.25
do bu	40@50c
Green beans, bu	$3.00@3.50
Wax beans, bu	$3.00@3.50
Celery, Ohio, large bunches	35@40c
do small bunches	20@25c
Suckling pigs	12½@15c
Lettuce, bskt	35@50c
do doz	45@60c
do head, bskt	75c@$1.00
do hampers	$1.25@1.50
Spinach, bskt	50@60c
Rutabagas, bbl	$1.25@1.50
Cranberries, box	$3.00@3.50
do bbls	$12.00@15.00
Eggplant, crt	$3.00@5.00
Garlic, lb	4c@5c
Watercress, doz	25@35c
Cauliflower, bbl	$4.00@4.50
Carrots, bbls	$1.75@2.00
Cucumbers, Boston, doz	$1.75@2.00
Turnips, bbl	$1.50@1.75
do bu	50@60c
Beets, bbls	$1.50@1.75
do doz	25@30c
Squash, marrow-fats, bbl	$1.75@2.00
Hubbard, bbl	$1.50@1.75
Popcorn, lb	4@5c
Mint, doz	50@55c
Parsley, doz	50@60c
Parsnips, bu	$1.75@2.00
Horseradish	$5.50@6.00
Herbs—	
Sage, doz	20@25c
Summer savory, doz	20@25c
Thyme, doz	20@25c
Sweet marjoram, doz	20@25c
Brussels sprouts	$4.50@5.00

FRUITS.

Apples, bbls, Kings	$5.00@6.50
Other fancy varieties	$4.00@4.50
do choice	$3.00@3.50
do California, box	$3.00@3.25
Lemons, Messinas, fancy	$4.50@5.00
do choice	$4.00@4.50
California	$4.00@4.50
Oranges—	
Jamaica	$2.50@2.75
Florida	$2.75@3.00
Cocoanuts, bags	$2.25@3.50
do doz	45@50c
Bananas, 1sts	$1.50@2.00
do 2nds	$1.00@1.50
Pineapples, smooth Cayennes	$4.50@5.00
Pears, bu	75@85c
do Kiefers, hamper	75@90c
do bbls	$2.50@3.00
Limes, per 100	$2.00@2.50
Dates, stuffed	18c
Figs, California, box	$1.60
Layer, lb	10@12c
Grapes, 5-lb basket, Concord	25@30c
Catawbas, 4-lb basket	25@30c
do Tokay, crates	$2.00@2.25
Malaga, bbl	$5.00@5.50
do fancy	$5.00@7.00
Grape fruit, Florida	$4.50@5.00
Jamaica	$4.00@4.50

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, stn. pie	$1.00
do pie, gal	$2.50@3.00
do California, L. C	$1.70@2.00
do California, Y. F	$1.90@2.25
Corn, fancy	$1.10@1.20
do stand	80@90c
Cherries, California, white	$2.50@2.75
Lima beans	$1.35@1.45
do soaked	75@80c
String beans, 2-lb	85@70c
do 3-lb	90@95c
Strawberries, beans	$1.10@1.80
Peas, marrowfat	80@90c
do early June	75@80c
do soaked	65@85c
Plums, California	$1.40@1.60
Apples, N. Y., gal. cans	$2.50@2.75
Pineapples	$1.35@2.50
Raspberries	85@95c
Gooseberries	85@90c
Tomatoes, fancy	$1.10@1.20
do standard	$1.05@1.10
do gal	$2.00
Succotash, 3-lb cans	$1.10@1.25
Baked beans, cans, tomato sauce	75@95c
Salmon, doz	85@$2.00
do red, 1-lb flats	95c@$1.00
do pink, 1-lb talls	$1.30@2.10
Chipped beef	$2.25@2.75
Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans	$2.30@2.40
do 1-lb cans	$1.25@1.30
Mackerel, broiled	$1.90@2.60
Sardines, domestic, ½s	$2.50@3.00
do mustard, ½s	$2.50
do French	$6.50@18.50

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live hens, heavy	11@12c
do light	8@10c
do springers	11@12c
do roosters	6@7c
do best turkeys	15@16c
do geese	10@11c
do ducks	12@13c
do pigeons, doz	90c@$1.00
Dressed hens	16@17c
do springers	16@17c
do roosters	11@12c
do turkeys	18@20c
do Long Island ducklings	20c
do ducks	17@18c
do capon	24@27c
Squab, doz	$2.75@4.00
do No. 2	$2.00@2.25
Ducks, ruddy	$1.25
do red head	$1.70@3.00
do canvas back	$2.75@3.00
Imit. golden plover, doz	$3.50
do black plover	$4.50
English pheasants, per pair	$3.25
Reed birds, doz	$1.25
Snappers, per lb	8@9c
Pigeons, pair	30@35c
Frogs, doz	$2.25@2.50
Rabbits, pair	25@30c
Squirrel, doz	$2.00@2.25

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu, small	$8.25@8.33
do mammoth	$5.35@5.45
do crimson	$5.30@5.60
do white	$8.00
Dutch	$2.75@11.50
Alsike	$8.00@8.10
Alfalfa	$8.00@8.25
Millet, Western	$1.35@1.50
Southern	$1.85@2.00
Grass, Hungarian	90c@$1.00
do lawn, lb	15@15c
do blue, 14-lb bu	$1.80@1.90
do red top, 14-lb bu	$1.10@1.60
Timothy	$1.55@1.65

LACK OF BUSINESS IN LONDON MARKETS

However, Things Were Not as Black as They Looked at First Sight.

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]
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LONDON, Dec. 3.—In the early part of this week it looked as if a perfect rot had set in in certain markets, but it was not so much weakened as an absolute lack of business, which was responsible for the very sick state of the stock exchange.

However, things got along somehow, and the market strength in consols on Wednesday helped to convince people that things were not quite so black inside as they looked outwardly. At the same time no one has any hope of a general revival in activity before the turn of the year. A certain amount of investment business is expected in the course of the penultimate account, but unless something altogether unforeseen occurs no attention is expected to be paid to the speculative sorts.

Dividend disbursements will be pretty heavy this month, despised Kaffirs alone being responsible for the distribution of upwards of $10,000,000, and the closing of books by merchants, manufacturers, etc., throughout the country should bring together a large amount of cash which at least will find an outlet on the stock exchange.

Trade advices from all over the kingdom tell the same glowing tale. One of the contributing causes of this hopefulness is the expectation that there will be no appreciable pressure for money this year, while next year much easier money conditions are expected to result from the world's enormous output of gold, and the probability that a much larger proportion of new gold supplies will be available for the international money markets than in recent years.

Undoubtedly the most noteworthy event of the week has been the recovery of the price of consols to over 80; a week ago the price was 89½; a fortnight ago it was 88 9-16. The improvement, it should be noted, has occurred notwithstanding the semi-official announcement of the intention of the present government to retire from office.

British railway stocks have been strong this week, the traffic returns continuing to be very favorable, indicating that trade in the country is improving still further and that the railway dividend is likely to be increased. Great Northern stocks have been specially in favor.

American railway securities have been steady, with one or two instances of substantial recoveries in some quarters.

In some quarters part, at least, of the recent rise in copper shares is attributed to a persistent rumor that the Anglo-American Telegraph Company contemplated laying another Atlantic cable to meet the competition of the newest cable laid by the Commercial Cable Cable, the argument being that when the German cable was laid the consumption of copper involved was sufficient to make quite an impression on the meager stocks, and consequently on the price of the metal. It remains to be seen what truth there is in this belief, now that the Anglo-American Company denies there is any truth in the story.

NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT

Statement of the associated banks of the city of New York, from reports to the New York clearing house, as required under section 16 of the constitution, for the week ended Saturday, December 2:

BANKS.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.	Average Circulation.
Bank of New York, Nat. Bkg. Assn.	$ 16,783,000	$ 2,674,000	$ 1,506,000	$ 15,212,000	$ 1,150,000
Manhattan Company	29,020,000	3,911,000	2,234,000	28,583,000	.....
Merchants National	11,719,200	2,269,900	1,328,000	14,316,100	.....
Mechanics National	19,131,000	3,208,000	1,732,000	18,824,000	519,600
Bank of America	21,304,000	3,286,000	2,174,400	22,824,300	.....
Phoenix National	5,618,000	856,000	325,000	4,861,000	997,900
National City	161,246,500	28,284,400	8,261,300	150,153,300	8,576,900
Chemical National	22,589,500	4,441,100	1,772,300	22,285,200	.....
Merchants Exchange National	5,414,000	786,700	600,600	5,658,500	272,700
Gallatin National	8,573,700	1,058,300	594,700	6,195,500	536,500
National Butchers and Drovers	2,227,000	658,500	78,500	2,948,800	47,300
Merchants and Traders	9,275,000	565,000	645,000	6,467,000	.....
Greenwich Bank	4,247,800	642,500	499,300	4,662,600	.....
American Exchange National	29,779,900	4,679,000	1,887,100	25,118,600	4,965,300
National Bank of Commerce	136,489,900	19,388,300	9,946,100	119,066,400	12,756,200
Mercantile National	21,391,100	3,140,500	1,520,300	17,520,900	2,478,900
Pacific	3,293,500	737,600	486,800	3,789,200	.....
Chatham National	5,832,000	859,300	834,100	6,752,000	43,300
Peoples	2,070,200	439,900	361,500	2,746,800	.....
National Bank of North America	14,981,100	1,479,900	1,409,400	12,147,000	1,172,400
Hanover National	48,411,500	8,427,400	5,747,900	56,119,700	1,620,000
Irving National Bank	7,042,400	1,318,400	261,100	6,457,000	247,800
Citizens Central National Bank	12,282,600	3,479,400	1,052,900	18,864,900	1,552,200
Nassau Bank	2,252,600	254,600	400,000	3,334,200	.....
Market and Fulton National	7,295,700	1,125,700	788,100	7,605,600	39,300
National Shoe and Leather	6,586,000	1,262,500	335,300	8,417,800	198,100
Corn Exchange Bank	20,474,700	5,540,900	4,284,000	37,526,000	.....
Oriental	2,245,000	1,342,700	345,500	3,325,000	.....
Importers and Traders National	23,078,000	3,944,000	1,349,000	20,353,000	49,600
National Park Bank	64,766,000	16,608,000	2,684,000	73,958,000	2,575,200
East River National Bank	1,260,100	236,000	167,800	1,548,900	48,800
Fourth National Bank	18,007,600	3,468,500	2,169,600	20,225,700	50,000
Second National Bank	9,921,000	630,000	1,956,000	10,795,000	599,000
First National Bank	91,046,400	17,422,000	2,144,100	78,028,000	2,165,500
New York National Exchange	8,352,800	1,720,700	424,800	7,956,200	634,500
Bowery Bank	3,320,600	454,100	251,000	3,681,000	.....
New York County National	4,613,200	561,100	475,000	5,124,000	50,000
German-American	3,969,100	708,600	296,900	3,938,400	.....
Chase National	43,948,800	10,569,800	1,572,800	49,156,700	927,900
Fifth Avenue Bank	8,459,000	2,201,800	495,800	10,412,100	.....
German Exchange Bank	3,177,400	135,000	717,000	4,297,100	.....
Germania Bank	3,052,900	484,200	656,100	5,298,000	.....
Lincoln National Bank	11,687,800	674,900	2,284,300	12,154,300	298,100
Garfield National Bank	7,857,700	1,572,500	316,900	7,511,400	45,500
Fifth National Bank	3,552,500	494,100	124,800	3,508,200	246,100
Bank of Metropolis	9,149,100	1,924,500	243,600	10,305,300	.....
West Side	4,056,000	585,000	246,000	4,277,600	.....
Seaboard National	15,507,900	2,844,000	1,450,000	17,761,000	325,000
First National Bank, Brooklyn	4,397,000	513,000	579,000	4,291,000	75,000
Liberty National	10,161,100	1,411,900	450,000	8,082,600	984,800
New York Produce Exchange	5,574,800	1,085,700	465,800	6,276,800	.....
New Amsterdam National	5,628,400	595,400	742,200	6,566,300	250,000
Astor National Bank	4,793,000	967,000	167,000	4,737,000	350,000

BELIEVE THEY HAVE PART OF GANG OF SAFE-BLOWERS

Three Men Arrested Here Thought to Have Robbed Office at West Salisbury Junction.

When Magistrate Negley on Saturday morning committed three prisoners to jail for a period of five days each he did not suspect he was sending up three of an alleged gang of safe blowers, but it developed yesterday afternoon that such had been the case. On Friday Officers Joseph Jackson and Peter McGinty of No. 10 station house arrested C. A. Cook of California, Pa.; Fred Thompson of Kansas City, Mo., and Fred Fitzgerald of Elgin, Ill., in Glenwood, as suspicious persons. They were sent to No. 4 station house, where it was noticed that Fitzgerald had his right hand cut off at the wrist. Inspector James McAvoy gave a description of the men to Capt. Thomas Delehanty of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad police and this description was sent to the railroad police force along the line.

On the night of November 20 last the office of the Boylton Lumber Company at West Salisbury Junction, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, was entered by five men. They blew open the safe with nitro-glycerin and after securing the contents made their escape. Some people saw the five men and a good description of them was secured by the railroad detectives. Capt. Delehanty and officers from West Salisbury saw the three prisoners at the jail yesterday and believe they are part of the gang of safe blowers. The prisoners will be taken to West Salisbury tomorrow.

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GIVES REASON FOR CHANGE OF FAITH

Former Congregational Pastor Tells Why He Believes in the Unitarian Creed.

DEFENSE OF HIS NEW BELIEF

"From Trinitarian to Unitarian" was the subject of an address delivered by the Rev. Thomas Clayton in Carnegie Music hall, Allegheny, Mr. Clayton was formerly pastor of the First Congregational church of Pittsburgh. Recently he left that church and became a Unitarian, and in his address last evening he gave the reasons for his change of faith. In part he said:

"It is a solemn moment when a man stands up in a city where he has preached under other auspices and another name, and begins to advocate a system held by few and regarded as rank heresy by the many. A wise man will not seek notoriety in this way, because it is likely to mean criticism if not actual hostility. It is a great event in any life when the convictions and opinions carefully indicated in childhood crumble away like a worm-out foundation and leave the soul with fewer landmarks in many instances it means darkness and gloomy discouragement for a while. When at last the truth is clearly seen we feel rewarded for all the agony and suspense through which we have been compelled to pass.

"Then to the clergyman comes the question as to what use he ought to make of the light that has come to him. The first inclination is to keep silent lest it hurt his influence or the faith of others, who still hold fast to the old dogmas. What right has he to say anything that will cause the shadow of doubt to rise in other minds? What need to alienate friends and colleagues and invite ostracism from other churches? Moved by these considerations, many are now silent who, if they were to speak out, would cause a world of surprise.

"It cannot be necessary for me to assure you that only a deep sense of duty brings me here to speak my message tonight.

"As Unitarians we have no purpose or desire to antagonize any other body of Christian workers, but as citizens of a free country, and in an age of free utterance, we claim the right to advocate what we firmly believe to be the truths of the Christian gospel.

"For myself, I wish it to be understood that I have left the Unitarians because they stand for a great principle, and because my religious views are essentially the same as theirs. The principle I refer to is that of perfect intellectual freedom, or the God-given right to think out our religious problems the same as any others. People should not be condemned nor ostracised because they cannot or will not accept doctrines that are repugnant to their intelligence and sense of what is right and true. It is absolutely impossible to get all people to believe the same things. No particular body of believers, however wise, have embraced all the truth and no errors. The Unitarians are therefore wise in placing the emphasis upon character and ignoring creed to a certain extent.

"Furthermore, I heartily indorse their simple declaration of principles—the fatherhood of God, the brotherhood of man, the leadership and divinity of Jesus, and the progress of mankind onward and upward forever.

"So simple and self-evident are these truths that no one who professes to believe in religion can rightly object to them. On the other hand, we believe that many who have discarded the old creeds and no longer feel at home in the 'orthodox' churches, can unite in an organization founded upon these principles and rejoice together in the fulness of Christian freedom. To all such we say: 'If you are in sympathy with us in these statements, for the rest you may believe what seems to you to be right, and yet belong to our fellowship without embarrassment.' On this basis alone I have become a Unitarian.

"Our people are often unjustly condemned and greatly misunderstood by many people in other churches who have had neither the desire nor a convenient opportunity to learn what the Unitarian position really is. To such we would say: 'Inform yourselves fully and correctly before you judge.'

"Unitarians are not the enemies, but the devoted friends and brethren of Jesus of Nazareth. They believe in His divine leadership, but not in His deity. That the gospels declare Jesus ascribed deity to God the Father alone. They believe He saves men not by His death, but by His life. Yet here everyone must speak for himself, as we are more concerned in the lives than in the beliefs of our people. Of one thing I am sure, every Unitarian I have met believes it to be his duty to walk in the footsteps of Jesus. Our people compare favorably with other churches in the splendid work and zeal for the establishing of God's kingdom on the earth. In the usual declaration of our churches: 'In the love of the truth and the spirit of Jesus, we unite for the worship of God and the service of man.'"

NOTABLE GRAND OPERA SEASON OPENS TONIGHT

Chance for Society and Music-Lovers to Revel in Their Respective Lines This Week.

A notable season of grand opera, affording society occasion to display its finest apparel, giving musical devotees opportunity to study an imposing repertory of classic works and the music-loving masses a chance to revel in the glorious melodies of the French, German and Italian masterpieces, is that which opens tonight at the Nixon theater, when Henry W. Savage's celebrated organization returns to Pittsburgh. This company is now in its tenth successful season, and in that time Mr. Savage has produced 45 operas in English, giving nearly 5,000 performances, and now presents a corps of English-speaking singers that have mastered so well the art of interpreting classic and opera roles, that the performances challenge comparison with the best work of foreign-voiced artists.

The Pittsburgh engagement will be notable for the reason that Verdi's "Aida" and Wagner's "The Valkyrie" are both to be sung here in English for the first time. The latter stupendous work marks another stepping stone in Manager Savage's career as a producer of operas. This is the first production in English of any of the German master's Nibelungen Ring dramas, and the promise is made that it will shine with the same masterly grasp of stage craft shown when Mr. Savage gave "Parsifal" last season.

The repertory embraces a program of operas as gorgeous in their lyric, dramatic and scenic features as any offered by the Metropolitan in New York. Verdi's noble "Aida" will certainly attract a brilliant audience. Wagner's "Lohengrin" and "Tannhauser," with their world-famed music numbers; Verdi's thrilling "Rigoletto;" Wagner's spectacular music-drama, "The Valkyrie," and Gounod's "Faust," is the remarkable group to be rendered by Mr. Savage's company.

The personnel of the company will include the favorite artists of last season, together with a number of new singers to be heard here for the first time. Old friends of the organization will have the pleasure of listening to William Wegener, Joseph Sheehan, Winfred Goff, Arthur Beane, Gertrude Rennyson and Rita Newman. The new voices promise many vocal surprises. There will be Florence Easton's brilliant coloratura soprano, that for two seasons was the favorite voice during the Moody-Manners Covent Garden engagements; Margaret Crawford, the contralto who has been singing in Germany; Claude Albright, a tragnette mezzo as well as a gifted lyric artist; Madame Serena, a charming Roumanian prima donna, who comes with no less a recommendation than that of the great Polish tenor, Jean de Reszke; and Miss Millicent Brannan, a Canadian prima donna. Among the new male voices Francis Maclennan is most favorably known on account of his triumph in "Parsifal" last season. Others include Ottley Cranston and Robert Kent Parker, two superb bassos from the "Parsifal" company.

The advance sale already points to an audience that will fill the theater tonight, when the curtain rises on the production of "The Valkyrie."

Believe Grogan is Clever Thief.

William Grogan, a negro, arrested in Beaston avenue on Saturday night, was identified at No. 3 police station yesterday as a man who stole a gold watch and chain valued at $35 from a flat at 48 Logan street last Wednesday. Inspector Robinson believes he is the man who has been committing all the burglaries in the East End lately. He was arrested on complaint of Esther Dye of Osay alley, who alleged he had drawn a revolver and threatened to shoot her because she refused to marry him.

Race War Leads to Dungeon.

William Love, a negro, and Grace Love, a white woman, of 1218 Hazel street; Mary Sharp, white, of 47 Poplar alley, and Guy Coiett, a negro, of Logan street, were arrested yesterday on a charge of disorderly conduct. It is alleged they were fighting at 1218 Hazel street and that they were all intoxicated.

BAD WEATHER MAKES POLAR BEARS GROUCHY

Sulk in Their Den from Morn to Night Awaiting the Coming of Winter's Blasts.

The polar bears at Highland park zoo were as grouchy yesterday as if they had sore heads. The half and half mixture of weather was the cause. Like tens of thousands of other Pittsburghers they stayed indoors all day, coming out only long enough in the morning for a plunge.

Warm or cold weather does not worry the polar animals, but they will not stand for too much rain. Ernest Trelow, manager of the zoo, says that ever since the rain began several days ago the polar bears have been in the dumps. The choicest morsels of food do not tempt them. They are for all the world like a man with the blues, and just about as good tempered. Even the cold wave bulletin issued yesterday did not make them sit up and take notice. Until the cold arrives they will keep indoors. They are like the rest of the animals, skeptical of weather predictions.

The animals at the zoo are now comfortably quartered inside. Sadi, the sun bear, was playful as a kitten yesterday and amused the few people who braved the raw blasts of Highland and journeyed to the zoo. During the week a raccoon was presented to the zoo by John C. McComb of Ninth street.

Crowds at Schenley park were small yesterday. The conservatory and art gallery and music hall drew well. The begonias at the conservatory are in full bloom now and at their best. The entire display is looking fresh and new, the ferns being especially fine.

WRITERS OF PROMINENCE CONTRIBUTE TO GAZETTE

Those Whose Names Are Literary Household Words Have Articles in Great Sunday Paper.

Some of the best writers of the day were contributors to yesterday's great number of The Gazette. Ian N. Clark, Fletcher Robinson, Kate Masterson, Ian Maclaren, Jennie Burroughs Grob and a host of others whose names are household words with literary people, and whose works ornament the shelves of all lovers of good reading, contributed their quota. In addition to giving to its readers all the news of the day The Sunday Gazette really comprised three complete magazines as well. There was enough good reading in The Sunday Gazette to keep the book-lover occupied through the long nights for weeks to come. And there was not a dull line in it. As for the news:

Moscow is the scene of a great incendiary fire and telegraphic communication with St. Petersburg is completely shut off.

Edward Dudley Kenna resigned the first vice presidency of the Acheson, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad because of the death of his favorite child. Political leaders are said to be in favor of forming a district out of Washington and Greene counties. Col. Mann testified that Justice Deuel is the owner of "Fads and Fancies." The President was a spectator at the football game between the Army and Navy, on Princeton grounds, the score resulting in a tie at six points. Congress convenes today with many new faces in the house. Mr. McClelland must explain his connection with insurance company scandal or lose his position. Shipping company's war on freight rates to Australia is at an end. Eugene Zimmerman is proud of the C. H. & D., but is busy with other projects. The Republican caucus renominated "Uncle" Joe Cannon for speaker of the house. The Democratic members selected John Sharp Williams as their leader.

Mgr. Diomede Falconio, head of the Catholic church in America, arrived in Pittsburgh to aid in dedicating a church and to be a guest of the Knights of Columbus. Andrew Carnegie is to assist in securing the consolidation of the various departments of the Western university. A resolution will be presented in councils instructing the mayor and Bigelow to enforce the franchise contract with the Allegheny County Light Company. Troubles in Russia have shut off the supply of ferro-manganese, and the steel industry may be seriously affected. Controller Brown gave expression to his opinion of the Allegheny administration and Mayor Wyman. Close connection with the Los Angeles limited at Chicago has brought Pittsburgh within 80 hours of the Pacific coast. Contributions to The Gazette fund for the relief of Russian sufferers brought the total up to $6,719. Judge Macfarlane modified the sentences imposed on disorderly women of Allegheny who paid fines and costs. Former Senator W. A. Magee is being importuned to stand for the Republican mayoralty nomination, but has not decided upon his course.

The Allegheny County Pool league will begin its season next Thursday. Association football teams played out their schedule in spite of the mud. Eight W. U. P. players declared they will leave the university if Mosse is retained as football coach. The Pittsburgh hockey team has been completed.

New York stocks opened weak and lower but subsequently recovered and closed with small net changes. The weekly bank statement was more unfavorable than expected, loans increasing $11,584,000, and surplus reserves decreasing $8,591,725. Pittsburgh stocks were moderately active and firmer. Wheat weakened on the strength of English grain statistics.

GOD'S HOUSE SHOULD NOT BE PUT TO SECULAR USES

The Rev. D. S. Kennedy Holds It Is Intended Solely for a Place to Worship and Praise God.

"When we turn the house of God into a time and place of entertainment, we are misappropriating it. Men go to the theater, the concert hall, the lecture room and elsewhere for entertainment. When they go to the house of God it is for something that these other places cannot give. No matter how successful the entertainment may be, though it throng the house, it robs God of His rights and man of his rights, and turns the company into a den of thieves."

This was one of the statements in a sermon preached yesterday by the Rev. Dr. D. S. Kennedy at the First Presbyterian church, Arch street, Allegheny, who took for his subject "The Appropriation and Misappropriation of God's House." His text was from Mark xi:17, "My house shall be called a house of prayer for all nations, but ye have made it a den of thieves."

Dr. Kennedy took the stand that the house of God is to be kept as a place of worship and communion with God, that it should be a place for the edification of men. He said that the presence and praises of little children is an appropriate part of the house of God.

In contrast, showing the misappropriation of the house of God, Dr. Kennedy said:

"This consists in devoting the house to a purpose contrary to that which God has appointed. God designs to meet man for the purpose of communion in praise to God and blessing to man. The Jews put in place of this the interchandise and banking. Trade and exchange instead of praise and blessing. They thereby robbed God and man of their highest privileges and most sacred rights.

Then followed the paragraph quoted at the beginning. Mr. Kennedy adding that "Whenever we appropriate the house of God to a special class, it is a misappropriation. We have heard of rich men's churches and poor men's churches, railroad men's churches and workingmen's churches. But before God there is no difference. When we appear in His house it is not as rich or poor, learned or unlearned, nor Jew or Gentile, not as workingmen or capitalist, but as man before His Maker, friend and Redeemer. Whenever we appropriate the rights of all to a few we are robbers."

Grand Opera Week in Millinery

Special showing of hats made particularly for the Grand Opera.

There are French Pattern Hats. All the latest effects in Irish Laces and soft French Felts. Pastel Tints. Flowers and Tinsels.

All ready for delivery. See the window display.

Orders executed within 24 hours.

And Furs

Ermine, White Fox and Chinchilla will be the Grand Opera Furs. Most worthy conceptions in these at this store. Prime, personally selected skins, correctly made by experts of highest skill.

All-white fur hats to match.

Ladies' fur-lined Storm Coats.

J. G. BENNETT & CO.

New Stores,

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Have you noticed a difficulty in breathing—short, quick breath—when you are walking, going up stairs, singing, or are angry or excited? You may not think what this means, but doctors will tell you it means weak heart action.

Take Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure at once. It will strengthen and build up the weakened nerves and muscles of the heart, and makes it strong and healthy.

This is one way—the right way.

Neglect it a little while, and you will then notice Fluttering, Palpitation, Dizziness, Fainting Spells, Pain in region of heart, side and shoulders.

It is the other way—the wrong way.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

is a safe, sure remedy for the cure of Heart Disease, as thousands testify.

"I had enlargement of the heart. The doctors said I could live but a short time. I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure which restored me to perfect health."

A. M. BASSETT, Wellington, Ohio.

The first bottle will benefit, if not, the druggist will return your money.

HAIR HEALTH Warranted to Renew youthful color and beauty to GRAY HAIR. The only Way's Hair Health. Most satisfactory Hair grow dressing. Stops dandruff, hair falling and scalp diseases. Covers BALD spots. Don't stain skin or linen. Large 50 Cent Bottles, at leading druggists.

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THE BIG ALLEGHENY STORE.

Bear it in mind when you want Furniture or Carpets.

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You must have had 60 at least! What? Only 40? Then it must be your gray hair. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops these frequent birthdays. It gives all the early, deep, rich color to gray hair, checks falling hair, and keeps the scalp healthy. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"I am well acquainted with Ayer's Hair Vigor and I like it very much. I would especially recommend it as an excellent dressing for the hair, keeping it soft and smooth, and preventing the hair from splitting at the ends."—MINNIE FRITZ, Veedum, Mich.

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Now on sale in the China and Bric-a-brac Department.

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"Ignito" Outfits, $1.25.
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Wool Waist and Dress Patterns
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A winter resort not at all like the old ones you have previously visited with increased temporary comfort but no permanent betterment! No, not like those! But a winter resort which, by deluging you with bright sunshine and **dry** air, keeps you so constantly astir that at the end of two or three weeks you have increased in weight, increased in strength, increased in chest measurement—increased in the things that govern health and business capacity.

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1873

Trustee's Foreclosure Sale!

of the real estate, rights and corporate franchises of the

Pittsburgh & New Orleans Coal Co,

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Court of Common Pleas No. 2 of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at No. 452, October term, 1905, in equity, made the 13th day of November, 1905, the Safe Deposit and Trust Company, of Pittsburgh, trustee under the mortgage made by the Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company to secure the holders of its bonds, which said mortgage is of record in the Recorder's Office in and for the county of Allegheny in Mortgage Book, Vol. 317, page 46, will sell

At Public Sale

—In the—

Rotunda of the Court House,

—In the—

City of Pittsburgh,

—On the—

16th Day of December, 1905,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

all the following described property.

1. All the coal underlying the farm of Philip H. Stevenson, known as the "Newell Farm," and situate in Moon township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone; thence by lands of Stevenson heirs S. 92¾ degrees W. 22.6 per. to a white oak; thence S. 4½ degrees W. 76.9 per. to a stone; thence S. 85½ degrees W. 30 1-11 per. to a stone; thence S. 4½ degrees W. 51.4 per. to a stone; thence by lands of Levi Stevenson S. 88 degrees W. 148 per. to a stone; thence by lands of Mrs. Gaunce N. 5½ degrees E. 275 per. to a stone near a run, and thence by lands of Robert McBride S. 85¾ degrees E. 216.1 per. to the place of beginning, containing two hundred and thirty acres, two roods and eighteen perches, strict measure.

Excepting and reserving, however, the coal underlying so much of said farm as lies southeast of the Hookstown road, and supposed to be about one and one-half acres of coal.

Together with the free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said farm at such points and in such manner as may be most proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining and carrying away said coal conveyed to said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company, with privilege of carrying and removing through or over said premises other coal belonging to said company, its successors or assigns, at any time, and to construct and maintain through or over said coal or premises suitable railroads for any of the before mentioned purposes.

2. All that certain tract or piece of land situate in the Township of Findley, County and State aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post adjoining lands of John McCallister; thence by lands of William A. Sprinker S. 22 degrees, 30 minutes W. 800 feet to a post; thence by same S. 22 degrees W. 500 feet to a post; thence by same S. 24 degrees 30 minutes W. 926 feet to a post; thence by same S. 26 degrees 44 minutes W. 760 feet to a post; thence by same S. 22 degrees 30 minutes W. 294 feet to the line of land of Harper heirs; thence by last mentioned line N. 73 degrees 40 minutes W. 680 feet to a post; thence by land of John Ferguson and Mrs. A. Onstott N. 73 degrees 50 minutes W. 1,418 feet to a white oak on line of William C. Giffin; thence by said Giffin line N. 11 degrees 23 minutes E. 2,865 feet to a post; thence by lands of John McCallister S. 62 degrees 14 minutes E. 969 feet to a post; thence by same S. 62 degrees 32 minutes E. 200 feet to a post; thence by same S. 62 degrees 56 minutes E. 300 feet to a post; thence by the same S. 64 degrees 6 minutes E. 1,100 feet to a post, and thence by the same S. 78 degrees 2 minutes E. 185 feet to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and twenty-nine and twenty-six hundredths acres.

Excepting and reserving therefrom that portion thereof conveyed to William Giffin by deed of Joseph B. Williams and wife, dated December 28th, A. D. 1865, containing about 23 acres.

3. All the coal underlying that certain tract of land situate in Findley township, county and state aforesaid, said coal being bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the line dividing the land of Willis m Giffin and what is known as the "Harper Farm," at the distance of 340 feet from the corner on the line of the "Onstott Farm;" thence by said division line north 10 degrees 30 minutes east 692 feet; thence north 38 degrees 26 minutes west 52.3 feet; thence north 16 degrees 26 minutes east 85 feet; thence north 28 degrees 11 minutes east 241.2 feet; thence north 10 degrees 50 minutes east 198 feet; thence north 89 degrees 04 minutes west 46 feet; thence south 75 degrees 46 minutes west 146 feet; thence south 61 degrees 18 minutes west 146 feet; thence south 55 degrees 08 minutes west 230 feet; thence north 15 degrees 02 minutes west 254 feet; thence north 26 degrees 53 minutes west 153.9 feet; thence south 11 degrees 25 minutes west 521 feet; thence north 82 degrees 30 minutes east 148.5 feet; thence south 11 degrees 44 minutes west 114.4 feet, thence south 42 degrees 45 minutes east 165.4 feet; thence south 18 degrees 52 minutes west 148.2 feet; thence south 14 degrees 49 minutes west 241.2 feet; thence south 45 degrees 02 minutes west 170 feet; thence south 51 degrees 44 minutes west 326 feet; thence south 75 degrees 09 minutes east 265 feet; thence north 36 degrees 15 minutes east 183 feet; thence north 16 degrees 29 minutes east 196 feet; thence south 88 degrees 37 minutes east 118.5 feet; thence south 52 degrees 39 minutes east 150.6 feet to the place of beginning, containing 17.9 acres.

Together with all the rights and privileges that may be deemed necessary by the said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Co., their heirs and assigns, for the purpose of mining, draining, ventilating and taking away said coal.

4. All that certain tract of coal having 28 feet of covering over it in and under that certain tract of land situate in Findley township, county and state aforesaid, being the farm adjoining Clinton, and which is called the "Old Peter Teel" farm, containing 114 acres, the said coal underlying said farm being bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point 5.32 perches from the west end of the line running between the lands of John Twyford and the above mentioned "Peter Teel" farm, and running south 88 degrees west; thence by the crop line of said coal south 57 degrees 29 minutes west 4.66 per. to a point; thence south 15 degrees 45 minutes west 20.86 per. to a point; south 47 degrees 20 minutes west 11.72 per. to a point; south 37 degrees 10 minutes west 13.4 per. to a point; north 51 degrees 45 minutes west 9.4 per. to a point; north 61¾ degrees west 10.48 per. to a point; south 83 degrees 40 minutes west 20.68 per. to a point; thence south 63 degrees 15 minutes west 7.18 per. to a point; thence south 46 degrees 40 minutes west 8.50 per. to a point; south 13 degrees 10 minutes west 22.28 per. to a point, south 27 degrees 45 minutes west 16.40 per. to a point; thence north 81 degrees 20 minutes west 12.94 per. to a point, north 15 degrees west 7.60 per. to a point, north 63 degrees 40 minutes west 12.53 per. to a point; thence north 38 degrees west 26.65 per. to a point; thence north 11 degrees 40 minutes west 19.50 per. to a post, north 2 degrees 10 minutes east 16.40 per. to a point, north 6 degrees 25 minutes east 16.56 per. to a point, north 20 degrees east 4.44 per. to a point, north 6 degrees 40 minutes west 14.90 per. to a point, north 28 degrees 15 minutes west 14.96 per. to a point, south 86 degrees 10 minutes west 7.30 per. to a point, south 50 degrees 50 minutes west 12.20 per. to a point, south 36 degrees 10 minutes west 10.80 per. to a point on boundary line near Bigham's corner; thence by said boundary line south 24 degrees west 26.20 per. to a point, south 68 degrees 20 minutes east 9.86 per. to a point, south 13 degrees 20 minutes west 16.92 per. to a point, south 8 degrees 15 minutes west 16.58 per. to a point at or near a public road; thence by said road south 28 degrees 45 minutes east 8.90 per. to a point; thence north 50 degrees 15 minutes east 4 per. to a point, south 39 degrees 45 minutes east 4 per. to a point, south 50 degrees 15 minutes west 4 per. to a point, south 39 degrees 45 minutes east 78 per. to a point; thence by land of John Twyford south 52 degrees 15 minutes east 56 per. to a point; thence by Twyford's lands north 77 degrees east 82 per. to a point, south 78 degrees 25 minutes east 10 per. to a point, north 5 degrees east 48.76 per. to a point, north 87 degrees 15 minutes west 5.82 per. to a point at the place of beginning, containing 22 acres and 132 perches.

5. All the coal underlying the following described tract of land situate in Findley township, county and State aforesaid, and having 28 feet of covering on it, to-wit: Beginning at a hickory on the Pittsburgh and Clinton grade road; thence south 41 degrees east 12.5 per. to a post; thence south 65¾ degrees east 27 per. to a post; thence north 73¾ degrees east 8 per. to a post; thence south 85½ degrees east 13 per. to a post; thence by land of John Twyford south 5 degrees east 25 per. and 12 links to a stone; thence south 14¾ degrees east 87 per. and 18 links to a post; thence by land of S. Burns south 46¼ degrees west 27 per. and 14 links to a post; thence by land of John Stevenson north 84 degrees west 68 1-10 per. to a post; thence north 9½ degrees west 68 per. to a post; thence north 6¼ degrees west 28 per. to a post, and thence north 4½ degrees east 37.4 per. to a hickory, the place of beginning, containing of surface 51 acres and 40 81-100 perches; of coal 32 acres and 18-100 of an acre.

Together with the full and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said land at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company, its successors and assigns, or which it may hereafter acquire.

6. All the coal underlying the following described piece of land and having 28 feet of covering on it, situate in Findley township, County and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a post in the center of the Clinton and Valley Church road, on the line of land of J. S. Burns; thence by land of Samuel McCullough south 65 degrees west 51.2 perches; thence by land of same north 25 degrees west 48 perches to a post on the line of Adam McCullough; thence by last mentioned line south 88 degrees east 84 perches to the Clinton road; thence along said road south 3 degrees east 9½ perches to a post in the center of road, and thence along the same south 40 degrees east 3¼ perches to the place of beginning, containing 10 acres.

Together with free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under such land at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company, its successors and assigns, or which it may hereafter acquire.

7. All the coal that has 28 feet of covering on it in and under all that certain tract of land situate in Findley township, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at corner on or near Valley Church road; thence south 40 degrees east 21 perches to a post; thence south 71 degrees east 13 perches to a post; thence south 9 degrees east 30.2 perches to a post; thence south 27½ degrees east 29 perches to a post; thence by land of Thomas Burns south 40 degrees west 78.84 perches; thence by land of George Burns north 42 degrees west 53 perches; thence north 29 degrees east 53 perches; thence north 43 degrees west 92.9 perches; thence by land of Philip Wyke north 47 degrees east 37 perches; thence by land of John L. Stevenson south 25 degrees east 45 perches, and thence north 65 degrees east 51.9 perches to the place of beginning, containing 80 acres 95 perches of surface, 18 acres and 74 perches of "cut outs," and 37 acres and 21 perches of coal.

Together with free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said land at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said the Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company, its successors and assigns, or which it may hereafter acquire.

8. All the coal having 28 feet of covering on it in the following described piece or tract of land, situate in Findley township, County and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stump; thence by land of Samuel McCullough south 49 degrees west 78.44 perches to a post; thence by land of George Burns south 43 degrees east 79.9 perches to a post; thence south 54 degrees west 58.7 perches to a white oak; thence by lands of other persons south 34 degrees west 56.4 perches to white oak; thence south 81½ degrees west 81.7 perches to a white oak; thence south 49¾ degrees east 202.3 perches to a post; thence north 0½ degrees east 140.2 perches to a post, thence north 34½ degrees west 47.7 perches to white oak; thence north 53 degrees east 113 perches to a hickory; thence 12¼ perches to a post on road; thence south 40 degrees east 227 feet to a post; thence north 53 degrees east 31 perches to a post, thence north 87 degrees west 100 perches to a post; thence north 38 degrees west 12.5 perches to a post; thence south 76 degrees west 14 perches to a post; and thence north 82½ degrees west 70.45 perches to a stump the place of beginning, containing of surface 251 acres and 53 perches, of "cut outs" 78 acres and 7 perches, area of coal land with 25 feet of covering on it 213 acres 46 perches.

Together with free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said land at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company, its successors and assigns, or which it may hereafter acquire.

9. All the right, title and dower interest of Susan Burns of, into and out of any and all the above tracts of land, being the same conveyed to said company by deed of Joseph B. Williams et ux., dated January 2, 1884, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 477, page 324.

And also all the coal underlying that certain tract or parcel of land situated in Findley township, Allegheny County, State of Pennsylvania, said coal being bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point in the line between the Onstott and Harper farms; thence south twenty-six degrees and fifty minutes west (S. 26 degrees 50 minutes W.) two hundred and twenty-seven and five-tenths feet (227.5 feet); thence south ten degrees and twenty-three minutes east (S. 10 degrees 23 minutes E.) two hundred and twenty-one feet (221 feet); thence south fifty degrees and forty-five minutes west (S. 50 degrees 45 minutes W.) two hundred and fifty-three feet (253 feet); thence south twenty-six degrees and fifty-five minutes west (S. 26 degrees 55 minutes W.) two hundred and twenty-one feet (221 feet); thence south forty degrees and fifteen minutes east (S. 40 degrees 15 minutes E.) eighty-two and five-tenths feet (82.5 feet); thence south eighty-five degrees (thirty-five minutes east (S. 85 degrees 35 minutes E.) two hundred and forty-four and five-tenths feet (244.5 feet); thence south seventeen degrees and forty-nine minutes east (S. 17 degrees 49 minutes E.) one hundred and thirty-two feet (132 feet); thence south fourteen degrees and thirty-seven minutes west (S. 14 degrees 37 minutes W.) two hundred and ninety-one feet (291 feet); thence south twenty-nine degrees and thirty-nine minutes east (S. 29 degrees 39 minutes E.) two hundred and forty feet (240 feet) to Ferguson's line, thence along said line north sixteen degrees and forty-nine minutes east (N. 16 degrees 49 minutes E.) one hundred and eighty-nine and three-tenths feet (189.3 feet); thence along said land north seventy-four degrees and fifty-four minutes west (N. 74 degrees 54 minutes W.) five hundred and five (505) feet to place of beginning, containing twelve and seventeen-hundredths acres (12.17 A.), being the same that was conveyed to W. R. Kirkpatrick by William Onstott et ux., by deed dated August 1, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 480, page 206, and to the said company by deed dated January 1, 1884, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 488, page 156.

Together with all and singular the improvements, ways, waters, water-courses, rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining, and the reversions and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof; and all the estate, right, title, interest property, claim and demand whatsoever of the said parties of the first part in law, equity or otherwise howsoever of, in and to the same and every part thereof.

Together with all the corporate rights and franchises and personal property of said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company.

TERMS OF SALE:

The purchaser shall at the time the property is sold to him pay to the trustee ten per cent of his bid, and the balance upon confirmation of the sale by the Court.

Reference may be had to the said decree for the terms upon which the said bonds of the Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company may be used in payment of any accepted bid.

For any further information that may be desired, inquiry may be made to the undersigned.

The Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Pittsburgh,
Trustee,
Corner of Wood Street and Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., or to

Patterson, Sterrett & Acheson,
1228 Frick Building,
and
Charles W. Jones,
315 Frick Building,
Attorneys.